

Washington, Friday, October 4, 1946

Regulations

TITLE 5—ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

Chapter I-Civil Service Commission

PART 26—REGULATIONS UNDER THE FED-ERAL EMPLOYEES PAY ACT OF 1945 AS AMENDED BY THE FEDERAL EMPLOYEES PAY ACT OF 1946

CREDITED SERVICE

Paragraph (g) is added to § 26.231 Service to be credited (11 F. R. 7397, 9547) as follows:

(g) In the case of an employee whose name appeared on a list of eligibles between May 1, 1940 and March 16, 1942, and who, after meeting necessary conditions, received probational appointment under the provisions of any Executive order or regulations of the Commission covering situations in which an eligible lost his opportunity for probational appointment because of military service in World War II, time elapsing since the earliest date on which an eligible standing lower on the same list of eligibles received a probational appointment therefrom.

[SEAL] UNITED STATES CIVIL SERV-ICE COMMISSION. H. B. MITCHELL, President.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17855; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]

TITLE 7-AGRICULTURE

Subtitle A—Office of Secretary of Agriculture

PART 7—PRICE DECONTROL AND RECONTROL CERTIFICATION OF AGRICULTURAL COMMOD-ITIES IN SHORT SUPPLY

§ 7.50 Certification of agricultural commodities in short supply. Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as

amended, and particularly by section 1A (e) (1) of said act as added by the Price Control Extension Act of 1946, I hereby certify to the Price Administrator that modifications in the certification of commodities in short supply, made on September 1, 1946 (11 F. R. 9669), should be, and the same hereby are, made as follows:

The following commodities are determined to be no longer in short supply:

Oat cereals.

Canned corn.

Canned fruits, canned fruit juices, and canned fruit nectars.

Fresh and frozen salmon.

Wet and pressed sugar beet pulp.

The following distilled spirits as defined in the Maximum Price Regulation 445 of the Office of Price Administration:

the Office of Price Administration: Rum (Beverages and denatured), cordials, liqueurs and specialties.

(Pub. Law 548, 79th Cong.)

Done this 30th day of September 1946.

[SEAL] N. E. Dodd, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17851; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

TITLE 10-ARMY: WAR DEPARTMENT

Chapter III-Claims and Accounts

PART 306—CLAIMS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES

TRANSPORTATION CORPS

Amend § 306.44 (b) (1) to read as follows:

§ 306.44 Marine casualties; claims.

(b) Definitions. * * *

(1) Army vessel. Any vessel owned by, or bareboat chartered, sub-bareboat chartered or allocated on a bareboat basis to the War Department or the Army and under the jurisdiction of the Transportation Corps. Vessels operated by

¹10 F. R. 7444, 8241, 9395, 9626, 10224, 11515, 11906, 12262, 12263, 13717, 14027, 14506, 14965, 15268; 11 F. R. 845, 1155, 1849, 3414, 6016, 9696.

(Continued on p. 11351)

CONTENTS

REGULATIONS AND NOTIC	FC
AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT:	Page
Price decontrol and recontrol; certification of agricultural	
commodities in short sup-	
ply	11349
CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD:	11010
Airplane airworthiness; fire pre-	
vention in air carrier air-	
craft (2 documents)_ 11351,	11353
Nonscheduled air carrier certifi-	
cation and operation rules;	
fire prevention in air carrier	
aircraft	11354
Scheduled air carrier operations	
outside continental limits	
of U. S., certification and	
operation rules; fire preven-	*****
tion in air carrier aircraft.	11353
Scheduled air carrier rules; fire	
prevention in air carrier	11051
aircraft	11354
CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION:	11040
Credited service	11349
CIVILIAN PRODUCTION ADMINISTRA-	
TION:	
Fiber and cordage, manila	11000
(abaca) and fiber (M-84)_	
Lead (M-38)	11368
Organization and delegation of	
authority; general descrip-	
tion (Corr.)	11371
Plywood, softwood (L-358; PR	
33, Revocation of Dir. 1A)	*****
(2 documents) 11368	, 11371
CUSTOMS BUREAU:	

Appraisement; special instruction on examination of merchandise______ 11355 Vessels in foreign and domestic

trades; waiver of coastwise laws______ 11355

DEFENSE TRANSPORTATION, OFFICE OF:

Rail equipment, conservation; shipments of new fresh harvested carrots______11382 Exception______11382

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION:

Tennessee Gas and Transportation Co., hearing_____ 11382

11349



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CONTENTS-Continued

T	- 20
FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION:	Page
Antibiotic drugs, tests and	
methods of assay; stability	
of crystalline sodium peni-	
cillin	11255
Canned peas, definition and	11000
standard of identity; pro-	
	11000
posed amendments	11383
Penicillin-containing drugs,	
certification of batches;	
miscellaneous amendments_	11356
INTERNATIONAL TRADE, OFFICE OF:	
Licenses:	
Consolidated, for exportation	
of certain chemicals and	
coated fabrics	11960
Export, extension of validity_	11200
Prohibited apportations (4 d	11301
Prohibited exportations (4 doc-	
uments)	11367
Interstate Commerce Commission:	
Car service:	
Demurrage charges on gon-	
dola, open and covered	
	11381
Grain traffic, movement un-	E THE STATE
der permit; appointment	
of agent	11382

CONTENTS—Continued	CONTENTS—Continued
NATIONAL WAGE STABILIZATION Page BOARD:	PRICE ADMINISTRATION, OFFICE OF Page
Area wage rates; building and	Continued. Regional and district office or-
construction industry 11356 PRICE ADMINISTRATION, OFFICE OF:	ders—Continued. Plumbing materials and
Adjustments and pricing orders:	equipment, Montana 11436
All-Lite Metal Window Co 11391 Artkraft Mfg. Co 11388	Services and sales, Pacific Coast 11439
Bastian-Morley Co., Inc. (2	Screen cloth, builders hardware
documents) 11388 Brazil Clay Co 11392	and insect (RPS 40, Am. 11) 11375
Budbuilt Mfg. Co 11387 Chapman Mfg. Co 11390	Slaughter, livestock (Control Order 2, Am. 5) 11378
Coleman Co., Inc 11389	SECURITY AND EXCHANGE COMMIS-
D & E Lamp Co 11385 Finke, Helen, Inc 11387	Boston Metal Investors, Inc.,
Flexnit Co., Inc 11393 Heath, H. L., Construction and	hearing 11383
Marine Co 11390	WAR ASSETS ADMINISTRATION: Pricing and distribution policy:
Marshall Field & Co 11384 Phoenix Lamps, Inc 11386	Consumer goods 11381
Redman Trailer Co 11395	Production materials and equipment 11381
Sterling Motor Truck Co., Inc. 11394 Thermo Products Inc 11389	WAR DEPARTMENT:
Tomajko, Edward, et al. (2	Claims against U. S.; Transportation Corps 11349
documents)11385 Coal, bituminous, District 3	CODIFICATION GUIDE
(MPR 120, Am. 4 to Order 1290) 11383	A numerical list of the parts of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents
Fabrics, woolen and worsted	published in this issue.
civilian apparel (MPR 163, Am. 23) 11379	TITLE 5—Administrative Person- Page Nel:
Farm equipment (MPR 246, Am. 20) 11375	Chapter I—Civil Service Com-
Kapok (RPS 59, Revocation) 11375	mission: Part 26—Regulations under
Leather, domestic, produced from imported raw stock	Federal Employees Pay
(MPR 61, Am. 1 to Order	Act, 1945, as amended by Federal Employees Pay
Lumber, northeastern softwood	Act, 1946 11349 TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE:
(3d Rev. MPR 219, Am. 4) 11376 Poles and piling, western (MPR	Subtitle A—Office of the Secre-
555, Am. 5) 11380	Part 7—Price decontrol and
Regional and district office or- ders:	recontrol 11349
Blocks, concrete, northwest- ern Ohio area 11402	TITLE 10—ARMY: WAR DEPARTMENT: Chapter III—Claims and ac-
Building materials:	counts: -Part 306 — Claims against
Billings, Mont., area 11398 Boulder County, Colo., area_ 11395	U. S 11349
Buchanan County, Mo 11432 Clay and Jackson Counties.	TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION: Chapter I—Civil Aeronautics
Mo., and Johnson and	Board: Part 04—Airplane airworthi-
Wyandotte Counties, Kans 11408	ness (2 documents) 11351,
Great Falls, Mont., area 11401	Part 41—Certification and
Greene County, Mo 11408 Helena, Mont., area 11397	operation rules for sched- uled air carrier opera-
Jasper County, Mo 11432 Joplin, Mo 11433	tions outside continental
Kansas City, Mo., district 11434	U. S 11353 Part 42—Nonscheduled air
Miami, Fla., district (3 doc- uments) 11405, 11434, 11440	carrier certification and
Northern Missouri 11433 Pettis County, Mo 11433	operation rules 11354 Part 61—Scheduled air car-
Phillips, Sedgwick, Wash-	rier rules 11354 Title 19—Customs Duties:
ington, and Yuma Counties, Colo., area 11399	Chapter I—Bureau of Customs:
Webb County, Tex 11406	Part 4—Vessels in foreign and domestic trades 11355
Fuels, solid, Fulton and De Kalb Counties, Ga 11431	Part 14—Appraisement 11355 TITLE 21—FOOD AND DRUGS:
Lumber, southern shortleaf yellow pine:	Chapter I—Food and Drug Ad-
Pittsburgh, Pa., district 11425	ministration: Part 141—Tests and methods
Scranton, Pa., district 11418 Syracuse, N. Y., district 11409	of assay for antibiotic
Parking services, automobile:	Part 146—Certification of
Dallas, Tex., area 11405 Houston, Tex., district 11407	batches of penicillin-con- taining drugs 11356
	2,000

4, 1946
CONTENTS—Continued
PRICE ADMINISTRATION, OFFICE OF— Page Continued.
Regional and district office or-
ders—Continued. Plumbing materials and
equipment, Montana 11436 Services and sales, Pacific
Coast 11439 Screen cloth, builders hardware
and insect (RPS 40, Am.
Slaughter, livestock (Control
Order 2, Am. 5) 11378 SECURITY AND EXCHANGE COMMIS-
Boston Metal Investors, Inc.,
hearing 11383 WAR ASSETS ADMINISTRATION:
Pricing and distribution policy:
Consumer goods 11381 Production materials and
equipment 11381 WAR DEPARTMENT:
Claims against U. S.; Transportation Corps 11349
CODIFICATION GUIDE
A numerical list of the parts of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in this issue,
TITLE 5—ADMINISTRATIVE PERSON- Page
NEL: Chapter I—Civil Service Com-
mission: Part 26—Regulations under
Federal Employees Pay Act, 1945, as amended by
Federal Employees Pay
Act, 1946 11349 Title 7—Agriculture:
Subtitle A—Office of the Secretary:
Part 7—Price decontrol and recontrol 11349
TITLE 10—ARMY: WAR DEPARTMENT: Chapter III—Claims and ac-
counts:
Part 306 — Claims against U. S 11349
TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION: Chapter I—Civil Aeronautics
Board: Part 04—Airplane airworthi-
ness (2 documents) 11351,
Part 41—Certification and
anountion with the last
operation rules for sched- uled air carrier opera-
operation rules for sched- uled air carrier opera- tions outside continental U. S
operation rules for sched- uled air carrier opera- tions outside continental

CODIFICATION GUIDE-Continued

TITLE 29-LABOR: Chapter VI - National Wage Stabilization Board: Part 807-Wage Adjustment Board area wage rates_ 11356
Title 32—National Defense: Chapter VIII-Office of Inter-. 11367 national Trade ____ Part 801—General regulations _ 11367 (4 documents) ____ Part 824—Consolidated license for exportation of certain chemicals and coated 11368 fabrics__ Chapter IX-Civilian Production Administration: Note: Regulations and orders appearing under this chapter are listed only in the Table of Con-

tents, supra.

Chapter XI—Office of Price Administration:

Note: Regulations and orders appearing under this chapter are listed only in the Table of Contents, supra.

production equipment___ 11381
TITLE 49 — TRANSPORTATION AND
RAILROADS:

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission:

Part 95—Car service (2 documents) _____ 11381, 11382

Chapter II—Office of Defense
Transportation:

Part 500—Conservation of rail equipment ______ 11382 Part 520—Conservation of rail

equipment; exceptions, permits, and special directions _____ 11382

the Army Air Forces, the Army Ground Forces, or any of the administrative or technical staffs or services of the army other than the Transportation Corps are not included.

(31 U. S. C. Supp. 223b) [AR 55-500, 3 July 1943 as amended by W. D. Cir. 219, 20 July 1946]

SEAL]

EDWARD F. WITSELL,

Major General The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17852; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

TITLE 14-CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter I-Civil Aeronautics Board

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 04-1]

PART 04 — AIRPLANE AIRWORTHINESS; TRANSPORT CATEGORIES

FIRE PREVENTION IN AIR CARRIER AIRCRAFT

Amendment 04-1, Civil Air Regulations of Part 04 as promulgated on November 9, 1945.

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 20th day of September 1946.

A study of air carrier aircraft accidents in which fires have been one of the causes shows that there is a need for a change in the airworthiness requirements with respect to transport category airplanes. The investigation shows that the changes needed are not confined to any particular component of the airplane but extend to all parts of the airplane which may create a fire hazard. The requirements hereinafter set forth are intended to aid in preventing any fire from starting, to detect at the outset any fire which has started, to prevent the spread of any fire, and to extinguish any fire.

It appearing to the Board that fire prevention regulations have been under consideration for several months; that proposed regulations were circulated in February and April of this year to the manufacturers of aircraft and to the air carrier operators; that many detailed discussions have been held with the representatives of the aircraft manufacturers and the air carrier operators; that in view of the foregoing sufficient public procedure has been afforded with regard to such rules and further notice or public procedure would serve no useful purpose; and that any further proceedings would serve only to delay the regulations which it is in the public interest to adopt at this

The Civil Aeronautics Board finds that the notice and public procedure provided for in section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary with respect to the Civil Air Regulations hereinafter set forth...

Now, therefore, effective November 1, 1946, Part 04 of the Civil Air Regulations is amended as follows:

1. By adding the following to § 04.00: "All aircraft certificated under the transport category, the manufacture of which is completed after September 30, 1947, shall comply with the following sections of this part: §§ 04.075, 04.38210, 04.38230, 04.3824, 04.38251, 04.38252, 04.4113, 04.4211, 04.4231 (c), 04.425 through 04.4251, 04.4320, 04.4321, 04.433, 04.434, 04.441 and 04.470 through 04.472, 04.49 through 04.4902, 04.491 (a) and (c), and 04.4910 through 04.493."

2. By adding a new § 04.075 to read as follows:

§ 04.075 Susceptibility of materials to fire. Where necessary for the purpose of determining compliance with any of the following definitions, the Administrator shall prescribe the heat conditions and testing procedures which any specific material or individual part must meet.

(a) Fireproof. "Fireproof" material means a material which will withstand heat equally well or better than steel in dimensions appropriate for the purpose for which it is to be used. When applied to material and parts used to confine fires in designated fire zones "fireproof" means that the material or part will perform this function under the most severe conditions of fire and duration likely to occur in such zones.

(b) Fire-resistant. When applied to sheet or structural members, "fire-re-

sistant" material shall mean a material which will withstand heat equally well or better than aluminum alloy in dimensions appropriate for the purpose for which it is to be used. When applied to fluid-carrying lines, this term refers to a line and fitting assembly which will perform its intended protective functions under the heat and other conditions likely to occur at the particular location.

(c) Flame-resistant. "Flame-resistant" material means material which will not support combustion to the point of propagating, beyond safe limits, a flame after removal of the ignition source.

(d) Flash-resistant. "Flash - resist-

(d) Flash-resistant. "Flash - resistant" material means material which will not burn violently when ignited.

(e) Inflammable. "Inflammable" fluids or gases mean those which will ignite readily or explode.

3. By adding a new § 04.38210 to read as follows:

§ 04.38210 Internal doors. Where internal doors are equipped with louvres or other ventilating means, provision convenient to the crew shall be made for closing the flow of air through the door when such action is found necessary.

4. By adding to § 04.38230 the following:

Where partitions between compartments are equipped with louvres or other means allowing air to flow between such compartments, provision convenient to the crew shall be made for closing the flow of air through the louvres or other means when such action is found necessary.

5. By deleting §§ 04.3824, 04.38240, and 04.3825, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

§ 04.3824 Cabin interiors. All compartments occupied or used by the crew or passengers shall comply with the following provisions:

(a) Materials shall in no case be less than flash-resistant.

(b) The wall and ceiling linings, the covering of all upholstering, floors, and furnishings shall be flame-resistant.

(c) Compartments where smoking is to be permitted shall be equipped with ash trays of the self-contained type which are completely removable. All other compartments shall be placarded against smoking.

(d) All receptacles for used towels, papers, and waste shall be of fire-resistant material, and shall incorporate covers or other provisions for containing possible fires started in the receptacles.

§ 04.3825 Cargo and baggage compartments.

§ 04.38250 General. Each cargo and baggage compartment shall be designed for the placarded maximum weight of contents and critical load distributions at the appropriate maximum load factors corresponding to all specified flight and ground load conditions, excluding the emergency landing conditions of § 04.26. Provisions shall be made to prevent the contents of such compartments from becoming a hazard by shifting under these loads. The provisions also shall be adequate to protect the passen-

gers and crew from injury by the contents of any compartment when the ultimate inertia force acting forward is 6 g.

§ 04.38251 Fire § 04.38251 Fire precautions. Each compartment shall be designed so that. when used for the purpose of storing cargo or baggage, it shall comply with all the requirements prescribed for cargo or baggage compartments. It shall in-clude no controls, wiring, lines, equipment, or accessories, the damage or failure of which would affect the safe operation of the airplane, unless such item is adequately shielded, isolated, or otherwise protected so that it cannot be damaged by movement of cargo in the compartment, and so that any breakage or failure of such item would not create a fire hazard in the compartment. Provisions shall be made to prevent cargo or baggage from interfering with the functioning of the fire-protective features of the compartment. All materials used in the construction of cargo or baggage compartments, including tiedown equipment, shall be flame-resistant or better.

In addition, all cargo and baggage compartments shall include provisions for safeguarding against fires according to the following classifications:

(a) Cargo and baggage compartments shall be classified in the "A" category, if presence of a possible fire therein can be readily discernible to a member of the crew while at his station, and if all parts of the compartment are easily accessible in flight. A hand fire extinguisher shall be available for such compartment.

(b) Cargo and baggage compartments shall be classified in the "B" category; if sufficient access is provided while in flight to enable a member of the crew to move by hand all contents and to reach effectively all parts of the compartment with a hand fire extinguisher. Furthermore, the design of the compartment shall be such that, when the access provisions are being used, no hazardous quantity of smoke, flames, or extinguishing agent will enter any compartment occupied by the crew or passengers. Each compartment in this category shall be equipped with a separate system of an approved type smoke detector or fire detector other than heat detector to give warning at the pilot or flight engineer station. Hand fire extinguishers shall be readily available for use in all compartments of this category. Compartments in this category shall be completely lined with fire-resistant material, except that additional service lining of flame-resistant material may be employed.

(c) Cargo and baggage compartments shall be classified in the "C" category if they do not conform with the requirements for the "A" or "B" categories. Each compartment of the "C" category shall be equipped with: (1) a separate system of an approved type smoke detector or fire detector other than heat detector to give warning at the pilot or flight engineer station, and (2) an approved built-in fire-extinguishing system controlled from the pilot or flight engineer station. Means shall be provided to exclude hazardous quantities of smoke, flames, or extinguishing agent from entering into any compartment occupied

by the crew or passengers. Ventilation and drafts shall be further controlled within each such cargo or baggage compartment to the extent that the extinguishing agent provided can control any fire which may start within the compartment. All cargo and baggage compartments of this category shall be completely lined with fire-resistant material, except that additional service lining of flame-resistant material may be employed.

§ 04.38252 Proof of compliance. Compliance with those provisions of § 04.38251 which refer to the compartment accessibility, the entry of hazardous quantities of smoke or extinguishing agent into compartments, occupied by the crew or passengers, and the dissipation of the extinguishing agent in category "C" compartments shall be demonstrated by tests in flight. It shall also be demonstrated during these tests that no inadvertent operation of smoke or fire detectors in adjacent or other compartments within the airplane would occur as a result of fire contained in any one compartment, either during or after extinguishment, unless the extinguishing system floods such compartments simultaneously.

6. By inserting the following paragraph in § 04.4113:

If combustible fluid is used for propeller deicing, the provisions of §§ 04.49 to 04.4902, inclusive, shall be complied with.

7. By deleting § 04.4231 (c), and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(c) Location of fuel tanks shall comply with the provisions of § 04.490. In addition, no portion of engine nacelle skin which lies immediately behind a major air egress opening from the engine compartment shall act as the wall of an integral tank. Fuel tanks shall be isolated from personnel compartments by means of fume and fuel proof enclosures.

8. By deleting §§ 04.4250 and 04.4251, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

§ 04.4250 Lines and fittings in designated fire zones. Fuel lines and fittings in all designated fire zones (see § 04.49) shall comply with the provisions of § 04.4901.

§ 04.4251 Fuel valves. In addition to the requirements contained in § 04.4900 for shut-off means, all fuel valves shall be provided with positive stops or suitable index provisions in the "on" and "off" positions and shall be supported in such a manner that loads resulting from their operation or from accelerated flight conditions are not transmitted to the lines connected to the valve.

9. By inserting at the ends of §§ 04.426 and 04.43122 the following: "(See also § 04.4902.)"

10. By deleting §§ 04.4320 and 04.4321, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

§ 04.4320 Lines and fittings in designated fire zones. Oil lines and fittings

in all designated fire zones (see § 04.49) shall comply with the provisions of § 04.4901.

§ 04.4321 Oil valves. Requirements of § 04.4900 for shut-off means shall be complied with. Closing of oil shut-off means shall not prevent feathering the propeller, unless equivalent safety provisions are incorporated.

All oil valves shall be provided with positive stops or suitable index provisions in the "on" and "off" positions, and shall be supported in such a manner that loads resulting from their operation or from accelerated flight conditions are not transmitted to the lines attached to the valve.

11. By inserting at the ends of §§ 04.433 and 04.434 the following: "(See also § 04.4902.)"

12. By inserting the following paragraph in § 04.441: "No inflammable coolant shall be used."

13. By deleting § 04.44110, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

§ 04.44110 Fire-resistant coolant lines and fittings. If the coolant used will ignite and burn under the conditions of power-plant fires, all lines and fittings located within designated fire zones shall comply with the provisions of § 04.4901.

14. By deleting §§ 04.470 and 04.4700, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

§ 04.470 Fire walls. All engines, auxiliary power units, fuel-burning heaters, and other combustion equipment which are intended for operation in flight shall be isolated from the remainder of the airplane by means of fire walls or shrouds, or other equivalent means.

§ 04.4700 Fire-wall construction. Fire walls and shrouds shall be constructed in such a manner that no hazardous quantity of air, fluids, or flame can pass from the engine compartment to other portions of the airplane. All openings in the fire wall or shroud shall be sealed with close-fitting fireproof grommets, bushings or fire-wall fittings.

Fire walls and shrouds shall be constructed of fireproof material and shall be protected against corrosion. The following materials have been found to comply with this requirement:

(a) Heat and corrosion-resistant steel0.015 inch thick;

(b) Low carbon steel, suitably protected against corrosion, 0.018 inch thick.

15. By deleting the second paragraph of § 04.471, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Cowling, unless otherwise specified by these regulations, shall be constructed of fire-resistant material. Those portions of the cowling which are subjected to high temperatures due to their proximity to exhaust system parts or exhaust gas impingement shall be constructed of fireproof material.

16. By deleting from § 04.4804, "(See § 04.4251 (c).)" and inserting in lieu thereof, "(See § 04.4251.)"

17. By deleting §§ 04.49 and 04.490, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

§ 04.49 Power plant fire protection. Engine accessory sections, installations where no isolation is provided between the engine and accessory compartment, also regions wherein lie auxiliary power units, fuel burning heaters, and other combustion equipment shall be referred to as designated fire zones. Such zones shall be protected from fire by compliance with the following requirements:

§ 04.490 Inflammable fluids. No tanks or reservoirs which are a part of a system containing inflammable fluids or gases shall be located in designated fire zones, except where the fluid contained, the design of the system, the materials used in the tank, the shut-off means, all connections, lines, and controls are such as to provide equivalent safety. Not less than ½ inch of clear air space shall be provided between any tank or reservoir and a fire wall or shroud isolating a designated fire zone.

§ 04.4900 Shut-off means. for each individual engine shall be provided for shutting off or otherwise preventing hazardous quantities of fuel, oil, de-icer, and other inflammable fluids from flowing into, within, or through any designated fire zone, except that means need not be provided to shut off flow in lines forming an integral part of an engine. In order to facilitate rapid and effective control of fires such shut-off means shall permit an emergency operating sequence which is compatible with the emergency operation of other equipment, such as feathering the propeller. Shut-off means shall be located outside of designated fire zones, unless equivalent safety is provided (see § 04.490), and it shall be shown that no hazardous quantity of such inflammable fluid will drain into any designated fire zone after shutting-off has been accomplished.

Adequate provisions shall be made to guard against inadvertent operation of the shut-off means and to make it possible for the crew to reopen the shut-off means after it has once been closed.

§ 04.4901 Lines and fittings. All lines and fittings for same located in designated fire zones which carry inflammable fluids or gases and which are under pressure or which attach directly to the engine or are subject to relative motion between components, exclusive of those lines and fittings forming an integral part of the engine, shall be flexible, fire-resistant lines with fire-resistant factory-fixed detachable or other approved fire-resistant ends. Lines and fittings which are not subject to pressure or to relative motion between components shall be of fire-resistant materials.

§ 04.4902 Vent and drain lines. All vent and drain lines and fittings for same located in designated fire zones and which carry inflammable fluids or gases shall comply with the provisions of § 04.4901, if the Administrator finds that rupture or breakage of a particular drain or vent line may result in a fire hazard.

18. By amending § 04.491 to designate the present paragraphs (a) and (b) as (b) and (c), respectively; by inserting a new paragraph (a); and amending new paragraph (c) to read as follows:

(a) Unless it can be demonstrated that equivalent protection against destruction of the airplane in case of fire is provided by the use of fireproof materials in the nacelle and other components which would be subjected to flame, fire extinguishing systems shall be provided to serve all designated fire zones.

(c) Materials in the fire extinguishing system shall not react chemically with the extinguishing agent so as to constitute a hazard.

19. By deleting § 04.4913, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

§ 04.4913 Fire extinguishing system materials. All components of fire extinguishing systems located in designated fire zones shall be constructed of fire-proof materials, except for connections which are subject to relative motion between components of the airplane, in which case they shall be of flexible fire-resistant construction so located as to minimize the possibility of failure.

20. By deleting from the last sentence of § 04.4920 the following: "* * in potential fire zones."

21. By deleting § 04.493, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

§ 04.493 Protection of other airplane components against fire. All airplane surfaces aft of the nacelles, in the region of one nacelle diameter on both sides of the nacelle center line, shall be constructed of fire-resistant material. This provision need not be applied to tail surfaces lying behind nacelles unless the dimensional configuration of the aircraft is such that the tail surfaces could be affected readily by heat, flames, or sparks emanating from a designated fire zone or engine compartment of any nacelle.

22. By deleting §§ 04.5612 and 04.5613, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

§ 04.5612 *Lines*. Hydraulic lines and fittings in all designated fire zones (see § 04.49) shall comply with the provisions of § 04.4901.

§ 04.5613 Reservoirs and accumulators. Location of hydraulic reservoirs and accumulators shall comply with the provisions of § 04.490, except when they are an integral part of the engine or propeller.

(52 Stat. 984, 1007; 49 U. S. C. 425, 551) By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL]

M. C. MULLIGAN, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17862; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 04-4]

PART 04-AIRPLANE AIRWORTHINESS

FIRE PREVENTION IN AIR CARRIER AIRCRAFT

Amendment 04-4 Civil Air Regulations of Part 04 as promulgated prior to November 9, 1945.

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 20th day of September 1946.

A study of air carrier aircraft accidents in which fires have been one of the

causes shows that there is a need for a change in the airworthiness requirements with respect to transport category airplanes. The investigation shows that the changes needed are not confined to any particular component of the airplane but extend to all parts of the airplane which may create a fire hazard. The requirements hereinafter set forth are intended to aid in preventing any fire from starting, to detect at the outset any fire which has started, to prevent the spread of any fire, and to extinguish any fire.

It appearing to the Board that fire prevention regulations have been under consideration for several months; that proposed regulations were circulated in February and April of this year to the manufacturers of aircraft and to the air carrier operators; that many detailed discussions have been held with the representatives of the aircraft manufacturers and the air carrier operators; that in view of the foregoing sufficient public procedure has been afforded with regard to such rules and further notice or public procedure would serve no useful purpose; and that any further proceedings would serve only to delay the regulations which it is in the public interest to adopt at this

The Civil Aeronautics Board finds that the notice and public procedure provided for in section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary with respect to the Civil Air Regulations hereinafter set forth.

Now, therefore, effective November 1, 1946, § 04.062 of the Civil Air Regulations is amended by adding the following:

All aircraft certificated under the transport category, the manufacture of which is completed after September 30, 1947, shall comply with the following sections of the Part 04 of the Civil Air Regulations which Part was adopted November 9, 1945: §§ 04.075, 04.38210, 04.38230, 04.3824, 04.38251, 04.38252, 04.4113, 04.4211, 04.4231 (c), 04.425 through 04.4251, 04.4320, 04.4321, 04.433, 04.434, 04.441 and 04.470 through 04.472, 04.49 through 04.4902, 04.491 (a) and (c), and 04.4910 through 04.493.

(52 Stat. 984, 1007; 49 U. S. C. 425, 551)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17863; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 41-3]

PART 41—CERTIFICATION AND OPERATION RULES FOR SCHEDULED AIR CARRIER OF-ERATIONS OUTSIDE THE CONTINENTAL LIMITS OF THE UNITED STATES

FIRE PREVENTION IN AIR CARRIER AIRCRAFT

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 20th day of September 1946.

A study of air carrier aircraft accidents in which fires have been one of the causes shows that there is a need for a change in the airworthiness requirements with respect to transport category airplanes. The investigation shows that the changes needed are not confined to any particu-

lar component of the airplane but extend to all parts of the airplane which may create a fire hazard. The requirements hereinafter set forth are intended to aid in preventing any fire from starting, to detect at the outset any fire which has started, to prevent the spread of any fire, and to extinguish any fire.

A study of these aircraft accidents also shows that the fire prevention requirements should be incorporated in certain classes of air carrier airplanes already in use in certain types of operations. In order to achieve this objective without unnecessarily disrupting the air transportation system, different dates for compliance with the various requirements have been fixed in the following regulations.

It appearing to the Board that fire prevention regulations have been under consideration for several months; that proposed regulations were circulated in February and April of this year to the manufacturers of aircraft and to the air carrier operators; that many detailed discussions have been held with the representatives of the aircraft manufacturers and the air carrier operators; that in view of the foregoing sufficient public procedure has been afforded with regard to such rules and further notice or public procedure would serve no useful purpose; and that any further proceedings would serve only to delay the regulations which it is in the public interest to adopt at this time:

The Civil Aeronautics Board finds that the notice and public procedure provided for in section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary with respect to the Civil Air Regulations hereinafter set forth.

Now, therefore, effective November 1, 1946, Part 41 of the Civil Air Regulations is amended as follows:

- 1. By adding a new paragraph (f) to § 41.20, to read as follows:
- (f) Irrespective of the basis for certification, all aircraft possessing engine(s) rated at more than 600 h. p. (each) for maximum continuous operation shall comply with the following; except that, if the Administrator finds that in particular models of existing aircraft literal compliance with specific items of these requirements might be extremely difficult of accomplishment and that such compliance would not contribute materially to the objective sought, he may accept such measures of compliance as he finds will effectively accomplish the basic objectives of these regulations:
- (1) §§ 04.075 and 04.3824 (a) of the Civil Air Regulations as amended September 20, 1946;
- (2) At the first major fuselage overhaul subsequent to January 1, 1947, but in any case not later than January 1, 1948, §§ 04.38210, 04.38230, 04.3824 (b), (c), (d), 04.38251, and 04.38252 of the Civil Air Regulations as amended September 20, 1946;
- (3) At the first major wing center-section overhaul subsequent to January 1, 1947, but in any case not later than September 1, 1947, §§ 04.4113, 04.4211, 04.4231 (c), 04.425 through 04.4251, 04.4320, 04.4321, 04.433, 04.434, 04.441 and 04.470

through 04.472, 04.49 through 04.4902, 04.491 (a) and (c) and 04.4910 through 04.493 of the Civil Air Regulations as amended September 20, 1946.

- 2. By deleting § 41.25 (e), and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- (e) In addition to fire detecting and fire extinguishing equipment necessitated as a result of compliance with § 41.20 (f) (2) and (3), a minimum of two hand fire extinguishers of an approved type with an approved extinguishing agent, one of which installed in the crew compartment, others readily accessible to the passengers. Such additional hand fire extinguishers as the Administrator finds necessary for compliance with § 41.20 (f) (2).

(52 Stat. 984, 1007; 49 U. S. C. 425, 551) By the Civil Aeronautics Board,

[SEAL]

M. C. MULLIGAN, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17864; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:46 a. m.]

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 42-2]

Part 42—Nonscheduled Air Carrier Certification and Operation Rules

FIRE PREVENTION IN AIR CARRIER AIRCRAFT

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 20th day of September 1946.

A study of air carrier aircraft accidents in which fires have been one of the causes shows that there is a need for a change in the airworthiness requirements with respect to transport category airplanes. The investigation shows that the changes needed are not confined to any particular component of the airplane but extend to all parts of the airplane which may create a fire hazard. The requirements hereinafter set forth are intended to aid in preventing any fire from starting, to detect at the outset any fire which has started, to prevent the spread of any fire, and to extinguish any fire.

A study of these aircraft accidents also shows that the fire prevention requirements should be incorporated in certain classes of air carrier airplanes already in use in certain types of operations. In order to achieve this objective without unnecessarily disrupting the air transportation system, different dates for compliance with the various requirements have been fixed in the following regulations.

It appearing to the Board that fire prevention regulations have been under consideration for several months; that proposed regulations were circulated in February and April of this year to the manufacturers of aircraft and to the air carrier operators; that many detailed discussions have been held with the representatives of the aircraft manufacturers and the air carrier operators; that in view of the foregoing sufficient public procedure has been afforded with regard to such rules and further notice or public procedure would serve no useful purpose; and that any further proceedings would serve only to delay the regulations which it is in the public interest to adopt at this time:

The Civil Aeronautics Board finds that the notice and public procedure provided for in section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary with respect to the Civil Air Regulations hereinafter set forth.

Now, therefore, effective November 1, 1946, Part 42 of the Civil Air Regulations is amended as follows:

1. By adding to § 42.10 the following:

Irrespective of the basis for certification, all aircraft in passenger service possessing engine(s) rated at more than 600 hp. (each) for maximum continuous operation shall comply with the following; except that, if the Administrator finds that in particular models of existing aircraft literal compliance with specific items of these requirements might be extremely difficult of accomplishment and that such compliance would not contribute materially to the objective sought, he may accept such measures of compliance as he finds will effectively accomplish the basic objectives of these regulations:

(a) §§ 04.075 and 04.3824 (a) of the Civil Air Regulations as amended Sep-

tember 20, 1946,

(b) At the first major fuselage overhaul subsequent to January 1, 1947, but in any case not later than January 1, 1948, §§ 04.38210, 04.38230, 04.3824 (b), (c), and (d), 04.38251, and 04.38252 of the Civil Air Regulations as amended September 20, 1946.

(c) At the first major wing center-section overhaul subsequent to January 1, 1947, but in any case not later than September 1, 1947, §§ 04.4113, 04.4211, 04.4231 (c), 04.425 through 04.4251, 04.4320, 04.4321, 04.433, 04.434, 04.441 and subsections, 04.470 through 04.472, 04.49 through 04.4902, 04.491 (a) and (c), and 04.4910 through 04.493 of the Civil Air Regulations as amended September 20, 1946

- 2. By deleting § 42.13 (a) (13), and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- (13) in passenger service, in addition to fire detecting and fire extinguishing equipment necessitated as a result of compliance with § 42.10 (b) and (c), a minimum of two hand fire extinguishers of an approved type with an approved extinguishing agent, one of which installed in the crew compartment, others readily accessible to the passengers. Such additional hand fire extinguishers as the Administrator finds necessary for compliance with § 42.10 (b). In cargo service, fire extinguisher(s) adequate for the aircraft.

(52 Stat. 984, 1007; 49 U.S. C. 425, 551)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL]

M. C. MULLIGAN, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46–17865; Filed, Oct. 3, 1948; 8:46 a. m.]

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 61-2]

PART 61—SCHEDULED AIR CARRIER RULES FIRE PREVENTION IN AIR CARRIER AIRCRAFT

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. Ç., on the 20th day of September 1946.

A study of air carrier aircraft accidents in which fires have been one of the causes shows that there is a need for a change in the airworthiness requirements with respect to transport category airplanes. The investigation shows that the changes needed are not confined to any particular component of the airplane but extend to all parts of the airplane which may create a fire hazard. The requirements hereinafter set forth are intended to aid in preventing any fire from starting, to detect at the outset any fire which has started, to pre-vent the spread of any fire, and to extinguish any fire.

A study of these aircraft accidents also shows that the fire prevention requirements should be incorporated in certain classes of air carrier airplanes already in use in certain types of operations. In order to achieve this objective without unnecessarily disrupting the air transportation system, different dates for compliance with the various requirements have been fixed in the following

regulations.

It appearing to the Board that fire prevention regulations have been under consideration for several months; that proposed regulations were circulated in February and April of this year to the manufacturers of aircraft and to the air carrier operators; that many detailed discussions have been held with the representatives of the aircraft manufacturers and the air carrier operators; that in view of the foregoing sufficient public procedure has been afforded with regard to such rules and further notice or public procedure would serve no useful purpose; and that any further proceedings would serve only to delay the regulations which it is in the public interest to adopt at this time;

The Civil Aeronautics Board finds that the notice and public procedure provided for in section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary with respect to the Civil Air Regulations

hereinafter set forth.

Now therefore, effective November 1, 1946, Part 61 of the Civil Air Regulations is amended as follows:

1. By adding to § 61.30 the following:

Irrespective of the basis for certification, all aircraft in passenger service possessing engine(s) rated at more than 600 hp. (each) for maximum continuous operation shall comply with the following; except that, if the Administrator finds that in particular models of existing aircraft literal compliance with specific items of these requirements might be extremely difficult of accomplishment and that such compliance would not contribute materially to the objective sought, he may accept such measures of compliance as he finds will effectively accomplish the basic objectives of these regulations:

(a) §§ 04.075 and 04.3824 (a) of the Civil Air Regulations as amended September 20, 1946.

(b) At the first major fuselage overhaul subsequent to January 1, 1947, but in any case not later than January 1, 1948, §§ 04.38210, 04.38230, 04.3824 (b), (c), and (d), 04.38251, and 04.38252 of the Civil Air Regulations as amended

September 20, 1946.

(c) At the first major wing centersection overhaul subsequent to January 1, 1947, but in any case not later than September 1, 1947, §§ 04.4113, 04.4211, 04.4231 (c), 04.425 through 04.4251, 04.4320, 04.4321, 04.433, 04.434, 04.441 and 04.470 through 04.472, 04.49 through 04.4902, 04.491 (a) and (c), and 04.4910 through 04.493 of the Civil Air Regulations as amended September 20, 1946.

- 2. By deleting § 61.7114 (a) (8), and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- (8) In passenger service, a minimum of two hand fire extinguishers of an approved type with an approved extinguishing agent, one of which installed in the crew compartment, others readily accessible to the passengers. Such additional hand fire extinguishers as the Administrator finds necessary for compliance with § 61.30 (b). In cargo service, two approved type portable fire extinguishers.
- 3. By deleting § 61.7114 (a) (12), and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- (12) In passenger service, such fire or smoke detecting and fire extinguishing equipment as is necessary for compliance with § 61.30 (b) and (c). In cargo service, one fixed fire extinguisher in each engine compartment.

(52 Stat. 984, 1007; 49 U. S. C. 425, 551)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL]

M. C. MULLIGAN. Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17866; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 19—CUSTOMS DUTIES Chapter I-Bureau of Customs

[T. D. 51540]

PART 4-VESSELS IN FOREIGN AND DOMES-TIC TRADES

WAIVER OF COASTWISE LAWS FOR CANADIAN VESSELS

SEPTEMBER 30, 1946.

Waiving compliance with the provisions of section 8 of the act of June 19, 1886, as amended.

Upon the written recommendation of the Chairman of the United States Maritime Commission and pursuant to the authority vested in me by the provisions of section 501 of the Second War Powers Act, 1942 (50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 635), as extended by the act of June 29, 1946 (Public Law 475, 79th Congress), I hereby waive compliance with the provisions of section 8 of the act of June 19, 1886, as amended (46 U.S. C. 289), to the extent necessary to permit the transportation of passengers on Canadian vessels between Skagway and other points in Alaska during the period between October 1, 1946, and December 31, 1946, inclusive. I deem that such action is necessary in the conduct of the war.

If the transportation of any passenger on a Canadian vessel is not completed on or before midnight on December 31, 1946, the provisions of this order will not relieve the vessel concerned from the penalty prescribed by section 8 of the act of June 19, 1886, as amended (46 U.S. C. 289).

O. MAX GARDNER, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

F. R. Doc. 46-17889; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:49 a. m.l

[T. D. 51544]

PART 14-APPRAISEMENT

EXAMINATION OF MERCHANDISE AT NEW YORK: SPECIAL INSTRUCTION

Having been informed generally as to the character and description of merchandise covered by entries filed at the port of New York, New York, on or before September 30, 1946, but not released from customs custody before the close of business on that date, it is my opinion that the examination of less than 1 package of every 10 packages, but not less than 1 package of every invoice, of such merchandise will amply protect the revenue. Therefore, by virtue of the authority contained in sections 499 and 624 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S. C. secs. 1499 and 1624), I do by this special instruction permit and authorize a less number of packages than 1 package of every 10 packages, but not less than 1 package of every invoice, of such merchandise to be examined.

This special instruction shall not be construed to preclude the examination of packages in addition to the minimum number hereby permitted to be examined if the collector or the appraiser shall deem it necessary that a greater number of packages be examined.

The number of this Treasury decision shall be added as a marginal notation to

§ 14.1 (b).

(Sec. 499, 46 Stat. 728, secs. 15, 16 (a), 52 Stat. 1084, sec. 624, 46 Stat. 759; 19 U.S. C. 1499, 1624)

[SEAL]

W. R. JOHNSON, Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: October 1, 1946.

O. MAX GARDNER, Acting Secretary of the Treasury. [F. R. Doc. 46-17892; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:46

a. m.]

TITLE 21-FOOD AND DRUGS

Chapter I-Food and Drug Administration, Federal Security Agency

PART 141-TESTS AND METHODS OF ASSAY FOR ANTIBIOTIC DRUGS

> STABILITY OF CRYSTALLINE SODIUM PENICILLIN

By virtue of the authority vested in the Federal Security Administrator by the provisions of section 507 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (52 Stat. 1040 ff. 21 U.S. C. 301 et seq., as amended by Public Law 139, 79th Cong., 1st Sess., July 6, 1945), the regulations for tests and methods of assay for antibiotic drugs (10 F. R. 11478-11485), as amended, are hereby further amended by deleting "25%" and substituting "10%" therefor in § 141.5 (e) (11 F. R. 3080),

second sentence, third line.

This order, which insures the marketing of more stable penicillin products. shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER since both the penicillin industry and the public will benefit by the earliest possible effective date, and I so find.

Notice and public procedure are not necessary prerequisites to the promulgation of this order and would be contrary to the public interest, and I so find, since it was drawn in collaboration with interested members of the affected industry. and since it would be against public interest to delay requiring the marketing of more stable penicillin products.

(Sec. 507, 52 Stat. 1040, as amended, 59 Stat. 463; 21 U. S. C., Supp. V, 357)

Dated: October 1, 1946.

MAURICE COLLINS, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17891; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]

PART 146-CERTIFICATION OF BATCHES OF PENICILLIN-CONTAINING DRUGS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

By virtue of the authority vested in the Federal Security Administrator by the provisions of section 507 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (52 Stat. 1040ff, 21 U.S. C. 301 et seq., as amended by Public Law 139, 79th Cong., 1st Sess., July 6, 1945), the regulations for the certification of batches of penicillin-containing drugs (10 F. R. 11227) as amended, are hereby further amended as indicated below:

(1) Section 146.27 (a) is amended by inserting between the second and third sentences the following sentence: "The tablet is unscored."

(2) Section 146.27 (a), third sentence, is amended by deleting the figure "20,000" and substituting the figure "50,000" therefor.

(3) Section 146.34 (a) is amended by inserting between the second and third sentences the following sentence: "The tablet is unscored."

(4) Section 146.34 (a), second sentence, is amended by deleting the figure "25,000" and substituting the figure "50,000" therefor.

The foregoing amendments shall become effective on the sixtieth day after the date of publication of this order in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Notice and public procedure are not necessary prerequisites to the promulgation of this order and would be contrary to the public interest, and I so find, since it was drawn in collaboration with interested members of the affected industry, and since it would be against public interest to delay modifications in the composition and labeling of the affected penicillin-containing products beyond the sixty-day period permitted for composition changes.

(Sec. 507, 52 Stat. 1040, as amended, 59 Stat. 463; 21 U. S. C., Supp. V, 357)

Dated: October 1, 1946.

[SEAL]

MAURICE COLLINS, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17890; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 29-LABOR

Chapter VI-National Wage Stabilization Board

PART 807-WAGE ADJUSTMENT BOARD AREA WAGE RATES

AREA WAGE RATES IN BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY

Pursuant to §§ 806.5 and 807.0 of the Regulations of the National Wage Stabilization Board (11 F. R. 8671 and 10999) herewith publishes the area wage rates applicable to jobs in the building and construction industry under the jurisdiction of the Wage Adjustment Board for seven additional states, the states of Arizona (§ 807.2), Delaware (§ 807.7), New Hampshire (§ 807.28), North Carolina (§ 807.32), North Dakota (§ 807.33), South Dakota (§ 807.40), and Virginia (§ 807.45).

§ 807.2 Area wage rates for Arizona.

Apache County Cochise County Gila County Graham County Greenlee County Maricopa County Mohave County Navajo County Pima County Pinal County Santa Cruz County Yavapai County Yuma County Phoenix Electricians (wiremen and linemen) _____

Building, heavy and highway construction

----- \$1.625

Electricians apprentices: 1st 6 months 40% of journeymen's rate. 2nd 6 months 45% of journeymen's rate. 3rd 6 months 50% of journeymen's rate. 4th 6 months 55% of journeymen's rate. 5th 6 months 60% of journeymen's rate. 6th 6 months 65% of journeymen's rate. 7th 6 months 70% of journeymen's rate.

men's rate. Glaziers _____ 1.375 Tucson Electricians (wiremen and linemen) ______ Electricians apprentices: 1.625 1st 6 months 33 1/3 % of journeymen's rate.

8th 6 months 75% of journey-

2nd 6 months 42% of journeymen's rate. 3rd 6 months 50% of journeymen's rate. 4th 6 months 60% of journeymen's rate.

5th 6 months 66% % of journeymen's rate. 6th 6 months 72% of journeymen's rate.

Building, heavy and highway

Tucson-Continued. construction Electricians apprentices-Con. 7th 6 months 831/3 % of journeymen's rate. 8th 6 months 91% % of journeymen's rate. Statewide (except Davis Dam and that part of Mohave County north of Colorado River) Abode layers _. Air tool op. (jackhammermen and vibrator) ______Asbestos workers_____ 1, 20 1.75 Asphalt rakers and irons_____ Asphalt header board men_____ 1,20 Blacksmiths ... 1.375 Blacksmiths helpers_____ 1.00 Boilermakers 1.75 Boilermakers helpers_____ Bricklayers tenders____ 2,00 1.375 Carpenters, journeymen_____ Carpenters, apprentices: 1st year 70%. 2nd year 75%. 3rd year 85%. 4th year 95%. Casters____ 2.00 Caulkers (sewer pipe)_____ 1.175

Cement block layers_____ 2.00 Cement finishers___ 1.625 Cement finishing machine op. (floor type)_ 1 75 Concrete road form setters_____ 1.625 gutter and sidewalk form setters.... 1,625 ---------Drillers, core, diamond_____ 1,425 Drillers, wagon_____ 1, 425 Electricians (wiremen and line-1.50 men)__ Electricians appentices: 1st 6 months 33 \(\frac{1}{3} \) % of journey-

men's rate. 2nd 6 months 43 1/3 % of journeymen's rate. 3rd 6 months 461/3 % of journeymen's rate. 4th 6 months 50% of journeymen's rate. 5th 6 months 531/3 % of journeymen's rate.

6th 6 months 60% of journeymen's rate. 7th 6 months 66% % of journeymen's rate. 8th 6 months 75% of journey-

men's rate. Elevator constructors_ Elevator constructors helpers___ Firemen and greasers (apprentice engineers) -----Fireproofers_____ 1.85 Glaziers ____ 1.25 Gunite groundmen_____ 1.25 Gunite gunmen_____ Gunite nozzlemen_____

Gunite nozzlemen helpers_____ 1.00 Gunite rodmen_____ 1.25 75 75 Iron workers, reinforcing_____ Laborers, building_____ Laborers, concrete_____ 1.00 Laborers, unskilled_____ 1,00 1.75

Linoleum tile setters (rubber, mastic, etc.)_____ 1.50 Machinists___ 1.50 Machinists helpers_____ 1.00 Marble setters helpers_____ 1.00 Mason tenders 1.375 Millwrights _ 1.75 Miners (underground construction)

hand or machine Mortar mixers 1 375 Mosaic workers____

Building, heavy and highway construction	Building, heavy and highway construction	Building, heavy and highway construction
Statewide (except Davis Dam and	Statewide (except Davis Dam and that part of Mohave County	Statewide (except Davis Dam and that part of Mohave County
that part of Mohave County north of Colorado River—Con.)	north of Colorado River—Con.) Operating engineers—Continued.	north of Colorado River—Con.) Truck drivers—Continued.
Mosaic helpers \$1.00 Painters, brush 1.50	Surface heater and planer oper-	Drivers of transit-mix trucks—
Painters, spray1.675 Painters, structural steel1.75	ator \$1.60 Tow blade operator 1.425	Ross carrier drivers—Highway_ 1.425
Painters, swing stage 1.625	Tractor hi-lift shovel operator 1.75	Water truck drivers—under 2500
Piledrivermen lead and hold men 1.50	Tractor operator—bulldozer, tamper, scraper or drag type	gal 1.125 Industrial lift-truck 1.075
Pipe layers (sewer) excluding	shovel or boom attachments_ 1.55 Tractor scraper or drag type	Truck greaser and tireman 1.125 Teamster 1.00
caulk 1, 30 Pipe layers helpers 1, 00	shovel—tandem 1.925	Winch truck drivers-121/2¢ per
Plasterers 2.00 Plasterers tenders 1.575	Train handlers (other than engine crews) 1.175	hour additional when operat- ing power winch A frames
Plumbers 1.75	Trenching machine operator 1.625	or similar special attachments.
Plumbers' helpers 1.00 Plumbers apprentices:	Universal equipment operator (shovel, dragline, derrick, der-	§ 807.7 Area wage rates for Delaware.
1st 6 months 45% of journey-	rick-barge, clamshell or crane) 1.75 Roofers 1.43	Statewide rates all counties: Construction
men's rate. 2nd 6 months 50% of journey-	Roofers' helpers 1.00	Statewide rates—all counties: construction Air tool op. (jackhammerman, vi-
men's rate. 3rd 6 months 55% of journey-	Floor layers (finish) 1.875 Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.50	brator) \$0.90 Asbestos workers 1.875
men's rate.	Sand blasters (nozzlemen) 1.425	Asbestos workers' app., imp., help-
4th 6 months 60% of journey- men's rate.	Sand blasters (pot tenders) 1.175 Sheet metal workers 1.50	Blacksmiths
5th 6 months 65% of journey-	Steam fitters 1.75	Blacksmiths' helpers
men's rate. 6th 6 months 70% of journey-	Steam fitters' helpers 1,00 Steam fitters' apprentices:	Boilermakers' helpers 1.75
men's rate. 7th 6 months 75% of journey-	1st 6 months 45% of journey- men's rate.	Bricklayers 2,00 Bricklayers' apprentices
men's rate.	2nd 6 months 50% of journey-	Carpenters, journeymen 1.625
8th 6 months 80% of journey- men's rate.	men's rate. 3rd 6 months 55% of journey-	Carpenters, apprentices 1.625
9th 6 months 85% of journey-	men's rate.	Electricians 1.775
men's rate. 10th 6 months 90% of journey-	4th 6 months 60% of journey- men's rate.	Firemen and oilers
men's rate. Powdermen (blasters) 1.35	5th 6 months 65% of journey- men's rate.	Glazers 1.75 Iron workers, structural 2.15
Power saws (sawyers) 1.75	6th 6 months 70% of journey-	Iron workers, ornamental 2.15
Operating engineers: Apprentice engineer, including	men's rate. 7th 6 months 75% of journey-	Iron workers, reinforcing 1.80 Iron workers' apprentices
firemen, oiler, greaser 1.175	men's rate.	Laborers, building90
Air compressor operator 1.30 Asphalt plant fireman 1.425	8th 6 months 80% of journey- men's rate.	Laborers, concrete
Asphalt or crushing plant en-	9th 6 months 85% of journey-	Lathers 1.50
Boxman or mixer box operator	men's rate. 10th 6 months 90% of journey-	Lathers' apprentices Machinists
(concrete or asphalt plant) 1.50 Concrete or asphalt spreading,	men's rate. Stone masons 2.00	Machinists' helpers 1,50
mechanical tamping or finish-	Stone masons' helpers 1.00	Marble setters' helpers875
ing machine operator 1.55 Concrete mixer operator—paving	Stone or granite cutters 1.525 Tank builders 1.75	Mason tenders 1,15 Mortar mixers 1,15
type and mobile mixer 1.65 Concrete pump or pump crete	Tank builders' helpers 1.50	Painters, brush 1.50
gun operator 1.425	Terrazzo workers 1.85 Terrazzo workers' helpers 1.00	Painters, spray 1.675 Painters, structural steel
Concrete mixer operator—skip type 1.425	Tile setters 1.85	Piledriverman Pipe layers (concrete and clay)90
Dinkey operator 1.425	Timbermen 1.175	Plasterers 2.00
Drilling machinery operator, in- cluding water wells 1.675	Truck drivers: Drivers of dump trucks of less	Plumbers 1.15
Drilling machinery operator,	than 4 yds. water level 1.075	Plumbers' app., helpers, 80
Elevating grader operator 1.425	Drivers of dump trucks—4 yds. but less than 8 yds. water level 1.10	Power equipment operators (40 hour week):
Engineer—generating plant 1.375 Heavy duty repairman 1.55	Drivers of dump trucks—8 yds.	Steel and stone erection 95.00 Back Hoes 90.00
Heavy duty repairman helper 1.175	but less than 12 yds. water level 1.15	Draglines 90.00
Highway cableway operator 1.675 Highway line cableway signal	Drivers of dump trucks—12 yds.	Keystones 90.00 Shovels 90.00
man 1.675	but less than 16 yds. water level 1.225	Trench shovels 90.00
Locomotive engineer 1.675 Elevator hoist operator 1.50	Drivers of dump trucks—16 yds.	Trench machines 90.00 Engineers working with dock
Material loader or conveyor oper-	Or more water level 1.425 Drivers of trucks legal payload	builders and pile drivers 90.00 Cranes, payers 90.00
Motor patrol operator, including	capacity less than 6 tons 1.075	Derricks 90.00
any type of power blade 1.675	Drivers of trucks legal payload capacity between 6 and 10 tons 1.10	Building hoists (single and
Oshkosh or D. W. or turnapull operator 1.675	Drivers of trucks legal payload	double drums) 85.00
Pavement breaker operator 1.50	capacity between 10 and 15	Concrete pumps 80.00 Tuggar machines 80.00
Pump operator 1.30 Pile driver operator 1.75	Drivers of trucks legal payload	Well points 80.00
Road oil mixing machine oper-	capacity between 15 and 20	Conveyors 80.00 Compressors (1 to 3) 80.00
ator 1.60 Roller operator 1.50	tons 1.225 Drivers of trucks legal payload	Welding machines 80, 00 Concrete breaking machines 80, 00
Ross carrier driver 1.425	capacity 20 tons or more 1.425	Pumps 80, 00
Skip loader operator—wheel type 1.425	Drivers of Euclid type spreader trucks 1.425	Rollers 80. 00 Spreaders 80, 00
Screed operator 1.30	Drivers of dumpster trucks 1,425	

No. 194-2

Bu	ilding		Bui	ilding	T. T.	uildi	ina
const	ruction	Berlin-Continued.		ruction		struc	
Statewide rates-all countles-Con.		Power equipment operators-			Firemen		
Power equipment operators (40		Piledrivers		00 005			
hour week)-Continued.					Oilers		
	000 00	Pumps			Glaziers	- 1	. 37
Tournal pulls		Rollers			Iron workers, structural	_ 1	. 80
All other equipment on building		Scrapers		1.65	Iron workers, ornamental	. 1	. 80
and construction work not		Shovels		2.025	Iron workers, reinforcing	1	80
mentioned	80.00	Tractors			Iron workers—Apprentices:	441	. 00
High or low pressure boilers							
		Trenching machines		2.025	First 6 months, 50% of journey	7-	
Maintenance engineers	75.00	Roofers, composition		1.25	men's rate.		
Bulldozers and tractors	70.00	Roofers, slate and tile		1.25	Second 6 months, 60% of journe	V-	
Fireman	58, 00	Roofers helpers			men's rate.		
Oiler and apprentice engineers		Sheet metal workers					
Roofers, composition					Second year 66% % of journey	y =	
Doofers class and tile	1.070	Sheet metal workers helper			men's rate.		
Roofers, slate and tile	1.875	Soft floor layers (linoleum)			Laborers, building		.90
Roofers' helpers		Steam fitters	******	1. 25	Laborers, unskilled		90
Sheet metal workers	1.85	Steam fitters helpers		. 90	Lathers		
Sheet metal workers' helpers		Stone masons			Mookinists	- 1	. 00
Soft floor layers (linoleum)					Machinists	- 1	. 25
		Terrazzo workers			Master mechanics	1	.90
Steam fitters		Terrazzo workers helpers			Maintenance mechanics	1	. 40
Steam fitters' helpers		Tile setters		1.50	Mason tenders		
Stone masons	1.825	Tile setters helpers		. 75	Mortar mixers	7	05
Teamsters		Truck drivers			Deintone burels	- +	. 00
Terrazzo workers			control.		Painters, brush		
		Concord:			Plasterers	_ 1	. 87
Terrazzo workers' helpers	. 925	Air tool op, (jackhamm	erman,		Plasterers tenders	_ 1	. 05
Terrazzo base machine operators_		vibrator)		.90	Plumbers		
Tile setters	1.625	Asbestos workers			Powdermen blosters	- 4	.00
Tile setters' helpers		Asbestos workers' app., imp.,			Power equipment energians	- 1	. 00
Truck drivers	1.00				Power equipment operators:		
	1.00	1st year			Air compressors, up to and in	-	
Welders		2nd year		1.075	cluding 220 e. f	_ 1	. 15
Well drillers		3rd year		1, 225	Air compressors 315 e. f. and over	1	40
Well drillers' helpers		4th year			Blade gradere		FO
§ 807.28 Area wage rates for	· Non				Blade graders		
	11000	Blacksmiths			Bulldozers		
Hampshire.		Boilermakers			Small mixers	_ 1	. 05
Belknap County.		Boilermakers' helpers		1.55	Cranes, derricks, draglines	. 1	. 90
Carroll County.		Bricklayers		1.50	Hoists, 1 and 2 drums	1	50
		Carpenters, journeymen					
Coos County.					Hoists, 3 or more drums	- 1	. 90
Grafton County.		Cement finishers			Road paving mixers and mixin	g	
Hillsborough County.		Electricians		1.375	plants	_ 1	.70
Merrimack County.		Firemen		1.40	Motor graders	1	50
		Oilers			Piledrivers	1	00
Rockingham County.		Glaziers			Dumpe and hollers	-	20
Strafford County.	Alberta St.				Pumps and boilers	- 1,	50
Sullivan County. But	lding.	Iron workers, structural			Rollers	_ 1.	40
Berlin: const	ruction	Iron workers, ornamental		1.80	Scrapers and Tourneaupulls	_ 1.	. 65
Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-		Iron workers, reinforcing	GI CONTRACTOR	1.80	Shovels	1	90
	40.00	Laborers, building			Caterpillars mounted truck lead		-
brator)					outerphiats mounted truck lead		**
Asbestos workers	1.725	Laborers, concrete			ers	- 1.	40
Asbestos workers' imp.:		Laborers, unskilled		. 90	Trenching machine	_ 1.	. 90
1st year	90	Lathers		1.50	Roofers, composition	_ 1.	00
2nd year		Marble setters	A SUMPLY	1.725	Roofers, slate and tile	1	375
		Mason tenders			Sheet metal workers		50
3rd year							
4th year	1.40	Mortar mixers			Steam fitters	_ 1,	. 50
Blacksmiths	1.00	Painters, brush		1.15	Stone masons	_ 1.	875
Blacksmiths' helpers		Pipe layers (concrete and cla	(V)	. 90	Boilermakers, (construction)	1.	75
Boilermakers		Plasterers		1.50	Boilermakers, (construction) help		
Dellamakers	1. 10	Plasterers' tenders		1.05	ers		E0.
Boilermakers' helpers	1.00						. 50
Bricklayers	1.50	Plumbers		1,50	Truck drivers-under 3 tons		. 65
Carpenters, journeymen	1.25	Power equipment operator	rs—See		Truck drivers-3 to 5 tons	- W	. 70
Carpenters, apprentices	90	Springfield, Massachusetts	rates.		Truck drivers-5 tons and over		
Cement finishers	1.50	Roofers		1.00			10
	1.50				Welders—receive rate prescribed fo		
Electricians		Sheet metal workers		1.50	craft performing operation t	0	
Electricians' helpers		Steam fitters			which welding is incidental.		
Firemen		Stone masons or cutters			Nashua:		
Oilers		Terrazzo workers		1.725	Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi	_	
Glaziers		Terrazzo workers' helpers					00
		Tile setters			brator)		90
Iron workers, structural		Tile settorst helmans	-	1 15	Asbestos workers		725
Iron workers, ornamental		Tile setters' helpers			Blacksmiths		00
Iron workers, reinforcing	1.80	Truck drivers		. 75	Boilermakers	- 1	75
Laborers, unskilled	.90	Lancaster—See Berlin rates.			Boilermakers' helpers	1	55
Lathers	1.25	Manchester:		-			
		Air tool op. (jackhammerme	en ut-		Bricklayers		
Marble setters				100	Carpenters, journeymen		
Mason tenders		brator)	No. 100 No. 100 No. 100	.90	Electricians	- 1.	50
Mortar mixers	1.05	Asbestos workers		1.725	Firemen		
Painters, brush		Asbestos workers—Improvers			Glaziers		
Piledrivermen		First year	-	. 90			
		Second year			Iron workers, structural		
Plasterers		Third was		1.075	Iron workers, ornamental	- 1	80
Plasterers' tenders		Third year		1. 225	Iron workers, reinforcing		80
Plumbers	1. 25	Fourth year		1.40			
Plumbers' helpers	.90	Asphalt rakers, shovelers, ta	mpers,		Laborers, building	- 3	90
Power equipment operators:		and handlers		. 90	Laborers, concrete	1 12	90
	1 0=	Blacksmiths		1.00	Laborers, unskilled		
Air compressors							90
Blade graders	1.65	Boilermakers			Lathers		
Bulldozers	1.65	Boilermakers helpers			Marble setters	. 1.	725
	2.025	Bricklayers			Marble setters' helpers		
Distributors (bituminous sur-	2. 4.40	Carpenters, journeymen					
	* 00	Cement finishers			Mason tenders		
faces)	1.65				Mortar mixers	_ 1.	05
Finishing mach. (cem. conc.		Electricians		1.50	Oilers		
pave.)	1.65	Electricians—Apprentices:		3			
		First 6 months, optional.			Painters, brush		
Hoists, 1 or 2 drums		Second 6 months		. 60	Piledrivermen	- 1.	375
Hoists, 3 or more drums	2.025	Second year		.75	Plasterers		
Mixers, concrete							
		Third year		. 85	Plasterers' tenders		
Motor graders	1.00	Fourth year	-	1.00	Plumbers	a 1.	50

Building	Building	Building	
Nashua—Continued. construction	Bladen County-Continued, construction	Buncombe County-Con constructi	ion
Power equipment operators—See	Boilermakers' helpers\$1.375	Blacksmiths' helpers \$0.6	65
	Bricklayers 1:45	Boilermakers 1.6	
Springfield, Mass., rates.			
Roofers, composition \$1.00	Bricklayers' apprentices	Boilermakers' helpers 1.3	
Roofers, slate and tile 1.375	Carpenters, journeymen 1.125	Bricklayers 1.6	625
Sheet metal workers 1.50	Carpenters, apprentices	Bricklayers' apprentices	
Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.375	Cement finishers 1.25	Carpenters, journeymen 1.2	25
Steam fitters 1.50	Electricians 1.25	Carpenters, apprentices	
Stone masons or cutters 1.75	Electricians' helpers65	Cement finishers 1.2	25
Terrazzo workers 1.725	Firemen and oilers	Electricians 1.5	50
Terrazzo workers' helpers 1.25		Electricians' app., helpers	-
	Glaziers		
Tile setters 1.725	Iron workers, structural 1.50	Firemen and oilers	10
Tile setters' helpers 1.25	Iron workers, ornamental 1.50	Glaziers 1.0	00
Truck drivers:	Iron workers, reinforcing 1.25	Iron workers, structural 1.1	125
		Iron workers, structural 1.5	
	Iron workers' apprentices		
3 tons-5 tons70	Laborers, building	Iron workers, ornamental 1.5	
5 tons and over75	Laborers, concrete60	Iron workers, reinforcing 1.2	25
Portsmouth:		Iron workers' apprentices	
			00
Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-	Lathers 1.375	Laborers, building	
brator)	Lathers' apprentices	Laborers, concrete6	60
Asbestos workers 1.725	Machinists 1.25	Laborers, unskilled6	60
Asbestos workers' app., imp., help-	Machinists' helpers 65	Lathers 1.5	50
		Lathers' apprentices	
ers:	Marble setters 1.25		
1st year90	Marble setters' helpers65	Machinists	
2nd year 1.075	Mason tenders60	Machinists' helpers	
3rd year 1.225	Mortar mixers	Marble setters 1.2	25
4th year 1.40	Painters, brush 1.125	Marble setters' helpers	
Blacksmiths 1.00	Painters, spray 1.375	Mason tenders6	
Boilermakers 1.75	Painters, structural steel	Mortar mixers	70
Boilermakers' helpers 1.55		Painters, brush 1.2	
Bricklayers 1.625	Pipe layers (concrete and clay)75	Painters, spray 1.3	010
Carpenters, journeymen 1.25	Plasterers	Painters, structural steel	
Cement finishers 1.625	Plasters' tenders	Piledrivermen	
Electricians 1.30		Pipelayers (concrete and clay)7	75
	Plumbers 1.50		
Firemen 1.45	Plumbers' helpers75	Plasterers 1.5	
Glaziers 1.00	Power equipment operators:	Plasterers' tenders	70
Iron workers, structural 1.80		Plumbers 1.6	625
Iron workers, ornamental 1.80	ALLE COMMENTS OF THE PROPERTY	Plumbers' app., helpers	
	Blade graders 1.00		
Iron workers, reinforcing 1.80	Bulldozers (under 40 hp.)85	Power equipment operators:	
Laborers, building75	Bulldozers (over 40 hp.) 1.15	Air compressors	
Laborers, concrete75	The state of the s	Blade graders	
Labores, unskilled75	Camada, Markatana Santana	Bulldozers, under 40 hp 8	85
	Distributors (bituminous sur-		
Lathers 1.375	faces)85	Bulldozers, 40 hp. and over 1.1	
Machinists 1.25	Finishing mach. (cem. conc.	Cranes, derricks, draglines 1.4	40
Marble setters 1.50	pave) 1.00	Distributors8	85
	Parties,	Finishing mach 1.6	
Marble setters' helpers 1.00	Hoists, 1 drum 1, 15		
Mason tenders	Hoists, multiple drum 1.40	Hoists, 1 drum 1.1	
Mortar mixers80	alono, marripe and and	Hoists, multiple drums 1.4	40
Painters, brush 1.25			75
	Mixers (larger than 10-S) 1.00		
Piledrivermen 1.25	Motor graders 1.15	Mixers (larger than 10-S) 1.0	
Plasterers 1.625	Piledrivers 1.40	Motor graders 1.1	15
Plasterers' tenders80	B. TORROW TO THE CONTRACT OF T	Piledrivers	
Plumbers 1.50		Pumps	85
	Pumps (bituminous)85	Rollers, high type paving 1.	
Plumbers, app., helpers75	Rollers—high type paving 1.25		
Oilers 1.10	Scrapers 1.25	Rollers, bituminous	85
Power equipment operators—See	Shovels 1.40	Scrapers 1.2	25
Boston, Massachusetts, rates.	Shovels 1.40	Shovels 1.4	40
	Tractors—under 40 hp85		
Roofers, composition 1.00	Tractors-40 hp. & over 1.15		85
Roofers, slate and tile 1.00	Trenching machines 1.25	Tractors, 40 hp. and over 1.	
Sheet metal workers 1.50	Roofers, composition	Trenching machines 1.2	25
Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.25			875
	Roofers, slate and tile 1.25		
Steam fitters 1.50	Roofers' helpers		90
Steam fitters app., helpers 75	Sheet metal workers 1.00	Roofers' helpers	
Stone masons or cutters 1.625		Sheet metal workers 1.0	00
Terrazzo workers 1.50	Sheet metal workers' helpers	Sheet metal workers' helpers	
	Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.125		125
Terrazzo workers' helpers 1.00	Steam fitters 1.50		
Tile setters 1,50	Steam fitters' app. helpers		625
Tile setters' helpers 1.00			65
Truck drivers			45
	Teamsters	Teamsters	-
8 807 32 Area angga mates for Mouth	Terrazzo workers 1.00		0=
§ 807.32 Area wage rates for North	Terrazzo workers 1.00	Terrazzo workers 1.	
§ 807.32 Area wage rates for North Carolina.	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60	Terrazzo workers 1.	25 60
Carolina.	Terrazzo workers' helpers	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers	
Carolina. Alamance County	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators 1.00	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers	60
Carolina. Alamance County	Terrazzo workers' helpers	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters	60 25
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators 1.00 Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters	60
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators 1.00 Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters	60 25 60
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County	Terrazzo workers	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 2. Terrazzo base machine operators 3. Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers 2. Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 2.	60 25 60 65
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators 1.00 Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 1. Terrazzo base machine operators 1. Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers 1. Truck drivers 11/2 ton or less 1. Truck drivers—Over 11/2 tons 1.	60 25 60 65 75
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County	Terrazzo workers	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 1. Terrazzo base machine operators 1. Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers 1. Truck drivers 11/2 ton or less 1. Truck drivers—Over 11/2 tons 1.	60 25 60 65
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County	Terrazzo workers	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 1. Terrazzo base machine operators Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers 1. Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 1. Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons 1. Truck drivers—Transit mix 1.	60 25 60 65 75 80
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County Beaufort County (see Craven County)	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators 1.00 Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65 Truck drivers—over 1½ ton 75 Truck drivers—Transit Mix 80 Welders 80 Well drillers	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers Truck drivers—1½ ton or less Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons Truck drivers—Transit mix Welders P.	60 25 60 65 75 80
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County Beaufort County (see Craven County) Bertie County Building	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators 1.00 Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65 Truck drivers—over 1½ ton 75 Truck drivers—Transit Mix 80 Welders 80 Well drillers 60 Well drillers 60	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 1. Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers 1. Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 1. Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons 1. Truck drivers—Transit mix 1. Welders P.	60 25 60 65 75 80
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County Beaufort County (see Craven County) Bertie County Bladen County Construction	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators 1.00 Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65 Truck drivers—over 1½ ton 75 Truck drivers—Transit Mix 80 Welders 80 Well drillers	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers Truck drivers—1½ ton or less Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons Truck drivers—Transit mix Welders P.	60 25 60 65 75 80
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County Beaufort County (see Craven County) Bertie County Bladen County Construction	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65 Truck drivers—1½ ton	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 1. Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers 1. Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 1. Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons 1. Truck drivers—Transit mix 1. Welders P.	60 25 60 65 75 80
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County Beaufort County (see Craven County) Bertie County Biaden County Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65 Truck drivers—over 1½ ton 75 Truck drivers—Transit Mix 80 Welders Well drillers Well drillers Well drillers helpers. Brunswick County (see New Hanover County)	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 1. Terrazzo base machine operators 1. Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers 1. Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 1. Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons 1. Truck drivers—Transit mix 1. Welders P. Well drillers P. Well drillers helpers 1.	60 25 60 65 75 80
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County Beaufort County (see Craven County) Bertie County Bladen County Alr tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator \$0.75	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators 1.00 Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65 Truck drivers—over 1½ ton 75 Truck drivers—Transit Mix 80 Welders 80 Well drillers Helpers 80 Well drillers' helpers 80 Brunswick County (see New Hanover County) Buncombe County	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 2. Terrazzo base machine operators 3. Tile setters 2. Tile setters' helpers 2. Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 2. Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons 2. Truck drivers—Transit mix 3. Welders 4. Well drillers 4. Well drillers 5. Burke County 4. Cabarrus County (see Mecklenburg 2.	60 25 60 65 75 80
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County Beaufort County (see Craven County) Bertie County Biaden County Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator brator \$0.75 Asbestos workers 1.50	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65 Truck drivers—1½ ton	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 2. Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers 2. Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 2. Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons 3. Truck drivers—Transit mix 4. Welders P. Well drillers P. Well drillers helpers 3. Burke County (see Mecklenburg County)	60 25 60 65 75 80
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County Beaufort County (see Craven County) Bertie County Bladen County Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator \$0.75 Asbestos workers 1.50	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65 Truck drivers—over 1½ ton 75 Truck drivers—Transit Mix 80 Welders Well drillers Well drillers Well drillers helpers 80 Brunswick County (see New Hanover County) Buncombe County Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator) 75	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 1. Terrazzo base machine operators 1. Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers 1. Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 1. Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons 1. Truck drivers—Transit mix 1. Welders P. Well drillers 1. Well drillers 1. Burke County (see Mecklenburg County) Caldwell County	60 25 60 65 75 80
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County Beaufort County (see Craven County) Bertie County Bladen County Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator \$0.75 Asbestos workers 1.50	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65 Truck drivers—over 1½ ton 75 Truck drivers—Transit Mix 80 Welders Well drillers Well drillers Well drillers helpers 80 Brunswick County (see New Hanover County) Buncombe County Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator) 75	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 2. Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers 2. Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 2. Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons 3. Truck drivers—Transit mix 4. Welders P. Well drillers P. Well drillers helpers 3. Burke County (see Mecklenburg County)	60 25 60 65 75 80
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County Beaufort County (see Craven County) Bertie County Biladen County Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator Ashestos workers Ashestos' workers' app., imp., help- .85 Ashestos' workers' app., imp., help-	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65 Truck drivers—over 1½ ton 75 Truck drivers—Transit Mix 80 Welders Well drillers Well drillers' helpers 80 Brunswick County (see New Hanover County) Buncombe County Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator) 75 Asbestos workers 1.50	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 1. Terrazzo base machine operators 1. Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers 1. Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 1. Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons 1. Truck drivers—Transit mix 1. Welders 1. Well drillers 1. Well drillers 1. Burke County 1. Cabarrus County (see Mecklenburg County) Caldwell County Camden County (see Pasquotank	60 25 60 65 75 80
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County Beaufort County (see Craven County) Bertie County Bladen County Construction Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator brator Asbestos workers 1.50 Asbestos' workers' app., imp., helpers	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators 1.00 Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65 Truck drivers—over 1½ ton 75 Truck drivers—Transit Mix 80 Welders Well drillers 80 Weld drillers' helpers 80 Brunswick County (see New Hanover County) Buncombe County Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator) 75 Asbestos workers 1.50	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers Truck drivers—1½ ton or less Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons Truck drivers—Transit mix Welders Well drillers Well drillers' helpers Burke County Cabarrus County (see Mecklenburg County) Caldwell County Camden County (see Pasquotank County)	60 25 60 65 75 80
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County Beaufort County (see Craven County) Bertie County Bladen County Construction Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator Ar tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator Asbestos workers 1.50 Asbestos' workers' app., imp., help- ers 95 1.10	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65 Truck drivers—1½ ton	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 2. Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 2. Tile setters' helpers 2. Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 2. Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons 3. Truck drivers—Transit mix 4. Welders 4. Well drillers 4. Well drillers 5. Burke County (see Mecklenburg County) Caldwell County (see Pasquotank County) Carteret County (see Craven County)	60 25 60 65 75 80
Carolina. Alamance County Allexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County Beatier County (see Craven County) Beatier County Bladen County Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator \$0.75 Asbestos workers \$1.50 Asbestos' workers' app., imp., helpers ers \$95 1.10 Blacksmiths \$1.00	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65 Truck drivers—over 1½ ton 75 Truck drivers—Transit Mix 80 Welders Well drillers Well drillers Well drillers helpers 80 Brunswick County (see New Hanover County) Buncombe County Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator) 75 Asbestos workers 1.50 Asbestos workers' app., imp., helpers 55 ers—1-4 yrs 95	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 1. Terrazzo base machine operators 1. Tile setters 1. Tile setters' helpers 1. Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 1. Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons 1. Truck drivers—Transit mix 1. Welders P. Well drillers P. Well drillers helpers 1. Burke County (see Mecklenburg County) Cabarrus County (see Pasquotank County) Carteret County (see Craven County) Carteret County (see Craven County) Caswell County	60 25 60 65 75 80
Carolina. Alamance County Alexander County Allegheny County Anson County Ashe County Avery County Beaufort County (see Craven County) Bertie County Bladen County Construction Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator Ar tool op. (jackhammermen, vibrator Asbestos workers 1.50 Asbestos' workers' app., imp., help- ers 95 1.10	Terrazzo workers 1.00 Terrazzo workers' helpers 60 Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 1.00 Tile setters' helpers 60 Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 65 Truck drivers—1½ ton	Terrazzo workers 1. Terrazzo workers' helpers 2. Terrazzo base machine operators. Tile setters 2. Tile setters' helpers 2. Truck drivers—1½ ton or less 2. Truck drivers—Over 1½ tons 3. Truck drivers—Transit mix 4. Welders 4. Well drillers 4. Well drillers 5. Burke County (see Mecklenburg County) Caldwell County (see Pasquotank County) Carteret County (see Craven County)	60 25 60 65 75 80

		Build	dina	Build	ine
		Craven County-Continued, constru		Durham County—Continued. construct	
Cherokee County (see Buncombe		Power equipment operators—Con.		Power equipment operators—Con.	CULUIS
County)		Terrazo workers' helpers \$	80.70	Truck drivers, 11/2 tons or less \$0	65
Chowan County (see Pasquotank		Terrazzo base machine operators_		Truck drivers, over 11/2 tons	. 75
County)			1. 25	The state of the s	.80
Clay County (see Buncombe County)		Tile setters' helpers	. 70	Edgecombe County	
Cleveland County (see Mecklenburg		Truck drivers-11/2 ton or less	. 65	Forsyth County	
County)		Truck drivers—over 11/2 tons	. 75	Air tool op. (jackhammermen,	
Columbus County (see New Hanover		Truck drivers—transit mix	. 80	vibrator)	. 75
County) Build	ling	Cumberland County (see Bladen			1.50
Craven County constru	ction	County)			. 65
Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-		Currituck County (see Pasquotank		Asbestos workers' app., imp.,	. 85
brator) \$		County)			. 95
Asbestos workers	1,625	Dare County			. 10
Asbestos workers' app., imp.,		Davidson County (see Forsyth		Blacksmiths 1	1.00
helpers		County)		Blacksmiths' helpers	. 65
Blacksmiths	1.00	Davie County (see Forsyth County)		Boilermakers 1	1.625
Blacksmiths' helpers		Duplin County		Boilermakers' helpers 1	1.375
Boilermakers	1.625	Durham County		Bricklayers 1	. 625
Boilermakers' helpers		Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-		Carpenters, journeymen 1	1,125
Bricklayers	1.50	brator)	. 75 .	Cement finishers1	
Bricklayers' apprentices			1.00	Electricians 1	
	1.125	Blacksmiths' helpers	. 65	Firemen and oilers	. 75
Carpenters, apprentices		Boilermakers		Glaziers 1	.00
	1. 25	Boilermakers' helpers			1.125
	1.375	Bricklayers			1.50
	. 65	Carpenters, journeymen		Iron workers, ornamental 1	1.50
Firemen	NORTH CONTRACTOR	Cement finishers			1. 25
	, 85	Electricians			. 60
	1.00	Firemen		Laborers, concrete	. 60
	1. 125	Oilers.	. 85		. 60
	1.75	Glaziers		Lathers1	. 75
	1.75		1.125	Marble setters	1.45
	1.50	Iron workers, structural	1.50	Marble setters' helpers	. 60
Iron workers' apprentices	200		1.50	Mason tenders	. 60
Laborers, building	. 60	Iron workers, reinforcing	1.25	Mortar mixers	.70
Laborers, concrete	. 60	Laborers, building	. 60	Painters, brush1	1. 125
Laborers, unskilled	. 60	Laborers, concrete	. 60	Painters, spray1	.375
	1. 50	Laborers, unskilled	. 60	Piledrivermen 1	. 125
Lathers' apprentices		Lathers		Plasterers1	1.375
Machinists		Marble setters		Plasterers' tenders	.70
Machinists' helpers		Marble setters' helpers	.70	Plumbers 1	. 50
Marble setters		Mason tenders	. 60	Power equipment operators:	
	. 70	Mortar mixers	. 70	Air compressors1	.00
Mason tenders	. 60		1.125	Blade graders1	. 00
Mortar mixers	.70	Painters, spray	1.375	Bulldozers, under 40 hp	. 85
	1.125	Painters, structural steel		Bulldozers, 40 hp. and over 1	. 15
	1.375		1.125	Cranes, derricks and draglines 1	. 40
Painters, structural steel		Pipe layers (concrete and clay)	.75	Distributors (bituminous sur-	
	1.125	Plasterers		faces)	. 85
	. 75	Plasterers' tenders		Finishing mach, (cem. conc.	
	1.50	Plumbers	1.625		. 00
	. 70	Plumbers' helpers	. 75	Holsts:	
	1.50	Power equipment operators:		1 drum 1	. 15
	. 65	Air compressors		Multiple drum 1	. 40
Power equipment operators:		Blade graders		Mixers (10-S, or smaller)	. 75
Air compressors		Bulldozers, under 40 h. p		Mixers (larger than 10-S)	00
Blade graders		Bulldozers, 40 h. p. and over		Motor graders1	. 15
Bulldozers, under 40 hp		Cranes, derricks, draglines	1.50	Piledrivers1	. 40
Bulldozers, 40 hp. and over		Distributors (bituminous sur-	forms.	Pumps	. 85
Cranes, derricks, draglines	1.50	faces)	. 85	Rollers:	
Distributors (bituminous sur-	- Carrelle	Finishing mach. (cem., conc.		High type paving 1	. 15
faces)	. 85	pav.)		Bituminous	. 85
Finishing mach. (cem. conc.	(Heartest	Hoists, 1 drum		Scrapers1	. 25
	. 00	Hoists, multiple drums		Shovels1	. 40
Hoists, 1 drum			1.00	Tractors, under 40 hp	. 85
Mixers (10-S or less)		Mixers, over 10-S		Tractors, 40 hp. and over 1	. 15
Mixers (over 10-S)		Motor graders		Trenching machines 1	. 25
Motor graders		Piledrivers		Roofers, composition	. 90
Piledrivers 1		Pumps well point		Roofers, slate and tile	00
Pumps1		Pumps, well point		Sheet metal workers 1	. 50
Pumps, well point1	1. 15	Rollers, high type paving	1.25		. 125
	. 25	Rollers, bituminous		Steam fitters	. 50
Rollers, bituminous		Scrapers		Stonemasons or cutters 1	625
Scrapers1		Shovels		Terrazzo workers1	. 45
Shovels1		Tractors, under 40 hp		Terrazzo workers' helpers	. 60
	1.00		1.25	Tile setters1	. 45
Tractors, 40 hp. and over			1.375	Tile setters' helpers	. 60
	. 375	Roofers, composition	.90	Truck drivers, 1½ tons or less	. 65
Roofers, composition	.90	Roofers, slate and tile	.90	Truck drivers, over 11/2 tons	. 75
Roofers, slate and tile	.90	Roofers' kettlemen	. 60	Truck drivers, transit mix	. 80
	. 60	Sheet metal workers	1.00		P.R.
Sheet metal workers 1	. 00	Sheet metal workers' helpers		Well drillers 1	.00
Sheet metal workers' helpers			1.125	NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	. 60
	. 125		1.50	Franklin County	
	. 50		.75	Gaston County (see Mecklenburg	
	. 65		1. 625	County)	
	. 50		1.45	Gates County	
Teamsters		Tile setters1		Graham County (see Buncombe	
Terrazzo workers 1	25	Tile setters' helpers		County)	

Granville County (see Durham County)	Jackson County (see Buncombe County)	Mecklenburg County—Con. Building construction
Greene County Building	Johnston County	Power equipment operators—Con.
Guilford County construction Air tool op, (jackhammermen,	Jones County (see Craven County) Lee County	Truck drivers, transit mix \$0.8 Welders P.
vibrator)\$0.75	Lenoir County (see Craven County)	Well drillers 1.0
Asbestor workers 1.50	Lincoln County	Well drillers' helpers6
. 65	McDowell County Macon County (see Buncombe	Mitchell County
Asbestor workers' app., imp., help-1, 85 ers (1-4 yrs.)	Macon County (see Buncombe County)	Moore County (see Bladen County)
1.10	Madison County (see Buncombe	Nash County
Blacksmiths 1.00	County)	New Hanover County
Blacksmiths' helpers	Martin County Building Mecklenburg County construction	Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi- brator)
Boilermakers' helpers 1. 375	Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-	Asbestos workers1.5
Bricklayers 1.625	brator) \$0.85	Blacksmiths1.0
Carpenters, journeymen 1.25	Asbestos workers 1.50	Blacksmiths' helpers
Cement finishers 1.25	Asbestos workers' app., imp., help-	Boilermakers1.6
Firemen and oilers	Asbestos workers' app., imp., help- ers (1-4 yrs.)	Boilermakers' helpers 1.8
Glaziers 1.00	1,10	Carpenters, journeymen 1.1
Glaziers, metal and plate 1.125	Blacksmiths 1.00	Cement finishers 1.2
Iron workers, structural 1.50	Blacksmiths' helpers	Electricians 1.5
Iron workers, ornamental 1.50	Boilermakers' helpers 1.625	Firemen 1.0
Iron workers, reinforcing 1.25 Laborers, building 60	Bricklayers 1.625	Oilers 1.0
Laborers, concrete60	Carpenters, journeymen 1.25	"Glaziers, metal and plate 1.1
Laborers, unskilled 60	Cement finishers 1.375	Iron workers, structural 1.
Lathers 1.75	Firemen and oilers	Iron workers, ornamental 1.
Marble setters 1,45	Firemen and oilers	Iron workers' apprentices
Marble setters' helpers60 Mason tenders60	Glaziers, metal and plate 1.125	Iron workers' apprentices
Mortar mixers	Iron workers, structural 1.50	Laborers, concrete
Painters, brush 1.25	Iron workers, ornamental 1.50	Laborers, unskilled
Painters, spray 1.375	Iron workers, reinforcing	Lathers1.
Piledrivermen 1. 25 Plasterers 1. 625	Laborers, concrete70	Marble setters' helpers
Plasterers' tenders 70	Laborers, unskilled70	Mason tenders
Plumbers 1.50	Machinists 1.00	Mortar mixers
Power equipment operators:	Marble setters 1.45	Painters, brush and sign 1.
Air compressor 1.00	Marble setters' helpers	Painters, spray 1.
Blade graders 1.00 Bulldozers, under 40 hp85	Mortar mixers	Painters, structural steel1. Piledrivermen1.
Bulldozers, 40 hp. and over 1.15	Painters, brush 1.25	Pipe layers (concrete and clay)
Cranes, derricks, draglines 1.40	Painters, spray 1.375	Plasterers 1.
Distributors (bituminous sur-	Painters, structural steel 1.375	Plasterers' tenders
faces)85	Piledrivermen 1.25 Pipe layers (concrete and clay)90	Plumbers 1.
Finishing mach. (cem. conc.	Plasterers 1.50	Plumbers' helpers Power equipment operators:
pave.) 1.00 Hoists, 1 drum 1.15	Plasterers' tenders80	Air compressors 1.
Hoists, multiple drum 1.40	Plumbers 1.75	Blade graders 1.
Mixers (10-S, or smaller)75	Plumbers' app., helpers	Bulldozers, under 40 hp 1.
Mixers (larger than 10-S) 1.00	Power equipment operators: Air compressors85	Bulldozers, 40 hp. and over 1.
Motor graders 1.15 Piledrivers 1.40	Blade graders 1.00	Cranes, derricks, draglines 1. Distributors (bituminous sur-
Pumps ,85	Bulldozers, under 40 hp	faces)
Rollers, high type paving 1.15	Bulldozers, 40 hp. and over 1.15	Finishing mach. (cem. conc.
Rollers, bituminous85	Cranes, derricks, draglines 1.40 Distributors (bituminous sur-	pave.)1.
Scrapers 1.25 Shovels 1.40	faces)85	Hoists, 1 drum 1. Hoists, multiple drum 1.
Tractors, under 40 hp85	Finishing, mach. (cem. conc.	Mixers (10-S, or less) 1.
Tractors, 40 hp. and over 1.15	pave.) 1.00	Mixers (over 10-S) 1.
Trenching machines 1.25	Hoists, 1 drum 1.15	Motor graders1.
Roofers, composition90	Hoists, multiple drum 1.40	Piledrivers 1.
Roofers, slate and tile 1.00	Mixers (10-S, or smaller)	Pumps, well point1.
Sheet metal workers 1.50	Mixers (larger than 10-S) 1.00	Rollers, high type paving 1.
Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.25	Motor graders 1.15	Rollers, bituminous 1.
Steam fitters 1.50	Piledrivers 1.40 Pumps85	Scrapers 1.
Stonemasons 1. 625 Terrazzo workers 1. 45	Pumps	Shovels
Terrazzo workers' helpers	Rollers (high type paving)85	Tractors, 40 hp. and over 1.
Tile setters 1.45	Scrapers 1.25	Trenching machines 1.
Tile setters' helpers60	Shovels 1.40	Roofers, composition
Truck drivers, 11/2 tons or less65	Tractors, under 40 hp 85	Roofers, slate and tile
Truck drivers, over 11/2 tons75	Tractors, 40 hp. and over 1.15	Roofers' kettlemen
Truck drivers, transit mix80	Trenching machines 1,25	Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.
Well drillers 100	Roofers, composition90	Steam fitters 1.
Well drillers' helpers 60	Roofers, slate and tile 1.00 Sheet metal workers 1.50	Steam fitters' app, helpers
Well drillers' helpers	Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.25	Stone masons or cutters1.
Harnett County	Steam fitters 1.75	Terrazzo workers 1.
Haywood County (see Buncombe	Steam fitters' helpers65	Tile setters' helpers
	Stone masons or cutters 1.625	Truck drivers, 11/2 tons or less
County)		Truck drivers, over 11/2 tons
	Terrazzo workers 1.45	Truck drivers, over 172 tons
County) Henderson County (see Buncombe County)	Terrazzo workers' helpers 60	Truck drivers, transit mix
County) Henderson County (see Buncombe County) Hertford County	Terrazzo workers' helpers	Truck drivers, transit mix Northampton County
County) Henderson County (see Buncombe County)	Terrazzo workers' helpers60	Truck drivers, transit mix

Building	Surry County	Ru	ilding
Pasquotank county construction	Swain County (see Buncombe County)		truction
Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-	Transylvania County (see Buncombe County)	Well drillers, helpers	
brator) \$0.85	Tyrrell County (see Craven County)		. 90. 10
Asbestos workers 1.625	Union County (see Mecklenburg County)	Landscape works:	TO.
1.70		Finegradesmen	
	Vance County	Plantsmen	
Asbestos workers' app., imp., help- 1.15	Wake County (see Durham County)	Pruners	
ers 1.15	Warren County	Sheet metal workers	1.00
1.15	Washington County (see Craven County)	Benson County	
Blacksmiths 1, 10	Watauga County	Billings County	
Blacksmiths' helpers, 65	Wayne County	Bottenean County	
Boilermakers1, 625	Wilkes County	Carry Anna San Special Control of the Control of th	
		Burke County	
Boilermakers' helpers 1,375	Wilson County	Burleigh County	
Bricklayers 1.58	Yadkin County (see Forsyth County)	Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-	
Carpenters, journeymen 1.15	Yancey County	brator)	.80
Cement finishers 1, 25	2.007.00	Blacksmiths	
Electricians 1.50	§ 807.33 Area wage rates for North	Blacksmiths, helpers	
Electricians' app., helpers65	Dakota.		
	William Committee of the Committee of th	Bricklayers	
Firemen and ollers85	Adams County Building	Carpenters, journeymen	
Glaziers 1.00	Barnes County construction	Cement finishers	1.25
Glaziers, metal and plate 1.125	Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-	Electricians	
Iron workers, structural 1.75	brator) \$0.80	Firemen and oilers	. 85
Iron workers, ornamental 1.75		Iron workers, structural	
Iron workers, reinforcing 1.50	Blacksmiths 1.10	Iron workers, ornamental	
	Blacksmiths helpers75		
Laborers, building65	Boilermakers 1.75	Iron workers, reinforcing	
Laborers, concrete 65	Boilermakers, helpers 1.50	Laborers, unskilled	
Laborers, unskilled65	Bricklayers 1.75	Lathers	
Lathers 1.50	Carpenters, journeymen 1.25	Mason tenders	.80
Marble setters 1.25	Cement finishers 1,25	Mortar mixers	. 80
Marble setters' helpers65		Painters, brush	1.25
	Electricians 1.25	Dainters sign	1 05
	Firemen and oilers85	Painters, sign	
Mortar mixers	Glaziers 1.25	Painters, spray	
Painters, brush and sign 1.125	Iron workers, structural 1.50	Painters, structural steel	1.40
Painters, spray 1.375	Iron workers, ornamental 1.50	Painters, apprentices:	
Piledrivermen 1.15	Iron workers, reinforcing 1,44	1st year 30% of journeymen's	
Pipe layers (concrete and clay)75		rate.	
Plasterers 1.50	Laborers, unskilled, 70		
	Lathers 1.25	2d year, 50% of journeymen's	
Plasterers' tenders80	Marble setters 1.25	rate.	
Plumbers 1.50	Marble setters, helpers80	3d year 65% of journeymen's	
Plumbers' app., helpers75	Mason tenders80	rate.	
Power equipment operators:		4th year 80% of journeymen's	
Air compressors (stationary) 1.25	Mortar mixers80	rate.	
	Painters, brush 1.25	Piledrivermen	1, 25
Air compressors (portable) 1.00	Painters, sign 1.25		
Bulldozers, under 40 hp 1.00	Painters, structural steel 1.40	Plumbers	
Bulldozers, 40 hp. and over 1.25	Piledrivermen 1.25	Plumbers, helpers	.80
Cranes, derricks, draglines 1.50	Plasterers 1. 25	Power equipment operators:	
Distributors	Plactorers tondons	Air compressors	1.00
Finishing mach 1.00	Plasterers, tenders80	Blade graders	
	Plumbers 1.375		
Hoists, 1 drum 1. 25	Plumbers, helpers	Cranes or draglines	
Hoists, multiple drum 1.50	Power equipment operators:	Distributors (bituminous sur-	
Mixers (10-S, or smaller) 1.00	Air compressors 1.00	faces)	1.20
Mixers (larger than 10-S) 1.25	Plada gradara 1.00	Finishing mach, (cem, conc.	
Motor graders 1.25	Blade graders 1.20	pave.)	1.20
Piledrivers 1.50	Cranes or draglines 1.50	Hoists	
	Distributors (bituminous sur-	Mixers, 1 cu. yd. or less (skip)	
Pumps 1.00	faces) 1.20		1.00
Rollers, high type paving 1.25	Finishing mach, (cem. conc.	Mixers, concrete paving, over 1 cu.	2 500
Rollers, bituminous 1.00	pave.) 1.20	yd	
Scrapers 1.25	Hoists 1.40	Motor graders	1.40
Shovels 1,50	Mixers, 1 cu. yd. or less (skip) 1.00	Pumps, 3" and over	1.00
Tractors, under 40 hp 1.00		Rollers, 8 tons or under (self pro-	
	Mixers, concrete, paving over 1	pelled)	1.20
Tractors, 40 hp. and over 1.25	cu. yd 1.40	Rollers, over 8 tons (self pro-	
Trenching machines 1.375	Motor graders 1.40		1 10
Roofers, composition75	Pumps 3" and over 1.00	pelled)	
Roofers, slate and tile90	Rollers, 8 tons or under (self-	Shovels	1.50
Roofers' helpers	propelled) 1.20	Tractors, 50 hp, or less without	The state
Sheet metal workers 1.00	Rollers, over 8 tons (self-pro-	power take-off	1.00
Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.15		Tractors over 50 hp., without	
Steam fitters 1.50	pelled) 1.40	power take-off	1.10
	Shovels 1.50	Tractors 50 hp. with power take-	P. S. 18 Ch.
Steam fitters' app., helpers75	Tractors, 50 hp. or less, without	off	1, 20
Stone masons 1.58	power take-off 1.00		2,20
Terrazzo workers 1.25	Tractors, over 50 hp. without	Tractors over 50 hp. with power	T-West III
Terrazzo workers' helpers	power take-off 1.10	take-off	1.30
Tile setters 1.25	Tractors, 50 hp. with power take-	Trenching machines	1.40
Tile setters' helpers65		Roofers, composition	
Truck drivers, 11/2 tons or less70	Off 1.20	Roofers, slate and tile	
	Tractors, over 50 hp. with power	Sheet metal workers	1 00
Truck drivers, over 1½ tons75	take-off 1.30		
Truck drivers, transit mix 85	Trenching machines 1.40	Steam fitters	
Welders P.R.	Roofers, composition 1.00	Steam fitters' helpers	
ender County (see New Hanover County)	Therefore aloke 6 Little	Stone masons	
erquimans County (see Pasquotank County)	Soft floor levers (linelever)	Truck drivers, 11/2 tons or less	
erson County	Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.25		
	Steam fitters 1.375	Truck drivers, over 11/2 tons	. 80.
itt County (see Craven County)	Steam fitters, helpers80	Welders—receive rate prescribed for	
olk County	Stone masons or cutters 1.75	craft performing operation to	
andolph County (see Guilford County)	Terrazzo workers 1.25	which welding is incidental.	
ichmond County (see Bladen County)		and as a sea	1.00
obeson County (see Bladen County)		Well drillers' halvana	1.00
	Tile setters 1.25	Well drillers' helpers	. 75
ockingham County (see Guilford County)	Tile setters, helpers80	Cass County:	
lowan County	Truck drivers, 11/2 tons or less75	Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-	
utherford County	Truck drivers, over 11/2 tons80	brator)	. 80
ampson County	Welders—receive rate prescribed for	Ashestos workers	
cotland County (see Bladen County)		Asbestos workers	1.50
tanley County (see Mecklenburg County)	craft performing operation to	Asbestos workers' app., imp. help-	
tokes County	which welding is incidental.	ers	. 90
- Carlos Courtey	Well drillers	Blackemithe	4 40

Building	Mountrail County	Wells County
Cass County—Continued. construction	Nelson County	Williams County Highway
Blacksmith's helpers \$0.75	Oliver County	State-wide rates: construction
Boilermakers 1.75	Pembina County	Air tool operators \$0.80
Boilermarkers' helpers 1,50	Pierce County	Wagon drill operators 1.00
Bricklayers 1.75 Carpenters, journeymen 1.35	Ramsey County Ransom County	Asphalt rakers
Cement finishers 1.25	Renville County	Blacksmiths1.10
Electricians 1.25	Richland County	Blacksmiths' helpers75
Firemen and oilers	Rolette County	Blasters 1, 25
Glaziers 1.25	Sargent County (see Barnes County)	Blasters' helpers 80
Iron workers, structural 1.50	Sheridan County	Carpenters 1.25
Iron workers, ornamental 1.50	Sioux County	Cement finishers 1.25
Iron workers, reinforcing 1.44	Slope County	Bull float operator (hand)90
Laborers, unskilled70 Lathers 1.25	Stark County	Bull float operator (machine) 1,00 Concrete puddler 80
Lathers 1.25 Marble setters 1.25	Steele County Stutsman County	Concrete puddler
Marble setters' helpers80	Towner County	Structural iron workers 1.50
Mason tenders80	Traill County	Laborers70
Mortar mixers	Walsh County Building	Oilers85
Painters, brush 1.25	Ward County construction	Painters 1.00
Painters, spray 1.40	Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-	Pipe layers
Painters, structural steel 1.40	brator) \$0.85	Master mechanics 1.30
Piledrivermen 1.25	Blacksmiths 1.10	Heavy duty mechanics (light) 1.00
Plasterers 1, 25	Blacksmiths' helpers85	Heavy duty mechanics (all other) 1.25
Plasterers' tenders80	Boilermakers 1,75	Head form setter (concrete) 1.00
Plumbers 1.375	Boilermakers' helpers 1.50	Form setter helper (construction
Plumbers' app., helpers 80	Bricklayers 1.75	laborer)
Power equipment operators:	Carpenters, journeymen 1.35	Truck drivers: Up to 6 cu. yds., box water level90
Air compressors 1.00	Cement finishers 1, 25	6 to 8 cu. yds., box water level 1.00
Blade graders 1.20 Cranes, derricks, draglines 1.50	Electricians 1.25	8 cu. yds. and over, box water
Distributors (bituminous sur-	Firemen and oilers85	level (straight job) 1.10
faces) 1.20	Glaziers 1.25	8 cu. yds. and over, box water
Finishing mach. (cem. conc.	Iron workers, structural 1.50	level (tandem rear or 2 unit
pave.) 1, 20	Iron workers, ornamental 1.50	equipment) 1.25
Hoists, 1 drum 1.40	Iron workers, reinforcing 1.44	Power equipment operators:
Mixers, 1 c. y. or less 1.00	Laborers, unskilled 85	Asphalt plants 1.30
Mixers, over 1 c. y. (paving) 1.40	Lathers 1.25 Marble setters 1.25	Asphalt plants traveling 1.30
Motor graders 1.40	Marble setters' helpers85	Asphalt road spreader and fin-
Pump, 3" and over 1.00	Mason tenders85	isher 1.30
Rollers, 8 tons and under (self-	Mortar mixers85	Bituminous distributor drivers90
propelled) 1.20	Painters, brush and sign 1.25	Bituminous distributors 1.25 Bituminous finishing machines 1.30
Rollers, over 8 tons (self-pro-	Painters, spray 1.50	Bituminous finishing machines 1.30 Clamshells and draglines 1.50
pelled) 1.40	Painters, swing stage 1.40	Shovel operators 1.50
Shovels 1.50	Piledrivermen 1.35	Crusher plants 1.25
Tractors, 50 h. p. or less without	Pipe layers (concrete and clay)85	Concrete finishers 1.25
power take-off 1.00	Plasterers 1.25	Gravel washing and screening
Tractors, over 50 h. p. 1.10 Tractors, 50 h. p. or less with	Plasterers' tenders 85	plants 1.25
p. t. 0 1. 20	Plumbers 1.375	Loaders,90
Tractors, over 50 h. p. with	Plumbers' app., helpers85	Concrete mixer, 2 sack mixers or
p. t. o 1. 30	Power equipment operators:	less85
Trenching machines 1.40	Air compressors 1,00	Concrete pavers 1.30
Roofers, composition 1.00	Blade graders 1.20	Pumps, 3" in diameter or less85
Roofers, slate and tile 1.00	Cranes, derricks, draglines 1.50 Distributors (bituminous sur-	Pumps, over 3" in diameter 1.10
Roofers' helpers	faces) 1.20	Motor graders, patrol 1.10 Motor graders, finishers 1.25
Sheet metal workers 1.00	Finishing mach. (cem. conc.	Motor graders, finishers 1.25 Piledrivers 1.30
Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.25	pave.) 1, 20	Piledrivers' helpers75
Steam fitters 1.375	Hoists, 1 drum 1.40	Cement handlers, hand80
Steam fitters' app. helpers	Mixers, less than 1 cu. yd 1.00	Cement handlers, power90
Stone masons or cutters 1.75	Mixers, 1 cu. yd. or larger 1.40	Road rollers 1.30
Terrazzo workers 1.25	Motor graders 1.40	Stabilizing plants 1.25
Terrazzo workers' helpers80 Tile setters 1.25	Pumps 1.00	Tractors, wheel type85
Tile setters' helpers80	Rollers, 8 tons and under—self-	Tractors, 40 hp. to 50 hp. with or
Truck drivers75	propelled1.20	without power take-off 1.00
Truck drivers80	Rollers, over 8 tons—self-pro-	Tractors, in excess of 50 hp. with
WeldersP.R.	pelled 1.40	power take-off 1.20
Well drillers 1.00	Shovels 1.50 Tractors, 50 hp. and less without	Form trenching machines
Well drillers' helpers75	p. t. 0 1.00	Trenching machines 1.25 Subgraders 1.00
Cavalier County	Tractors, over 50 hp. without	Form tamps
Dickey County	p. t. Q 1.10	Elevating graders 1.20
Divide County	Tractors, 50 hp. and less with	Production of the contract of
Dunn County	p. t. o 1. 20	§ 807.40 Area wage rates for South
Eddy County	Tractors, over 50 hp. with p. t. o. 1.30	Dakota.
Emmons County	Trenching machines 1.40	Armstrong County
Foster County Golden Valley County	Roofers, composition 1.00	Aurora County (see Davison County)
Golden Valley County Grand Fork County (see Barnes	Roofers, slate and tile 1.00	Beadle County (see Davison County)
County)	Roofers' helpers	Bennett County
Grant County	Sheet metal workers 1.00	Bon Homme County (see Davison County)
Griggs County	Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.35	Brookings County (see Davison County)
Hettinger County	Steam fitters 1,375	Brown County
Kidder County	Steam fitters' app., helpers 85	Brule County (see Davison County)
La Moure County	Stone masons or cutters 1.75	Buffalo County (see Davison County)
Logan County	Terrazzo workers' helpers 85	Butte County
McHenry County	Terrazzo workers' helpers85	
McIntosh County	Tile setters 1.25	Charles Mix County (see Davison County)
McKenzie County	Tile setters' helpers85	Clark County (see Davison County)
McLean County	Truck drivers	Clark County (see Davison County)
Mercer County	Well drillers 1.00	Clay County (see Davison ounty)
Morton County	Well drillers' helpers85	Codington County

Custer County But	ilding	Jackson County	Amelia County
	ruction	Jerauld County (see Davison County)	Amherst County
Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-		Jones County	Appomattox County
Asbestos workers		Kingsbury County (see Davison County) Lake County (see Davison County)	Arlington County (see District of Columbia) Building
Blacksmiths		Lawrence County	Augusta County construction
Blacksmiths' helpers		Lincoln County (see Davison County)	Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-
Boilermakers	1.75	Lyman County	brator) \$0.70
Boilermakers' helpers		McCook County (see Davison County)	Asbestos workers 1.625
Bricklayers		McPherson County	Blacksmiths 1,00 Blacksmiths helpers 65
Carpenters, journeymen		Marshall County Meade County	Boilermakers 1.75
Cement finishers		Mellette County	Boilermakers' helpers 1.50
Firemen and oilers		Miner County (see Davison County)	Bricklayers 1.75
Glaziers		Minnehaha County (see Davison County)	Carpenters, journeymen 1.375
Iron workers, structural	1.50	Moody County (see Davison County)	Cement finishers 1.50
Iron workers, ornamental		Pennington County	Electricians 1.625
Iron workers, reinforcing		Perkins County	Firemen 1. 20
Laborers, building	. 75	Potter County	Ollers 1. 10
Laborers, unskilled		Roberts County Sanborn County (see Davison County)	Glaziers 1.00 Iron workers, structural 1.725
Marble setters	1 25	Shannon County	Iron workers, ornamental 1.725
Marble setters' helpers	. 75	Spink County	Iron workers, reinforcing 1.45
Mason tenders		Stanley County	Laborers, building
Mortar mixers		Sully County	Laborers, concrete65
Painters, brush		Todd County	Laborers, unskilled65
Painters, spray	1.25	Tripp County	Lathers 1.75
Piledrivermen	1.25	Turner County (see Davison County)	Marble setters 1.25
Plasterers		Union County (see Davison County)	Marble setters' helpers65 Mason tenders70
Plasterers' tenders		Washebaugh County	Mason tenders
Plumbers app., helpers		Washington County	Painters, brush 1.25
Power equipment operators:		Yankton County (see Davison County)	Painters, spray 1.40
Air compressors	1.00	Ziebach County	Painters, structural steel 1.40
Blade graders	1.20		Piledrivermen 1.15
Bulldozers	1.30	§ 807.45 Area wage rates for Virginia.	Plasterers 1.625
Cranes, derricks, draglines	1.50	Pauliding	Plasterers' tenders70
Distributors (bituminous sur-		Building construction	Plumbers 1.50
faces)		Accomac County (see Norfolk County)	Plumbers' app., helpers70
Finishing mach. (cem. conc.		Albemarle County	Power equipment operators: See
pave.)		Air tool op. (jackhammermen,	State-wide schedule (Building and Heavy Construction).
Mixers, 1 c. y. or less		vibrator) \$0.70	Trenching machines 1.625
Mixers (large than 10-S) paving		Asbestor workers 1.625	Roofers, composition 1.00
over 1 c. y		Blacksmiths 1.00	Roofers, slate and tile 1.00
Motor graders		Blacksmiths' helpers	Roofers' helpers
Piledrivers		Bollermakers 1.75	Sheet metal workers 1.25
Pumps, 3" and over		Boilermarkers' helpers 1.50 Bricklayers 1.75	Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.15
Rollers, 8 tons or under		Carpenters, journeymen 1.375	Steam fitters 1.50
Rollers, over 8 tons		Cement finishers 1.625	Steam fitters' app., helpers70 Stone masons or cutters 1.75
ScrapersShovels		Electricians 1.625	Terrazzo workers 1.10
Tractors, 50 h. p. and less with-		Firemen 1.20	Terrazzo workers' helpers 65
out power take off		Oilers 1, 10	Terrazzo base machine operators 1.10
Tractors, over 50 h. p. without		Glaziers 1,00	Tile setters70
power take off		Iron workers, structural 1.725	Truck drivers
Tractors, 50 h. p. and less with		Iron workers, ornamental 1.725	Bath County
power take off		Iron workers, reinforcing 1.45 Laborers, building65	Bedford County
Tractors, over 50 h. p. with power take off	1.30	Laborers, concrete	Bland County
Trenching machines		Laborers, unskilled65	Botetourt County
Roofers, composition		Lathers 1.75	Brunswick County Buchanan County
Roofers, slate and tile		Marble setters 1.25	Buckingham County
Roofers' helpers		Marble setters' helpers65	Campbell County (see Roanoke
Sheet metal workers	1.125	Mason tenders70	County) -
Soft floor layers (linoleum)		Mortar mixers70	Caroline County (see Henrico
Steam fitters		Painters, brush	County)
Steam fitters' app., helpers		Painters, spray 1.40 Painters, structural steel 1.40	Carroll County
Stone masons or cutters		Piledrivermen 1. 15	Charles City County
Terrazzo workers' helpers		Pipe layers (concrete and clay)70	Charlotte County Chesterfield County (see Henrico
Tile setters		Plasterers 1.625	Chesterfield County (see Henrico
'Tile setters' helpers		Plasterers' tenders70	Clarke County
Truck drivers		Plumbers 1.625	Craig County
Day County		Power equipment operators: See	Culpeper County
Deuel County (see Davison County)		State-wide rates, (Building and	Cumberland County (see Henrico
Dewey County		Heavy Construction).	County)
Douglas County (see Davison County)	Roofers, composition 1.00	Dickenson County
Edmunds County		Roofers, slate and tile 1.00	Dinwiddie County (see Henrico
Fall River County		Roofers' helpers65	County)
Faulk County		Sheet metal workers 1, 25	Elizabeth City County (see Warwick
Grant County		Soft floor layers 1.15	County)
Gregory County		Steam fitters 1.625	Essex County
Haakon County		Stone masons 1.75	Fairfax County (see District of
Hamlin County (see Davison County)	Terrazzo workers 1.10	Columbia)
Hand County (see Davison County)		Terrazzo workers' helpers65	Fauquier County
Hanson County (see Davison County)	Terrazzo base machine operators 1.10	Floyd County (see Roanoke County)
Harding County	J. Charles	Tile setters 1.10	Fluvanna County
Hughes County (see Davison County		Tile setters' helpers	Franklin County (see Roanoke
Hutchinson County (see Davison Cou	III CV)	Truck drivers	County)

Building	Building	Patrick County (see Roanoke County)
Frederick County construction	Henrico County—Continued, construction	Pittsylvania County (see Roanoke
Air tool op. (jackhammerman, vi-	Terrazzo workers' helpers \$0.70	County)
brator) \$0.75	Tile setters 1.375	Powhatan County (see Henrico
Bricklayers 1.75	Tile setters' helpers70	County)
Carpenters, journeymen 1.375	Truck drivers75	Prince Edward County
Cement finishers 1.50	Welders P. R.	Prince George County (see Henrico
Electricians 1.80	Well drillers 1.00	County)
Iron workers, structural 2.25	Well drillers' helpers75	Princess Anne County (see Norfolk
Iron workers, reinforcing 1.85	Henry County (see Roanoke County)	County)
Laborers, building75	Highland County	Prince William County (see District
Laborers, concrete75	Isle of Wight County	of Columbia)
Laborers, unskilled75	James City County (see Warwick	Pulaski County (see Roanoke County)
Lathers 1.75	County)	Rappahannock County
Mason tenders75	King and Queen County	Richmond County Building
Mortar mixers75	King George County	Roanoke County construction
Painters, brush 1.775	King William County	Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-
Plasterers 1.75	Lancaster County	
Plasterers' tenders75	Lee County	Asbestos workers 1.50
Plumbers 1.50	Loudoun County	
Power equipment operators: See	Louisa County	
State-wide rates (Building and	Lunenburg County	Ashertos workers' app. (2nd yr.)80
heavy construction).	Madison County	Asbestos workers' app. (3rd yr.)90
Roofers, composition 1st hand 1.70	Mathews County (see Henrico	Asbestos workers' app. (4th yr.) 1.05
Roofers, 2nd hand kettlemen 1,40	County)	Blacksmiths 1.125
Roofers' helpers95	Mecklenburg County	Blacksmiths' helpers70
Sheet metal workers 1.875	Middlesex County	Bollermakers' helpers 1.75
Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.375	Montgomery County (see Roanoke	Boilermakers' helpers 1.80
Truck drivers, str. or dump under		Bricklayers 1.75
5 c. y80	Nansemond County (see Norfolk	Carpenters, journeymen 1.125
Truck drivers, str. or dump under	Nansemond County (see Norfolk	Cement finishers 1.475
5 c. y. to 10 c. y 1.10	County)	Electricians 1.50
Truck drivers, str. or dump under	New Vent County	Firemen 1, 20
	New Kent County	Oilers 1.10
10 c. y. to 15 c. y 1. 25	Norfolk County	Glaziers 1.00
Welders P.R.	Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-	Iron workers, structural 1.50
Gles County	brator)85	Iron workers, ornamental 1.50
Gloucester County	Asbestos workers 1.625	Iron workers, reinforcing 1.25
Goochland County	Asbestos workers' app. (1st yr.)70	Iron workers' apprentices75
Grayson County	Asbestos workers' app. (2nd, 3rd &	Laborers, concrete 65
Greene County	4th yrs.) 1.15	Laborers, unskilled65
Greensville County (see Henrico	Blacksmiths 1.10	Lathers 1.75
County)	Blacksmiths' helpers65	Machinists 1.25
Halifax County (see Roanoke County)	Boilermakers 1.75	Machinists' helpers75
Hanover County (see Henrico County)	Boilermakers' helpers 1.50	Marble setters 1.25
Henrico County	Bricklayers 1.875	Marble setters' helpers65
Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-	Carpenters, journeymen 1.375	Mason tenders70
brator)90	Electricians 1.625	Mortar mixers
Asbestos workers 1.625	Firemen 1.20	Painters, brush 1.25
1 .70	Oilers 1, 10	Painters, spray 1.40
Ashartas markent ton (1.15	Glaziers 1.375	Painters, structural steel 1.40
Asbestos workers', imp., (1-4 yrs) = \ \\ \frac{1.15}{1.15}	Iron workers, structural 1.75	Piledrivermen1.25
1.15	Iron workers, ornamental 1.75	Pipe layers (concrete and clay)70
Blacksmiths1.00	Iron workers, reinforcing 1.50	Plasterers 1.625
Boilermakers 1.75	Laborers	Plasterers' tenders70
Boilermakers' helpers 1.50	Lathers 1.625	Plumbers 1.625
Bricklayers 1.875	Marble setters 1.625	
Carpenters, journeymen 1.30	Marble setters' helpers75	Power equipment operators: See
Electricians 1.25	Mason tenders80	State-wide rates (Building and
Electricians' app., helpers 1.625	Mortar mixers80	Heavy Construction)
Firemen 1.20	Painters, brush and sign 1.375	
Oilers 1.10	Painters, spray 1.375	Roofers, composition 1.25
Glaziers 1.00	Painters, structural steel 1.625	Roofers, slate and tile 1.25
Iron workers, structural 1.725	Piledrivermen 1.15	Roofers' helpers
Iron workers, ornamental 1.725	Pipe layers (concrete and clay) 1.80	Sheet metal workers 1.25 Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.25
Iron workers, reinforcing 1.45	Plasterers 1.625	Steam fitters 1.625
Laborers, unskilled75	Plasterers' tenders80	Steam fitters! helpers
Lathers 1.50	Plumbers 1.75	Stone mesons or sutters 175
Machinists 1 4375	Plumbers' app., helpers75	Stone masons or cutters 1.75
Machinists' helpers 8625	Power equipment operators: See	Terrazzo workers 1.10
Marble setters 1.50	State-wide rates (Building and	Terrazzo workers' helpers65
Marble setters' helpers75	heavy construction).	Tile setters 1.10
Mason tenders 1.00	THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF	Tile setters' helpers70
Mortar mixers 1.00		Truck drivers 11/2 tons and under70
Painters, brush and sign 1.375	Roofers, slate and tile	Truck drivers over 11/2 tons80
Painters, spray 1.725	Roofers' helpers65 Sheet metal workers 1.40	Well drillers75
Painters, structural steel 1.625		Well drillers' helpers65
Piledrivermen 1.30	Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.375	Rockbridge County (see Roanoke
	Steam fitters 1.75 Steam fitters' app., helpers	
Plasterers 1.75	CONTRACTOR	County)
Plasterers' tenders 1.00	Stone masons or cutters 1.875	Rockingham County (see Augusta
Plumbers 1. 75	Terrazzo workers 1.625	County)
Power equipment as 1.75	Terrazzo workers' helpers	Russell County
Power equipment operators: See	Tile setters 1.625	Scott County
State-wide rates (Building and	Tile setters' helpers75	Shenandoah County
heavy construction).	Truck drivers	Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-
Roofers, composition875	Well drillers	brator)75
Roofers, state and tile 125	Well drillers' helpers65	
mooiers' helpers60	Northampton County	Carpenters, journeymen 1,375
oneet metal workers 1.50	Northumberland County	Cement finishers 1.50
Soit noor layers (linoleum) 1.30	Nottoway County (see Henrico Coun-	Electricians 1.80
Steam fitters1.75	ty)	Iron workers, reinforcing 1.85
Stone masons 1.875	Orange County	Laborers, building
Terrazzo workers 1.375	Page County	Mason tenders75
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No. 194—3		

Building	Building	Highway
Shenandoah County-Con. construction	Warwick County-Continued. construction	construction
Mortar mixers \$0.75	Oilers \$1.10	State-wide rates (except Arlington and
Painters, brush 1.25	Glaziers 1.875	Fairfax Counties)—Continued.
Plumbers 1, 50	Iron workers, structural 1.75	Carpenter helper \$0.85
Power equipment operators: See	Iron workers, ornamental 1.75	Cement handler, 75
State-wide rates (Building and	Iron workers, reinforcing 1.50	Cement cutter90
Heavy Construction).	Laborers, building	Ditch bracer80
Roofers, slate and tile 1.25	Lathers 1.625	Dumper
Roofers' helpers	Marble setters 1.625	Finisher (cement) 1.25
Truck drivers	Marble setters' helpers75	Finisher (cement helper) 1.00
WeldersP. R.	Mason tenders80	Fireman
Smyth County	Mortar mixers	Form builder 1.00
Southampton County (see Norfolk	Painters, brush and sign 1,25	Form liner75
County)	Painters, spray1.375	Formliner helper65
Spotsylvania County (see Henrico	Painters, structural steel 1.375	Formsetter (concrete) 1.15
County)	Piledrivermen 1.15	Formsetter helper85
Stafford County	Pipe layers (concrete and clay)80	Formsetter (asphalt) 1.00
Surrey County	Plasterers 1.625	Handy man80
Sussex County	Plasterers' tenders80	Jointsetter75
Tazewell County	Plumbers 1.625	Laborer (concrete)
Warren County:	Plumbers' helpers75	Laborer (common)
Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-	Power equipment operators: See	Laborer
brator) 1.05	State-wide rates (Building and	Machinist 1, 10
Asbestos workers1.9375	heavy construction).	Manhole builder 1.00
	Roofers, composition 1,00	Mechanic (heavy) 1.25
Asbestos workers', imp. (1-4 yrs.) \\ \frac{1.15}{1.35}	Roofers, slate and tile 1.25	Mechanic (truck) 1.00
	Roofers' helpers65	Mechanic helper75
Blacksmiths	Sheet metal workers 1.40	Mortar mixer70
Blacksmiths' helpers	Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.375	Oiler90
	Steam fitters 1.625	Operators:
Boilermakers 1.75	Steam fitters' app., helpers75	Air Compressor90
Boilermakers' helpers 1.50	Stone masons or cutters 1.875	Asphalt plant mixer90
Bricklayers 1.75	Terrazzo workers 1.625	Asphalt plant helper75
Carpenters, journeymen 1.375	Terrazzo workers' helpers75	Asphalt plant dryer90
Cement finishers1.50	Tile setters 1.625	Backhoe 1.25
Electricians 1.80	Tile setters' helpers75	Bin (aggregate) 1.00
Firemen 1. 20	Truck drivers90	Bin (bulk cement)80
Oilers 1.10	Well drillers875	Bladegrader 1.00
Glaziers 1.00	Well drillers' helpers65	Blower 85
Iron workers, structural 2.25	Washington County	Bulldozer (over 40 hp) 1.25
Iron workers, ornamental	Westmoreland County (see Henrico	Bulldozer (under 40 hp) 1.00
Iron workers, rodmen reinforcing	, County)	Conveyor90
steel placers 1.85	Wise County	Crane (1 yd. and up) 1.50
Laborers, building75	Wythe County	Crane (under 1 yd.) 1.25
Laborers, concrete75		Crusher 1.25
Laborers, unskilled75	York County (see Warwick County)	Distributor 1.00
Lathers 1.875	Building	Distributor driver 1.00
Marble setters 1.90	and heavy	Ditching Machine 1,25
Marble setters' helpers 1. 25	construction	Dragline (1 yd. and up) 1.50
Mason tenders 1.00	State-wide rates (except Arlington,	Dragline (under 1 yd.) 1.25
Mortar mixers 1.00	Fairfax, and Prince William	
Painters, brush 1.775	counties):	Elevator grader 1.00
Painters, spray2.00	Power equipment operators:	Finishing machine (asphalt) 1.00
Painters, structural steel 2.25	Air compressors \$1.37½	Finishing machine helper75
Piledrivermen 1.375	Bulldozers 1.50	Finishing machine (concrete) 1.25
Pipe layers (concrete and clay)	Backhoes 1.62½	Formline grader80
Plasterers 1.75	Cranes 1. 62½	Hoist 1.25
Plasterers' tenders 1.00	Fireman 1.20	Jackhammer85
Plumbers 1.75	Derricks 1.62½	Motorgrader 1.25
Power equipment operators: See	Draglines 1.621/2	Mixer (5 bags and less)90
State-wide rates (Building and	Distributors 1, 371/2	Paver (1 drum) 1.50
Heavy Construction).	Finishing machines 1.37½	Paver (2 drums) 1.50
Roofers, composition1.70	Hoist 1 drum 1.37½	Paving breaker 85
Roofers, slate and tile 2,00	Hoist, multiple drum 1.621/2	Piledriver 1.25
Sheet metal workers 2.00	Mixers, 10-S or smaller 1.25	Piledriver helper90
Soft floor layers (linoleum) 1.375	Mixers, larger than 10-S 1.37\\\2	Power (subgrade) 1.25
Steam fitters 1.75	Motor graders 1.50	Roller (subgrade) 1.00
Stone masons1.75	Pile drivers 1. 621/2	Roller (pavement) 1.25
Terrazzo workers 1.725	Pavers 1.62½	Roller (surface treatment)90
Terrazzo workers' helpers 1. 25	Pumps, 2" discharge 1.20	Rotary broom
Tile setters 1.725	Pumps, over 2" discharge 1.371/2	Scraper (40 hp. and over) 1.25
Tile setters' helpers 1. 25	Mechanics, heavy duty 1.621/2	Scraper (under 40 hp.) 1.00
Truck drivers(1)	Rollers, earth 1, 371/2	Shovel (1 yd. and over) 1.50
Warwick County:	Rollers, asphalt 1.50	Shovel (under 1 yd.) 1.25
	Scrapers, wheel type 1.621/2	Spreader box 1.00
Air tool op. (jackhammermen, vi-	Shovels 1.62½	Tournapull 1. 25
Asbestos workers 1. 625	Truck Crane 1.621/2	Tractor (wheel)
(70	Tractors, without attachments_ 1.371/2	Tractor (under 40 hp.)75
1 15	Tractors, with attachments 1.50	Tractor (40 hp. and over) 1.00
Asbestos workers', imp. (1-4 yrs.) 1.15 1.15	Trenching machines 1.621/2	Trenching machine 1.00
1, 15	Apprentice engineers and oilers 1.10	Truck driver (light)70
	Tournapull 1.62½	Truck driver (heavy)75
Blacksmiths 1.10		Truck driver (extra heavy) 1.00
Blacksmiths' helpers65	Highway	Vibrator (pavement)85
Boilermakers 1.75	State wide rates (except Arlington	Wagon drill 1.00
Boilermakers' helpers 1.50	State-wide rates (except Arlington and	Painters 1.00
Bricklayers 1.875	Fairfax Counties):	
Carpenters 1.30	Asphalt tamper \$0.75	Pipelayer (concrete relay)80
Electricians 1.625	Blacksmith 1.15	Pipelayer (storm drain)80
Firemen 1.20	Blacksmith helper	Powderman (blasting) 1.25
	Bricklayer 1.25	Powder monkey75
TO THE WAY SEE THE PARTY OF THE	Car trimmer	Pumpman
Take District of Columbia rates.	Carpenter 1. 25	Baker (asphalt) 1.00
	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	

State-wide rates (except Arlington and Fairfax Counties) -

	Highway
	construction
Baker helper	\$0.70
Saw filer	
Steel setter (reinf.)	
Stone mason	1. 25
Stone cutter	1, 25
Truck backup mar	
Watchman	
Waterboy	
Weighman	.80
Welder	1.25
Flagman	

(56 Stat. 765 U.S. C. 961; E.O. 9250, 7 F. R. 7871; E. O. 9381, 8 F. R. 13083; E. O. 9672, 11 F. R. 221; E. O. 9697, 11 F. R. 1691; Reg. Dir. of Ec. Stab. dated March 8, 1946, 11 F. R. 2517; G. O. 13 of the NWSB, 8 F. R. 14039; Organization and Jurisdiction of the NWSB, 11 F. R. 5820; Reg's Governing Wage Controls in the Bldg. & Construction Industry, 11 F. R.

B. M. JOFFE, Executive Director.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17794; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 32-NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter VIII-Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce

Subchapter B-Export Control

CERTAIN EXPORT LICENSES.

ORDER EXTENDING VALIDITY

It is hereby ordered, That all outstanding export licenses, except licenses to export coal, Department of Commerce Schedule B No. 500100 and 500200, which expire by their own terms or the terms of the order of extension dated September 19, 1946 (11 F. R. 10754) during the period October 5, 1946 through October 20, 1946, are extended through October 21, 1946: Provided, That shipments made under such licenses are exported by ocean carriers.

(Sec. 6, 54 Stat. 714; 55 Stat. 206; 56 Stat. 463; 58 Stat. 671; 59 Stat. 270; 60 Stat. 215; E. O. 9630, 10 F. R. 12245)

Dated: September 30, 1946.

FRANCIS MCINTYRE, Deputy Director for Export Control, Commodities Branch.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17858; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[Amdt, 2501

PART 801-GENERAL REGULATIONS PROHIBITED EXPORTATIONS

Section 801.2 Prohibited exportations is amended as follows:

The list of commodities set forth in paragraph (b) is amended as follows:

The dollar value limits in the column headed "GLV Dollar Value Limits" set opposite each of the commodities listed below are hereby amended to read as follows:

Dept. of Comm. Sched.	Commodity	GLV dollar value limits country group		
B No.		K	E	
644805 647913	Bronze blanks. Bronze castings and forgings.	25 25	25 25	

(Sec. 6, 54 Stat. 714; 55 Stat. 206; 56 Stat. 463; 58 Stat. 671; 59 Stat. 270; 60 Stat. 215; E. O. 9630, 10 F. R. 12245)

Dated: September 25, 1946.

FRANCIS MCINTYRE, Deputy Director for Exports, Commodities Branch.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17859; Filed Oct. 3, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[Amdt. 251]

PART 801-GENERAL REGULATIONS

PROHIBITED EXPORTATIONS

Section 801.2 Prohibited exportations is amended as follows:

The list of commodities set forth in paragraph (b) is amended by removing therefrom the following commodities:

Dept. of Comm. Sched.

B No. Commodity

085805 Lanolin and other wool grease.

Peppermint oil. 226800 227998 Jasmine oil.

White nonstaining and other cement (report standard Portland cement 516500

in 516400).

Steel bars (hot rolled) containing no alloy, tool steel and specialty steel only, 1 inch and under. 602300

602900 Wire rods, specialty steel only.

(Sec. 6, 54 Stat. 714; 55 Stat. 206; 56 Stat. 463; 58 Stat. 671; 59 Stat. 270; 60 Stat. 215; E. O. 9630, 10 F. R. 12245)

Dated: September 26, 1946.

JOHN C. BORTON, Director, Commodities Branch.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17860; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[Amdt. 252]

PART 801-GENERAL REGULATIONS

PROHIBITED EXPORTATIONS

Section 801.2 Prohibited exportations is amended as follows:

The list of commodities set forth in paragraph (b) is amended as follows:

The dollar value limits in the column headed "GLV Dollar Value Limits" set opposite the commodity listed below are hereby amended to read as follows:

Dept. of Comm. Sched.	Commodity	GLV dollar value limits country group	
B No.	And the second	K	E
516400	Standard portland cement	None	None

(Sec. 6, 54 Stat. 714; 55 Stat. 206; 56 Stat. 463; 58 Stat. 671; 59 Stat. 270; 60 Stat. 215; E. O. 9630, 10 F. R. 12245)

Dated: September 30, 1946.

FRANCIS MCINTYRE, Deputy Director for Export Control, Commodities Branch.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17861; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

PART 801-GENERAL REGULATIONS [Amdt. 253]

PROHIBITED EXPORTATIONS

Section 801.2 Prohibited exportations is amended as follows:

The list of commodities set forth in paragraph (b) is amended in the following particulars:

1. The following commodities are hereby added to the list of commodities:

Dept. of Comm. Sched. B No.	Commodity	Unit	GLV dollar value limits country group	
			ĸ	E
399900	Tape, cotton, varnished	Lin. yd.	100	25

2. The following commodities are hereby deleted from the list of commodities:

Dept. of Comm. Sched.

B No. Commodity

319900 Coated cotton fabrics more than 12" wide.

Oilcloth, all kinds. 391100

Window-shade cloth, cotton base, 391300 coated.

391410 Book cloth, cotton base, pyroxylin-coated or impregnated. 391420

Book cloth, cotton base, starch-filled, Pyroxylin-coated or impregnated cotton base fabrics more than 12" 391500 wide.

391700 Coated or impregnated cotton fabrics more than 12" wide except cambric, varnished.

399900 Coated cotton fabrics more than 12"

Shipments of any commodities added to the list of commodities which were on dock, on lighter, laden aboard an exporting carrier, or in transit to a port of exit pursuant to an actual order for export prior to the effective date of this amendment may be exported under the previous general license provisions.

This amendment shall become effective immediately except that with respect to commodities added to the list of commodities it shall become effective on October 10, 1946.

(Sec. 6, 54 Stat. 714; 55 Stat. 206; 56 Stat. 463; 58 Stat. 671; 59 Stat. 270; 60 Stat. 215; E. O. 9630, 10 F. R. 12245)

Dated: September 27, 1946.

FRANCIS MCINTYRE, Deputy Director for Export Control, Commodities Branch.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17856; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

[Amdt, 254]

PART 824—CONSOLIDATED LICENSE FOR THE EXPORTATION OF CERTAIN CHEMICALS AND COATED FABRICS

Sec. 824.1 General provisions. 824.2 Clearance for export.

AUTHORITY: §§ 824.1 and 824.2, issued under sec. 6, 54 Stat. 714; 55 Stat. 206; 56 Stat. 463; 58 Stat. 671; 59 Stat. 270; 60 Stat. 215; E. O. 9630, 10 F. R. 12245.

§ 824.1 General provisions. (a)
"Consolidated license for exportation of
certain chemicals and coated fabrics"
shall mean a document issued by the
Department of Commerce authorizing
the exportation by the licensee of the
commodities described in such document
to any country or countries included in
Group K as set forth in paragraph (a)
of § 802.3 of this subchapter.

(b) Applications for a consolidated license for exportation of certain chemicals and coated fabrics shall be made on the form or forms and in the manner and only for such chemicals and coated fabrics as shall be prescribed by the Department of Commerce. Insofar as consistent with the provisions of this part, all of the provisions of Part 804 of this subchapter shall apply equally to applications for licenses under the provisions of this part.

§ 824.2 Clearance for export. (a) The provisions of § 801.7 of this subchapter shall not apply to exportations under any consolidated license for exportation of certain chemicals and coated fabrics. In lieu of the presentation of the export license, an exporter making an exportation under the consolidated license for certain chemicals and coated fabrics shall present to the United States Collector of Customs at the port of exit a Shipper's Export Declaration bearing the symbol "CL" and the number of the consolidated license pursuant to which such exportation is being made.

(b) The use by any exporter of the "CL" symbol and license number on a Shipper's Export Declaration for the purpose of clearing an exportation of certain chemicals and coated fabrics shall constitute a certification by the licensee that all of the terms, provisions and conditions of the license have been met.

(c) Upon the clearance of the whole or any portion of the quantity licensed for export under the consolidated license, the licensee shall enter on the reverse of the licensee all of the required information with respect to the shipment. Upon clearance of the entire quantity or upon the expiration of the license the licensee shall promptly return the license to the Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce, Washington 25, D. C.

Dated: September 30, 1946.

FRANCIS MCINTYRE,

Deputy Director for Export Control,

Commodities Branch.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17857; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

Chapter IX—Civilian Production Administration

AUTHORITY: Regulations in this chapter unless otherwise noted at the end of documents affected, issued under sec. 2 (a), 54 Stat. 676, as amended by 55 Stat. 236, 56 Stat. 177, 58 Stat. 827, and Public Laws 270 and 475, 79th Congress; Public Law 388, 79th Congress; E. O. 9024, 7 F. R. 329; E. O. 9040, 7 F. R. 527; E. O. 9125, 7 F. R. 2719; E. O. 9599, 10 F. R. 10155; E. O. 9638, 10 F. R. 12591; C. P. A. Reg. 1, Nov. 5, 1945, 10 F. R. 13714; Housing Expediter's Priorities Order 1, Aug. 27, 1946, 11 F. R. 9507.

PART 944—REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO THE OPERATION OF THE PRIORITIES SYSTEM

[Priorities Regulation 33, Revocation of Direction 1A]

SOFTWOOD PLYWOOD

Priorities Regulation 33, Direction 1A, is hereby revoked, since its function has been superseded by Limitation Order L-35, issued simultaneously with this revocation. Specific authorizations and directives issued by CPA under the direction remain valid.

This revocation does not affect any liabilities incurred for the violation of the direction or any actions taken by the Civilian Production Administration under the direction

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

Civilian Production Administration, By J. Joseph Whelan, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18038; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:22 a. m.]

PART 984-LEAD

[General Preference Order M-38, as Amended Oct. 3, 1946]

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of lead for defense for private account and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 984.1 General Preference Order M-38—(a) Scope of the order. This order controls generally the use of lead. Lead may be used only for the items and purposes set forth in the order. Other restrictions may also be found in other orders of the Civilian Production Administration relating to particular articles or parts. In such case the more restrictive provision governs. In no case shall any person use, purchase, sell, deliver or accept delivery of any lead in violation of this order.

(b) Definitions. For the purpose of this order:

(1) "Lead" means metallic lead, lead alloys, components or products (such as, but not limited to, sheet, pipe, ingot, castings and foil), in any form containing 50% or more by weight of the element lead (Pb). It includes battery lead oxide, but does not include other lead chemicals.

(2) "Battery lead oxide" means litharge, black oxide, red lead, basic lead sulphate or any other lead chemical produced from primary or secondary lead, for use in the manufacture of storage batteries.

(3) "Refiner" means any person who produces lead in refinery shapes, and includes any person who has such lead produced for him under toll agreement.

(4) "Dealer" means any person who procures lead either by importing or from domestic sources for sale or resale without change in form, whether or not such person receives title to or physical delivery of the material, and includes selling agents, warehousemen, and brokers.

(5) "Military order" means a specific contract or sub-contract necessitating the use of lead in the manufacture of any product, or any component to be physically incorporated into such products, produced for or for the account of the Army or Navy of the United States, Maritime Commission, Veterans' Administration or Office of Scientific Research and Development.

(6) "Implement of war" means combat end products, complete for tactical operations (including, but not limited to, aircraft, ammunition, armaments, weapons, ships, tanks, military vehicles and radio and radar equipment), and any parts, assemblies or materials to be incorporated in any of the foregoing items. This term does not include facilities or equipment used to manufacture the foregoing items.

(7) [Deleted Apr. 2, 1946.]

(8) "Item" means any article or com-

(c) Restrictions on use. (1) No person may melt, form, alloy, assemble, or process any lead for use in any item or product, or in any process, not set forth in List I of this order. Lead may be used for the items and processes and subject to the restrictions set forth in List I only to the extent necessary to meet applicable specifications, or for the proper service performance of the end product, or where the use of any less critical material is impracticable or when satisfactory substitutes are prohibited in other Civilian Production Administration orders.

(2) No person shall use primary lead for any items or purpose set forth in List I if secondary lead is obtainable and usable for the item or purpose. "Primary lead" means metallic lead obtained mainly from mine ores and concentrates. "Secondary lead" means metallic lead obtained mainly from remelting or smelting of scrap materials.

(3) Manufacturing quotas are set in List I for certain of the items and processes in which lead may be used. If an item or process in List I has a manufacturing quota, a manufacturer or processor must not use, in the manufacture of the item or in the process during the current calendar period listed, more lead than the specific percentage of the amount legally used for that purpose during the base period indicated, or than the amount specifically authorized in writing by the Civilian Production Administration. These quotas may not be transferred except in accordance with

Priorities Regulation 7A. Manufacturers or processors who did not use lead, or were not authorized to use it, during the period indicated as the base period in the manufacture of an item or in a process which is subject to a quota restriction (including persons who were not in business at that time) may nevertheless apply for a quota. Their applications, as well as all applications for quotas which are individually assigned by the Civilian Production Administration, will be considered and quotas granted on an equitable basis, to the extent that this will not unduly disrupt existing production. Applications for quotas for the fourth quarter 1946 should be filed promptly with the Civilian Production Administration, Tin, Lead and Zinc Branch, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-38, or in any event not later than October 20, 1946.

(4) In some cases List I permits the use of lead in making a product only if the product is to be used for a particular purpose. No person may use any of these products for any purpose other than the purpose permitted by List I.

(d) Special directions. The Civilian Production Administration may at any time issue special directions to any person respecting the production, distribution, delivery, or acceptance of delivery of lead.

(e) Allocation of lead. (1) Any person who is unable to use secondary lead and who is unable to obtain primary soft lead from regular sources of supply may apply to the Civilian Production Administration for an allocation of lead. Applications should be made on Form CPA-95 and should be filed with the Civilian Production Administration, Tin, Lead and Zinc Branch, Washington 25, D. C. not later than the 20th of the month preceding the month in which shipment is requested. Allocations, if granted, may be either an authorization to buy lead from the Office of Metals Reserve or an authorization to obtain lead from the refiners' reserve described in paragraph

(e) (2)

(2) No refiner may deliver in any month, without specific authorization of the Civilian Production Administration, more than 75% of his anticipated production of primary soft lead in that month. In addition, after September, 1, 1946, no refiner may deliver to any person in any month, without the specific authorization of the Civilian Production Administration, any primary soft lead except lead which, before the 20th of the preceding month, he has contracted to deliver to that person. In computing his lead production, each refiner must include lead produced for him by others under toll agreement, but not lead which he produces for others under toll agreement. The Civilian Production Administration will allocate deliveries of primary soft lead by refiners from this reserve in the manner described in paragraph (c) (1).

(f) Inventory restrictions. Lead appears on Table 1 of Priorities Regulation 32. Inventories of lead are subject to

all provisions of that regulation. Inventories of scrap dealers are controlled by Direction 5 to Priorities Regulation 32. All inventory appeals from the provisions of paragraph (f) of M-38 granted before April 2, 1946 are hereby revoked.

(g) Special restriction on deliveries battery lead oxide, (1) Beginning July 1, 1946, no person shall deliver or accept delivery of battery lead oxide for use in the manufacture of storage batteries without a specific authorization in writing by the Civilian Production Administration. This restriction applies not only to deliveries to other persons including affiliates and subsidiaries, but also to deliveries from one branch division or section of a single enterprise to another branch, division or section of the same or any other enterprise under common ownership or control.

(2) Requests for authorization to accept delivery of battery lead oxide should be made to the Civilian Production Administration on Form CPA-95-A not later than the 10th day of the month before the month in which delivery is requested. Failure by any person to file an application in accordance with this paragraph may be construed as notice to the Civilian Production Administration that such person does not wish to accept delivery of battery lead oxide in the succeeding month.

(h) Restrictions on sales and deliveries of lead. No person shall sell or deliver any lead to any person if he knows, or has reason to believe, such material is to be used in violation of the terms of this order.

(i) Appeals. Any appeal from the restrictions of this order must be by letter in triplicate, referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds for the appeal and should be addressed to the Civilian Production Administration, Tin, Lead and Zinc Branch, Washington 25, D. C., reference M-38. The appeal should contain the following information:

(1) Product in which the lead will be

(2) Period of time, not exceeding one calendar quarter for which relief is requested.

(3) Monthly schedule of amount of lead to be used.

(4) Prime contract numbers on military orders.

(5) If the appeal is filed because the restrictions on use of lead will prevent the filling of non-military orders of extreme urgency, give exact information as to the use of the product in which the lead is used.

(6) Why other less critical materials cannot be used.

(7) Present inventory of lead and any other information pertinent to the appeal (including a statement of equipment or facilities available to the ap-

(j) [Deleted Oct. 3, 1945.]

(k) Records. All persons affected by this order must maintain accurate and complete records of all transactions as required by Priorities Regulation No. 1. § 944.1. Such records must include complete statements of the amounts of lead consumed for the items specified in this order, and the amount of inventory on hand.

(1) Required reports. (1) On or before the 20th day of each calendar month each person who purchased or consumed 10 tons or more of metallic lead during the preceding calendar month, or had in his possession or under his control 20 tons or more of lead, shall report such purchases, consumption and stocks on hand at the end of the preceding month to the Civilian Production Administration on Form CPA-95. Manufacturers of battery lead oxide and storage bat-teries must also file monthly production reports with the Civilian Production Administration on Form CPA-95-A.

(2) The Civilian Production Administration may from time to time issue special directions requiring any refiner or dealer to file a report showing a schedule of his proposed deliveries of lead.

(3) All persons affected by this order shall execute and file with the Civilian Production Administration such other reports as may be required subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget.

(4) The reporting and record-keeping provisions of this order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(m) Violations. Any person, who wilfully violates any provision of this order or who, in connection with this order. wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(n) Communications. All communications and reports dealing with this order shall be addressed to: Civilian Production Administration, Tin, Lead and Zinc Branch, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-38.

(o) [Deleted Apr. 2, 1946.]

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

CIVILIAN PRODUCTION ADMINISTRATION, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN Recording Secretary.

LIST I

Permitted Uses

- 1. Ammunition for military orders or essential civilian requirements. (Manufacturing quota for ammunition for essential civilian requirements: for the fourth quarter 1946, the amount of lead legally used for the same purpose during the third quarter 1946).
- 2. Anchorages for equipment, including expansion bolts, shields and grommets.
- Anodes for electrolytic refining chro-mium plating and for lead plating as permitted in Item 40 of this list.
- 4. Anti-vibration mats.
- 5. Babbitt for abrasives and grinding wheels and for securing hardware to radio insulators and for securing end connections of windings and/or for securing enclosures of wire wound restrictors.

- 6. Ballast for implements of war where available space does not permit the use of material of lower density, for submarines and for surface craft of sizes up to and including destroyers.

 6a. Battery lead oxide (See paragraph (g)
- for special restrictions on delivery).

Bearing Metal. Bolster metal for surgical, table and industrial cutlery.

9. Brake lining and clutch facings.

- 10. Brass and bronze.

 11. Cable covering (Manufacturing quota: for the fourth quarter 1946, 20% of the amount of lead legally used for the same purpose during the calendar year 1940). If lead covered cable is replaced, the user of the cable must promptly deliver all salvable lead to his supplier, a lead smelter, or a scrap dealer.
- 12. Cable sleeving and other accessories necessary for the maintenance, repair and installation of lead covered cable.
- 13. Cable terminals and bushings for storage batteries.

14. Cames.

15. Caulking for use in caulking cast from pipe lines, plumbing waste lines and vents, or automotive carburetors where other material such as sulphur compounds or cement does not provide a leak proof joint. (Manufactur-ing quota for caulking bars and wool: for the fourth quarter 1946, the amount of lead legally used for the same pur-

pose during the first quarter 1946).

16. Chemicals (except battery lead oxide tetra ethyl) subject to the restrictions

of Order L-354.

17. Closure spouts for drugs and chemicals (Manufacturing quota: for the fourth quarter 1946, the amount of lead legally used for the same purpose during the third quarter 1946).

18. Coating of wire and zinc plated sheet, including sheathing.

19. Collapsible tubes. (Manufacturing quota: for the fourth quarter 1946, the amount of lead (including that contained in blanks and converted into tubes) legally used for the same purpose during the second quarter 1946). Use of tin in collapsible tubes is subject to the restrictions of Order M-43.

20. Counterweights, weights and sliding poises for Military, industrial and laboratory equipment, and implements of war where available space does not permit the use of material of lower density.

21. Foil:

- (a) Military orders to the extent that Method IA (not dehydrated) and/or Method II (dehydrated) packaging, as presently defined in the U.S. Army Specification 100-14, U.S. Navy Specification 39-P-16 and British Standard Packaging Code BS-1133, or any new specifications covering the above are expressly specified in the prime contract.
 - (b) For component ammunition.

(c) Electrotypers subject to the restrictions of Order M-43.

(d) Condensers.

- Cap Liners for packaging drugs. (f) Electrostatic shielding of transformer coils and cores.
- (g) For use in chrome plating.
- extinguisher and decontaminator 22. Fire components.
- 22a. Free machining steel when the percentage of lead does not exceed one-half
- 23. Gaskets, locknuts and shims.
- 24. Heat equalization in galvanizing pots and for molten zinc operations.
- 25. Heat treating and annealing.
- 26. Implements of War, as defined in paragraph (b) (6) of the Order,

- 27. Impression Lead. (Manufacturing quota: for the fourth quarter 1946, the amount of lead legally used for the same purpose during the third quarter 1946).
- 28. Inserts for treads on non-sparking ladders and stairs.

29. Lead hammers.

30. Lead-headed nails only to the extent that the use of springhead or flathead nails is impracticable.

31. Fusible alloys.

- Lead lined bowls for centrifugal oil purifiers.
- 33. Lead wire for determining gear bearing clearances.

34. Lining for acid lockers.

- 35. Lubricant for cold drawing of steel products.
- 36. Manufacture and moulding of plastics.
- 37. Medical, dental and veterinarian equipment and instruments.38. Metallic and semi-metallic packing.

Patterns and dies.

40. Plating or coating where lead is used in place of either cadmium or tin, or where corrosion makes the use of any other material impractical.

41. Powder for military uses, powder metallurgy, gear lubricants and rubber valves.

42. Production of rayon.

43. Refining of metals.

- Repair of existing lead construction.
- Seals for pilfering and tampering protections.

Sheath for curing process of rubber.

Sheet, pipe (including lead lined pipe), valves, fittings, burning bars and cast-ings to be used for the following pur-poses (Manufacturing quota for the fourth quarter 1946: the amount of lead legally used for the same purpose during the third quarter 1946):

(a) In new chemical and processing equipment to the extent that corrosion makes the use of any other material

impracticable.

(b) In repairs and replacement parts for chemical and processing equipment to the extent that corrosion makes the use of any other material impracticable. The user of the equipment must promptly deliver all re-placed salvable lead to his supplier, a

lead smelter or a scrap dealer.

47a. Pipe (including lead lined pipe), bends, traps, plugs and flanges for water supply and waste lines or vents to the ex-tent that municipal, state or Federal regulations permit no substitutes or, within water works proper, where sound water works practice requires the use of these products.

47b. Shot for use in Items 15, 20, 38, 45, 58

or 61.

48. Sinkers and other fishing tackle. (Manufacturing quota; for the fourth quarter 1946, the amount of lead legally used for the same purpose during the third quarter 1946).

49. Solder.

50. Sounding leads. (Manufacturing quota:
for the fourth quarter 1946, the amount of lead legally used for the same purpose during the third quarter 1946).

51. Spectographs and spectrophotometers.

52. Storage batteries for the uses specified below. (The antimony content in any antimonial lead used for grids, connecting parts or components for storage batteries shall not exceed nine (9%) percent, except where an alloy with a higher antimony content is specified as mandatory in contracts of the Army or Navy of the United States, or the U.S. Maritime Commission. The lead content of battery

lead oxide in any storage battery shall not exceed 50% of the total lead content of the battery. In figuring all manufacturing quotas, the lead which may be used and the lead used in the base period includes the lead content of battery lead oxide and component parts. When a manufacturer has accepted an order for original equipment batteries such batteries shall receive preference in processing and delivery over replacement batteries.)

(a) Special batteries for military use in submarine, aircraft or communica-

tions equipment.

(b) Original equipment for military or civilian purposes. (No battery manufacturer may deliver any batteries made for original equipment except to an equipment manufacturer who states in writing that the batteries will be used only in new equipment which he manufacturers.)

(c) Industrial type, for replacement purposes. (Manufacturing quota: for the fourth quarter 1946: 100% of the amount of lead authorized to be used for industrial type replacement batteries during the third quarter 1946.) An Industrial Storage Battery means an electric storage battery of other than SLI type which has been completely assembled and sealed, whether charged or uncharged and which is designed and built for industrial applications such as, but not confined to, railway signaling and lighting, mine locomotives, industrial trucks, farm lighting, public utilities stand-by equipment, commercial radio installations, airplane and commercial boat installations and components thereof.

(d) Automotive SLI type for replacement purposes:

(Manufacturing quota for the fourth quarter 1946:

- (A) For those authorized to use 70 tons of lead or less for automotive SLI replacement batteries during the third quarter 1946: 100% of the amount of lead authorized to be used for the same purpose during the third quarter 1946:
- (B) For those authorized to use more than 70 tons of lead for automotive SLI replacement batteries during the third quarter 1946: 80% of the amount of lead authorized to be used for the same purpose during the third quarter 1946.)
- (e) Component parts furnished as such to others (Manufacturing quota: 100% of the amount of lead authorized to be used for the same purpose during the third quarter 1946). A manufacturer of such parts, who also makes industrial or automotive SLI type batteries, may not include lead used in component parts furnished as such to others in determining the amount of lead he is permitted to use for industrial or automotive SLI type batteries under paragraphs (c) and (d) above.
- 53. Terne plate and Terne metal subject to restrictions of Conservation Order M-43.

- 54. Tetraethyl. (The manufacturing quota for tetraethyl will be assigned on individual applications by the producer.)
 55. Turbine and gear bearing oil deflectors.
- 56. Turbine gland labyrinth and diaphragm
- packing.

 57. Type metal for use in the printing trade. (Manufacturing quota: for the fourth quarter 1946, the amount of lead legally used for the same purpose for the third quarter 1946).
- 58. Vocational purposes where lead is re-used and in laboratories for analytical purposes and research, and for use for experimental purposes where the total amount of lead used in any quarter does not exceed 500 pounds.
- 59. X-ray purposes and Radiography.
- Zinc production.
- 61. For use to comply with safety regulations issued under Government authority which requires the use of lead to the extent employed, or in safety equipment.
- [F. R. Doc. 46-18039; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:22 a. m.]

PART 903-ORGANIZATION AND DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY

[Organizational Document 11

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE CIVILIAN PRODUCTION ADMINISTRATION

Correction

In Federal Register Document 46-15400, appearing at page 177A-372 of the issue for Wednesday, September 11, 1946, the following corrections are made:

The sixth sentence of § 903.203 should read as follows: "In this connection the legal staff participates in investigations and administrative hearings, drafts charging letters and orders, and recommends civil or criminal action to the Department of Justice, collaborating in such action with officials of that Department."

In § 903.211 the second sentence of the second paragraph of paragraph (a) should read: "The Bureau of Construction and Field Operations processes applications for all types of construction except housing and farm construction." and the figure in paragraph (d) (1), reading "\$10,000,000" should read "\$1,000,000".

PART 3283—LUMBER AND LUMBER PRODUCTS [Limitation Order L-358]

SOFTWOOD PLYWOOD

There is a shortage in the supply of softwood plywood for defense for private account and for export. Softwood plywood is suitable for the construction and completion of housing accommodations in rural and urban areas and for the construction and repair of essential farm buildings, and priorities for deliveries of softwood plywood are established in Schedule A to Priorities Regulation 33. This order is necessary and appropriate in the public interest, to promote the national defense and to effectuate the purposes of the Veterans' Emergency Housing Act of 1946.

§ 3283.149 Limitation Order L-358-(a) What this order does. This order provides that manufacturers of softwood plywood must produce and reserve a percentage of their production in construction and door panel grades. A part of the reserve must be delivered to distributors on unrated and uncertified orders. and the balance on MM orders and on certified orders from distributors and manufacturers of certain housing products and certain other essential items. This order supersedes Direction 1A to PR-33 which has been revoked. Specific authorizations and directives issued by CPA under Direction 1A remain valid and certified orders placed under Direction 1A shall be considered certified orders under this order, except as stated below.

All measurements and computations of softwood plywood shall be in square foot-

age measured on a 3%' basis.

(b) Definitions for the purpose of this direction. (1) "Softwood plywood" direction. (1) "Softwood plywood" means laminated veneers of any species of softwood united with a bonding agent to produce board.

(2) "Construction plywood" means plywood of one or more softwood panels. 12 feet and shorter and without external sealer treatment of the following grades: Interior (Moisture resistant) type as follows: ¼'' sanded or ½6'' unsanded wall-board; ¾'' sanded or ½6'' unsanded wallboard; ¼'' sanded or ½6'' unsanded sound one side plypanel; ¾'' sanded or 7/6" unsanded sound one side plypanel; 5/16" sheathing; 3/6" sheathing; 3/6" sheathing; 3/2" sheathing; 3/4" sheathing; 3/4" sheathing; 3/4" sheathing; 3/4" sheathing; 3/4" sheathing; 3/4" sanded or 5/16" unsanded sound one side plypanel 3/4" sanded or 7/4" 7/16" unsanded sound one side plypanel.
(3) "Door plywood" means softwood

plywood Interior (Moisture resistant) and Exterior type without external sealer treatment of 1/4" sound two sides door plypanel.

(4) "Certified order" means any order for the delivery of softwood plywood bearing the certificate prescribed in paragraph (j) (1) or that specified in Direction 1A to PR 33.

Softwood Plywood Manufacturers

(c) Softwood plywood manufacturers' reserve production. The following conditions govern the amount of construction plywood and door plywood softwood plywood manufacturers shall produce and reserve for distributors and certified or rated orders:

(1) Each softwood plywood manufacturer shall manufacture (i) at least 46% of his monthly production of softwood plywood in the form of construction plywood of which not more than 20% of the construction plywood may be in exterior type and (ii) at least 4% of his monthly production of softwood plywood in the form of door plywood.

The CPA may from time to time change such percentages by amendments published in the FEDERAL REGISTER before the first day of any month.

(2) Every softwood plywood manufacturer must hold 40% of his total production of construction plywood in square footage in each month for delivery only on AAA, MM or certified orders. When a plywood manufacturer has accepted such orders for construction plywood for this amount, he must not accept additional rated or certified orders for con-

struction plywood produced in that month. In addition he may deliver only on AAA or on uncertified and unrated orders from distributors that portion of his reserve which is not required to fill AAA, MM or certified orders received in the month it was produced.

(3) A softwood plywood manufacturer must reserve 60% of his total production of construction plywood in each month for delivery only on uncertified and unrated orders from distributors.

(4) A softwood plywood manufacturer must hold his total production of door plywood in each month for delivery on AAA or on certified orders from door manufacturers or distributors. In addition he may deliver only on AAA or on uncertified and unrated orders from distributors any portion of his reserve of door plywood which is not required to fill certified orders received in the month in which it was produced.

(5) Any softwood plywood produced or delivered on MM rated or on certified orders from persons authorized under paragraph (i) below may be credited by the manufacturer to his reserve production of construction plywood on a 3% basis even though the softwood plywood delivered was not of construction ply-

wood grades.

(6) AAA and MM ratings are the only ratings which are valid against a softwood plywood manufacturer for construction plywood and AAA ratings are the only ratings valid against him for door plywood. Orders for such plywood bearing other ratings must be treated by him as unrated.

Distributors

(d) The following provision tells how distributors who buy and stock softwood plywood for resale as plywood at wholesale or retail may place orders for construction or door plywood, and how they may sell it:

(1) A distributor may place uncertified and unrated orders for construction or door plywood with a plywood manufacturer. Every distributor must reserve 85% of the construction or door plywood received each month on such orders for delivery only on rated and certified orders, until the end of the second calendar month after receipt. When a distributor has accepted such orders to the extent of his reserve in any month he need not accept any more certified or rated orders (except AAA) to be filled from the construction or door plywood received in that month on uncertified and unrated orders. In addition, he may deliver on uncertified and unrated (except AAA) orders any construction or door plywood from his reserve which at the end of the second calendar month after receipt is not required to fill rated or certified orders received before that time.

(2) A distributor who has received a certified order for construction or door plywood may place a certified order with a plywood manufacturer to get the construction or door plywood which will be delivered to his customer subject to applicable inventory regulations. A distributor may not place a certified order with a producer for replacement of in-

Prefabricators and House Trailer Manufacturers

(e) The following provisions tell how prefabricators or house trailer manufacturers may place with a plywood manufacturer or distributor certified orders

for construction plywood.

(1) A prefabricator or a house trailer manufacturer may place certified orders with a plywood manufacturer or a distributor for construction plywood in the amount for which he has received priorities assistance on Form CPA-4415, Form NHA-14-53 or on Form NHA-14-44. A prefabricator or house trailer manufacturer must order, accept delivery of and use construction plywood in accordance with the provisions of Direction 8 or Direction 13 to Priorities Regulation 33.

Builders

(f) Housing contractors. The following provisions tell how a builder (applicant) or a general contractor directly authorized by such builder to use the HH rating for the whole job, but not a subcontractor authorized to use the HH rating for part of the job, may place certified orders or HH rated orders with a plywood manufacturer or distributor for

construction plywood:

(1) A builder or his general contractor may place with a distributor but not with a softwood plywood manufacturer HH rated orders for construction plywood under the provisions of Schedule A to PR-33. A builder or his general contractor purchasing in not less than carload lots, may place certified orders for mill shipment delivery each month with a softwood plywood manufacturer or a distributor in an amount not in excess of the total amount of construction plywood needed for the housing accommodations for which he has received priorities assistance. A housing contractor may not apply the HH rating or use a certificate for an amount in excess of 600 square feet per house or apartment.

Cabinet Manufacturers

(g) Cabinet manufacturers. The following provisions tell how a cabinet manufacturer may obtain authority to place certified orders with a plywood manufacturer or a distributor for construction plywood for use only in drawer bottoms of built-in kitchen cabinets and how the cabinets must be sold:

(1) A cabinet manufacturer wishing to place certified orders with a plywood manufacturer or a distributor for construction plywood to be used in the manufacture of drawer bottoms for kitchen cabinets, shall apply to the CPA for authority to place such orders. A cabinet manufacturer who has received a fourth quarter 1946 authorization under Direction 1A to PR-33 need not apply for that quarter. He must apply at least 20 days before the first day of the quarter by letter stating: (i) average monthly consumption of construction plywood in drawers only; (ii) average anticipated monthly production of kitchen cabinets in units to be produced in the period for which authorization is requested and (iii) total requirements in %" basis of construction plywood for

drawers for built-in kitchen cabinets in item (ii) above. Such application will be processed equitably. A cabinet manufacturer must not specify delivery dates (at plant or warehouse) on certified orders more than 30 days before he needs the construction plywood for incorporation into the kitchen cabinet drawers. Furthermore, the cabinet manufacturer must not place certified orders for construction plywood calling for delivery date later than during the third calendar month after the purchase order was

(2) A cabinet manufacturer must use the construction plywood received on certified orders in the production of built-in kitchen cabinets suitable for housing. The cabinets manufactured from the construction plywood must be held for sale as millwork under paragraph (f) (2) of Direction 1 to PR-33.

Door Manufacturers

(h) The following provisions tell how a door manufacturer may obtain authority to place certified orders with a plywood manufacturer or distributor for door plywood for use only in standard house doors:

(1) A door manufacturer wishing to place certified orders with a plywood manufacturer or a distributor for door plywood to be used in the manufacture of standard house doors must apply to CPA for authority to place such orders. Application may be made on Form CPA-4524 in accordance with its instructions. The application must be filed before October 25, 1946 for the fourth quarter of 1946, and for calender quarters thereafter must be filed at least 20 days before the first day of the quarter. Such applications will be processed equitably. A door manufacturer must not specify delivery dates (at plant or warehouse) on certified orders more than 30 days before he needs the door plywood for incorporation into the standard house doors. Furthermore, a door manufacturer must not place certified orders for door plywood calling for delivery later than the third calendar month after the purchase order is placed.

(2) Orders of door manufacturers certified under Direction 1A to PR-33 are valid certified orders until October 31, 1946. All such orders must after November 1, 1946 be treated as uncertified orders unless door manufacturers furnish the certificate required by paragraph (j) (1) below with a serial number.

(3) A door manufacturer must use all the door plywood received on certified orders in the manufacture of standard house doors. A door so manufactured must be held for sale as millwork under paragraph (f) (2) of Direction 1 to PR

Other Users of Softwood Plywood

(i) Other users of softwood plywood. The following provisions tell how persons requiring softwood plywood for use in the manufacture of farm equipment, tobacco hogsheads, insulated trucks and trailers, busses and railroad box-cars may apply for authority to place certified orders for softwood plywood. Any person requiring softwood plywood for such uses may apply for authority to place certified orders for softwood plywood. CPA may grant authority to place certified orders for softwood plywood within the amounts available where it is established that no substitute material is obtainable. Application may be made on Form CPA-4494 in accordance with its instructions.

Certification

(j) Certification. (1) An order for construction or door plywood may be certified only by endorsing or attaching the following form of certificate on the purchase order, sales ticket or other order calling for the delivery of softwood plywood:

The undersigned certifies to the supplier and to the CPA that he is a _____(distributor or qualified manufacturer) and that the quantities of softwood plywood covered by this order (together with all other certified orders placed with this or other suppliers for softwood plywood for delivery in the months specified in this order) do not exceed the amounts he has been allowed under Order L- 358 with the provisions of which he is familiar.

Signature

Serial number

(2) Certificate must be signed manually or as explained in PR 7. However, the standard form described in that regulation cannot be used in place of the certificate described above. The certificate required in this order cannot be waived under paragraph (f) of PR 7. All persons except distributors must insert a serial number in the place provided in the certificate. An order bearing a certificate without a serial number where required must be treated as an uncertified and unrated order.

MM Rated Orders

(k) Certification. (1) Consumers, including government agencies, placing MM rated orders for softwood plywood must endorse on them the certificate required in Directive 41 with the additional words: "Certified for Softwood Plywood."

Miscellaneous

(1) Miscellaneous. The following provisions generally affecting all persons ordering softwood plywood should be carefully read:

(1) Status of certified orders. Certified orders for the purpose of this order are subject to the rules for acceptance and rejection of rated orders as provided in Priorities Regulation 1 as if they were rated orders. The order of precedence where orders are received by a plywood manufacturer is: (i) AAA; (ii) MM; (iii) certified. The order of precedence where orders are received by distributors, cabinet manufacturers and door manufacturers is as follows: (i) AAA; (ii) MM; (iii) CC, HH and certified orders which are all three of equal value.

(2) Extension of rated orders. Any person who has received a rated order for the delivery of construction or door plywood may extend the rating to his suppliers (except to a plywood manufacturer) to get plywood which he will deliver on that order subject to applicable inventory regulations. If a person has made delivery of construction or door plywood on a rated order, he may extend the rating to his suppliers (except to a plywood manufacturer) to replace the amount in his inventory subject to applicable inventory regulations. A door or cabinet manufacturer who has received a rated order for doors or cabinets or who has delivered them on a rating, may not extend the rating for construction or door plywood for incorporation into the doors or cabinets. These rules supersede paragraphs (d) and (d-1) of Priorities Regulation 3 on the extension of ratings.

(3) Applicability of regulations. Except as otherwise required by this order Priorities Regulations 1 and 3 and Schedule A to PR 33 govern the use of ratings and the acceptance, scheduling and filling of orders. All other appli-cable regulations and orders of the Civilian Production Administration must

be observed.

(4) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provisions of this order or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(5) Reports. Every person shall file with the Civilian Production Administration, or any other federal agency designated by CPA, such reports and questionnaires as the Civilian Production Administration or such other agency may from time to time require subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports

Act of 1942.

(6) Appeals. Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by mailing a letter in triplicate to the Civilian Production Administration, Forest Products Division, Washington 25, D. C., Ref.: L-358, stating the particular provisions appealed from and stating fully the grounds for the appeal.

(7) Communications. All communications unless otherwise directed must be addressed as follows: Civilian Production Administration, Forest Products

Division, Washington 25, D. C.

(8) Directives. The Civilian Production Administration may issue directives to plywood manufacturers, cabinet manufacturers, door manufacturers or distributors to set aside specific quantities or percentages of production or shipments for persons placing certified or rated orders. CPA may also allocate the production or shipments to specified persons for specified uses and may direct how and in what quantities deliveries to specified persons or uses may be made. It may also direct distribution to particular areas and may direct or prohibit the production by any person of particular items of softwood plywood, cabinets, or doors. Directives according to their terms may take precedence over rated or certified orders. They may be issued for the satisfaction of Veterans' Emergency Housing Program and other

essential civilian requirements, including Temporary Re-Use Housing under Direction 11 to PR 33, and in order to carry out more fully the purposes of this order.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

CIVILIAN PRODUCTION ADMINISTRATION, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN. Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18040; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:22 a. m.]

PART 3290-TEXTILE, CLOTHING AND LEATHER

[Conservation Order M-84, as Amended Oct. 3, 1946]

MANILA (ABACA) AND AGAVE FIBER AND CORDAGE

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of manila and agave and products made from them for defense for private account and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense.

§ 3290.221 Conservation Order M-84-(a) Restrictions on Manila. No processor may put into process any spinnable Manila fiber or yarn except to make rope for end uses permitted in Schedule A. Allocations will be made under paragraph (f) (2). Non-spinnable fiber may be used for any purpose unless obtained by allocations for particular uses under paragraph (f) (4).

(b) Restrictions on agave. No processor may put into process any agave fiber or yarn except to make twines permitted in Schedule B, rope, and binder and baler twine, as specifically authorized in writing by the Civilian Production Administration. Allocations of agave for rope and twines permitted on Schedule B are made under paragraph (f) (2) and allocations for binder and baler twine under paragraph (f) (3).

(c) Further restrictions on processing. (1) The Civilian Production Administration may issue specific directions to processors who have received manila or agave, by allocation under this order or any other Civilian Production Administration order or by delivery from any United States Government agency, as to the extension of more critical fibers by mixture with less critical ones (i. e. use of "extenders") in the manufacture of any product permitted in paragraphs (a) and (b) above.

(2) The Civilian Production Administration may from time to time issue specific instructions regarding the percentage of extender to be used in the manufacture of agave sisalana rope.

(d) Restrictions on delivery of rope and twine. (1) No processor or dealer may sell, deliver, or accept delivery of new rope or new twine, produced in the United States in whole or in part from manila or agave fiber or yarn, for end uses for which the product may not be manufactured under this order.

(2) No person may sell or deliver new binder or new baler twine if he knows or

has reason to believe that:

(i) The binder twine will not be used with mechanical harvesting equipment or in the growing, harvesting or delivering of agricultural crops, or that the binder twine will be converted into rope or any other product.

(ii) The baler twine will not be used in a self-tying machine for baling hay,

straw or other fodder crops.

(3) No person may use new binder or new baler twine to manufacture rope for

(4) [Deleted Feb. 5, 1946]

(e) [Deleted Mar. 22, 1946.]

(f) Allocation of fiber. (1) No processor shall make or accept delivery of any manila or agave fiber contrary to directions which from time to time the Civilian Production Administration may issue. The Civilian Production Administration may from time to time allocate to processors the available supplies of manila and agave fiber and specifically direct the time, manner, and quantities in which deliveries to processors shall be made or withheld.

(2) In general allocations of spinnable manila or agave fiber for rope and products permitted in Schedule B to individual processors will be made upon the following basis: the aggregate allocation of manila and agave fibers to each processor will be in proportion to his average monthly sales of both types of rope during the period January 1, 1939 through December 31, 1941; the manila fiber allocated to each processor for rope will be in proportion to his average monthly sales of manila rope during the period January 1 through December 31, 1939; and the agave fiber allocated to each processor will be in proportion to his aggregate allocation for both fibers, less that for manila. A manufacturer who was not in the hard fiber cordage business during 1939-40-41 may apply to the Civilian Production Administration, Textile Division, Washington 25, D. C., for an allocation. The application should be filed by letter stating the quantity of fiber desired, and should include a statement of the facilities available for the manufacture of cordage products, as permitted under Order M-84, the maximum poundage of fiber which can be processed with his facilities on the basis of a 40-hour week, and the minimum poundage of fiber needed for economical operation during a three-month period. Applications from new manufacturers will be considered on an equitable basis in view of the allocations given to other manufacturers.

(3) Allocations of agave fiber for binder twine and baler twine will be prorated among processors on the basis of information previously filed with the War Production Board and Civilian Production Administration as to productive capacity, method and rate of operation.

(4) Allocations of Manila, other than spinnable, will in general be made to processors of specialty paper on an equitable basis taking into consideration prior use, facilities and other relevant factors. "Specialty paper" includes but is not limited to stencil base tissue, sausage casings paper, electrolytic denser paper, gasket paper, and artificial

leather. Applications should be made by letter to the Civilian Production Administration, Attention: Textile Division, and state the quantity of fiber desired, the products to be made from it, and the quantity used during 1945 and the first half of 1946. A processor who did not use this material during the whole period should, in addition, state his facilities available for processing Manila other than spinnable.

(g) End use information. No person may sell or deliver any product controlled by this order to any person who he knows or has reason to believe will use the product in a manner which this order does not permit. He should satisfy himself as to this in some reasonable manner before delivering. He may, but need not, require a statement in writing showing the specific purpose or use for

which the item is ordered.

(h) Restrictions on the use of damaged material. Any processor or dealer who has in his possession damaged or defective manila or agave fiber or cordage, may report by letter the extent of the damage and state to the Civilian Production Administration the percentage not suitable for the manufacture of products or for use permitted by this order. He may then upon receipt of acknowledgment, without objection from the Civilian Production Administration, use or dispose of any portion unsuitable for the manufacture of products permitted by this order, free from its restrictions.

(i) Reports. (1) Processors of manila and agave fiber shall report monthly on

CPA-2901, sections 1 and 2.

(2) The reporting requirements of this order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(j) Imports. The importation of material or products covered by this order shall be made in conformity with the provisions of General Imports Order M-63, as amended from time to time.

(k) Definitions. In this order:

- (1) "Manila" means fiber which is commonly known in the trade by this term and also known as Abaca or Manila Hemp wherever grown (either stripped or decorticated), but does not mean processor's mill waste or bagasse. "Spinnable Manila" means Manila which is spinnable over machinery but does not mean the fiber grades of T2, T3, O and Y or equivalent as established by the Insular Government of the Philippine Islands.
- (2) "Agave" means fiber, spinnable over machinery of the species agave sisalana, agave fourcroydes, and agave cantala, of all grades and qualities including tow and fiber under 20" in length, commonly known in the trade as sisal, henequen, cantala, and maguey, and sometimes preceded by an adjective designating the country or district of origin, but does not include processor's mill waste or bagasse.
- (3) "Rope" means any rope or cable, treated or untreated, composed of three or more strands each strand composed of two or more yarns, and not less than 10 percent cordage lubricant (excluding

tent and awning rope), but does not include strings and twines of whatever construction which are commonly used for tying, sewing, baling or other commercial packaging use.

(4) "Twine" means any single or plied yarn or roving, including marlin, for use as a tying material, for sewing or for any similar purpose, but does not include any product falling within the definition of "rope" "hinder twine" or "heler twine"

- "rope", "binder twine" or "baler twine."

 (5) "Binder twine" means a single yarn twine usually containing agave, but sometimes containing manila, istle, jute, coir, hemp, cotton or paper, suitable for use in a harvesting machine and of the type customarily heretofore manufactured. It is put up in balls of approximately five to eight pounds, packed six to ten to the bale. It measures five hundred feet to the pound with a plus or minus tolerance of five per cent, and contains a lubricant of at least ten per cent of the weight of the twine and an insect repellant. It is also known as binding twine.
- (6) "Baler twine" means a single yarnusually made of agave fiber and used in a self-tying machine for baling hay, straw or other fodder crops.
- (7) "Processor" means any person (other than a United States Government agency) who spins, twists or otherwise uses any fiber or yarn in the manufacture of rope or twine, or who uses manila or agave fiber in the manufacture of any other product.
 - (8) [Deleted Feb. 5, 1946]
 - (9) [Redesignated Oct. 3, 1946.]

Note: Former subparagraph (k) (9) redesignated (k) (7) Oct. 3, 1946.

(10) [Deleted Mar. 22, 1946.]

(1) Appeals. Any appeal from the provisions of this order should be made by filing a letter in triplicate, referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds of the appeal.

(m) Applicability of regulations. Except as specifically otherwise provided this order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable provisions of the regulations of the Civilian Production Administration as amended

from time to time.

- (n) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who in connection with this order wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance by the Civilian Production Administration.
- (o) Communications. All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this order, shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to the Textile Division, Civilian Production Administration, Washington 25, D. C., Ref.: M-84.
 - (p) [Deleted July 15, 1946.]

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

explosives into oil or gas well preparatory

to "shooting" the well.

CIVILIAN PRODUCTION
ADMINISTRATION,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

NOTE: Sc.	hedule A	A amend	ed Oct.	3, 1946.
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SCHEDULE A-MANILA CORDAGE END USE

This list specifies the permitted end uses for which rope may be manufactured from manila. It does not, however, restrict manufacture for and delivery to the Army, Navy and Maritime Commission.

Fibers other than manila may be used in the manufacture of rope for any end use subject to applicable provisions of any Civilian Production Administration order dealing specifically with such fibers.

End use	Definition
Auxiliary line-Lyle gun	A 3" circ. hawser-drawn to or from a vessel by means of a whip line and which is used to support a breeches buoy.
Cracker	A short length of fiber drilling cable used in conjunction with a wire drilling cable affording spring or elasticity to the wire line.
Drilling cables-oil, water and gas wells	Used for operating the tools in "cable tool" drilling.
Falls-Ammunition	The hoisting rope used to raise and lower ammunition.
Falls-Lifeboat	A rope used generally in conjunction with a pair of davits, used to raise or lower life- boats.
Falls-Purse boat	A pair of tackles suspended from davits used to raise and lower the purse boats and seine which weigh about 5 tons.
Falls-Powder tank	Used in handling powder tanks (lowering and hoisting).
Life line	See auxiliary line-lyle gun
Manila rope %" diam (2" cir.) and larger	Any use.
Purse line	
Shot lines—Lyle guns	Soft laid rope used in connection with Lyle guns for rescue work on disabled ships.
Torpedo lines-Oil well	

NOTE: Schedule B revised Oct. 3, 1946.

SCHEDULE B-AGAVE TWINE END USE

This list specifies the permitted end uses for which twine may be manufactured from agave. The use of agave fiber for the manufacture of binder and baler twine will be authorized as stated in paragraph (b).

End use	Definition
Hanging twine-Hard and soft fiber nets	Twine used to hang hard and soft fiber nets
	to lines.
Heading twine	See Marline-Lobster.
Marline-Lobster	A twine required in the manufacture of the
	inside tunels of lobster pots.
Net twine-Otter trawls	A hard laid twine, usuelly 2, 3, or 4 ply in
	sizes from #600 to #1355 used for the
The same of the sa	manufacture of hard fiber fishing nets.
	Also for mending nets.
Wrapping and tying twine	Single yarn used as twine, or plied twine
	twisted or laid used for tying, packaging,
	baling or bundling. Only agave tow in
	hands of processor on March 22, 1946, with
	or without admixture of other fibers may
	be used,

[F. R. Doc. 46-18041; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:22 a. m.]

Chapter XI-Office of Price Administration

PART 1346—BUILDING MATERIALS [RPS 40, Amdt. 11]

BUILDERS' HARDWARE AND INSECT SCREEN CLOTH

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Section 1346.9 of Revised Price Schedule 40 is amended by deleting the item "Insect screen cloth. Commercial bronze, hand-drawn copper, koolshade fabric."

This amendment shall become effective October 8, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS AC-COMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 11 TO REVISED PRICE SCHEDULE 40

The accompanying Amendment removes insect screen cloth of commercial bronze, hand-drawn copper and koolshade fabric from administration under Revised Price Schedule 40. These products become subject to the General Maximum Price Regulation, for administration by OPA's Metals Branch. The transfer is made because it appears that the same producers, for the most part, manufacture both ferrous and non-ferrous screen cloths. It will therefore better suit the needs and convenience of the industry and of OPA if these are all treated under a single regulation and administered by a single branch of OPA. Except for such future actions as may be instituted by the Metals Branch, this transfer does not itself affect maximum prices heretofore established under Revised Price Schedule 40.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18031; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:11 a. m.]

PART 1353—VEGETABLE FIBERS [RPS 59, Revocation]

KAPOK

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this order of revocation has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Revised Price Schedule No. 59 is hereby revoked subject to the provisions of Supplementary Order No. 40. (The product heretofore covered by Revised Price Schedule No. 59 is now subject to the provisions of the Revised Maximum Import Price Regulation.)

This order of revocation shall become effective October 3, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October, 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

STATEMENT OF THE CONSIDERATIONS IN-VOLVED IN THE ISSUANCE OF ORDER OF REVOCATION TO REVISED PRICE SCHEDULE NO. 59

Kapok is an imported vegetable fiber which is used principally in the production of life-saving devices, sleeping bags, mattresses, cushions, and upholstery. It is also used for sound and thermal insulation. Revised Price Schedule No. 59, issued December 18, 1941, established dollar and cents maximum prices for domestic sales of specific grades of imported Kapok. The maximum prices established thereunder have remained unchanged since that date.

Kapok is currently selling in the world markets at prices considerably above the domestic resale ceiling prices established under RPS 59. This disparity in ceiling prices has resulted in a marked decline in its importation and a curtailment of domestic trade in the products processed directly therefrom.

Under these circumstances, elimination of the fixed ceilings under RPS 59 is necessary in order to insure a free and orderly flow of material into this country. In view of the constant fluctuation in world market prices, it would be imprac-

ticable to substitute an inflexible schedule of higher prices than those now contained in RPS 59, since every increase in price in the world market would necessitate a revision of the schedule of domestic resale prices to reflect such increase.

The Revised Maximum Import Price Regulation provides a general pricing formula which recognizes importers total landed costs for purposes of establishing maximum-domestic resale prices and fixes the margin of profit to be applied thereon.

Since all imported materials and commodities are governed by the Revised Maximum Import Price Regulation unless controlled by name or category in a specific commodity regulation, control of Kapok under the RMIPR is effected by the revocation of RPS 59 which automatically subjects imported Kapok to the provisions of the Revised Maximum Import Price Regulation.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18032; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:12 a. m.]

PART 1361—FARM EQUIPMENT [MPR 246, Amdt. 20]

MANUFACTURER'S AND WHOLESALE PRICES FOR FARM EQUIPMENT

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Maximum Price Regulation 246 is amended in the following respects:

- 1. Section 1361.54 is amended by adding the following paragraphs (b), (c), (d) and (e):
- (b) Reports. Prior to or within ten days after first quoting a price determined in accordance with the pricing formula set forth in (a) above, the manufacturer shall file a report with the Office of Price Administration in Washington, D. C., containing the following information:
- (1) A description of the farm equipment item being priced.
- (2) The proposed maximum prices to jobbers, dealers and all other classes of purchasers.
- (3) The proposed suggested retail price, if any, and applicable discounts and allowances to all classes of purchasers.
- (4) The total unit costs of the item being priced. Total unit costs must be determined by using prices and rates in effect to the manufacturer on October 1, 1941, as described in (a) above. Direct material cost and direct labor cost must be stated separately. Where possible, factory, administrative and selling overhead should also be stated separately.
- (5) A description of the most comparable item sold by the manufacturer on or before March 31, 1942, and the price and applicable discounts and allowances in effect to all classes of purchasers for the item on March 31, 1942.
- (6) The total unit costs of the most comparable item described in (5) above.

These total unit costs must be determined by using prices and rates in effect to the manufacturer on October 1, 1941. Direct material cost and direct labor cost must be stated separately. When possible, factory, administrative and selling overhead should also be stated separately.

(7) An explanation of the calculation of the proposed maximum prices and proposed suggested retail price, if any, in accordance with the formula set forth in the preceding paragraph (a). This explanation shall contain a statement showing that the manufacturer has used the prices, rates and price-determining method required by that formula.

(8) A statement of the reasons why the manufacturer cannot price the item of farm equipment under §§ 1361.52 or

1361.53.

- (c) Approval of prices. If the Office of Price Administration approves the proposed maximum price or fails to disapprove it within thirty days after receiving such report (or thirty days after receiving any verification of the facts, stated in the report, that may be requested, whichever is the later), the proposed maximum price shall be deemed to be approved and becomes applicable to all subsequent sales and deliveries. However, if the Office of Price Administration later determines that such price was not calculated in accordance with this section it may be disapproved at any time. Such disapproval will not be retroactive as to any deliveries made before the date of such disapproval. If the proposed maximum price is at any time disapproved by the Office of Price Administration, the manufacturer shall file a revised price under paragraph (b), and the provisions of this section shall apply in all respects to such revised price. In the event that the Office of Price Administration finds that the manufacturer's production experience does not yet warrant the establishment of a permanent maximum price, it may give temporary approval to a proposed maximum price and require a further filing under this section at a later date.
- (d) Interim pricing. Prior to receipt of approval by the Office of Price Administration of any proposed price or prior to the expiration of the thirty-day period specified in paragraph (c) of this section, the proposed price may be tentatively quoted and/or charged, but no more than 75% of the proposed price may be paid or received until a maximum price has been established, and final settlement shall be made in accordance with such maximum prices.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (c) of this section, for any item of farm equipment sold, offered for sale, or delivered on and after June 14, 1943, for which a maximum price has been established in accordance with paragraph (a) and such price has been based in part upon railroad freight rates in effect on March 31, 1942, the maximum price shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between railroad freight figured on the basis of rates in effect on March 31, 1942, and freight figured on the basis of current railroad freight rates.
- 2. Section 1361.54a (d) is amended to read as follows:

- (d) To the prices computed under the provisions of paragraph (a) above and approved by the Office of Price Administration prior to 1946, a manufacturer may add 10%, or the amount of any individual adjustment granted prior to May 10, 1946, whichever is greater.
- 3. Section 1361.67 (a) is amended to read as follows:
- (a) Except as set forth in paragraph (b) of this section, this Maximum Price Regulation No. 246 applies to any item of complete farm equipment, any attachment for use therewith and any part thereof whether in a finished or unfinished state, and any manufacturing service in the production of any of the foregoing, as defined in § 1361.56. any case of conflict, it supersedes the following maximum price regulations: Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 136-Machines and Parts and Machinery Services, Maximum Price Regulation No. 188-Manufacturers' Maximum Prices for Specified Building Materials and Consumers' Goods other than Apparel, and Maximum Price Regulation No. 210-Retail and Wholesale Prices for Fall and Winter Seasonal Commodities, Revised Maximum Import Price Regulation; it also supersedes the General Maximum Price Regulation, except as provided in § 1361.65 (a).

Note: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

This amendment shall become effective October 3, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

STATEMENT OF THE CONSIDERATIONS IN-VOLVED IN ISSUANCE OF AMENDMENT NO. 20 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 246

The accompanying amendment to Maximum Price Regulation 246 amends § 1361.54 by adding paragraphs (b), (c), (d) and (e) to the regulation. These paragraphs were included in the regulation prior to amendment 19, but were inadvertently omitted when that amendment was issued. In order for the Office of Price Administration to obtain certain required information with respect to manufacturers pricing new items of farm equipment in accordance with the provisions of this section, it is necessary that these paragraphs be included in the regulation. Accordingly, this amendment reinstates these paragraphs as they heretofore existed prior to amendment 19.

Likewise, this amendment clarifies § 1361.54a (d) by providing that the 10% increase shall only apply to prices established in accordance with the provisions of that section prior to May 10, 1946. Section 1361.54a is applicable to sales by a manufacturer of farm equipment who was not producing these items on March 31, 1942. This section provides for establishing maximum prices in line with the level of maximum prices otherwise established by the regulation. In order to permit new manufacturers to price

items of farm equipment in accordance with the in-line provisions of § 1361.54a (a) which currently takes into consideration the 10% provided by § 1361.52 in establishing an in-line level of maximum prices, it is necessary to limit the application of the 10% increase to the prices computed under the provisions of § 1361.54a (a) and approved by the Office of Price Administration prior to May 10, 1946.

Finally, § 1361.67 (a) of the regulation is amended by adding Revised Maximum Import Price Regulation to the list of regulations which are superseded by Maximum Price Regulation 246 in case of conflict. It has always been the in-tention for the coverage of Maximum Price Regulation 246 to apply to manufacturers and wholesale prices for all items of farm equipment, including imported farm equipment. However, some confusion may possibly result from action of the Office of Price Administration in suspending from price control sales of certain imported commodities, which were, prior to the issuance of such actions, under Revised Maximum Import Price Regulation. In order to avoid any possible confusion which may result from such action, due to a possible conflict between Maximum Price Regulation 246 and Revised Maximum Import Price Regulation, this amendment clarifies this situation by providing that Maximum Price Regulation 246 will supersede Revised Maximum Import Price Regulation with respect to the coverage of imported items of farm equipment.

[F. R. Doc. 48-18035; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:13 a. m.]

[3d Rev. MPR 219, Amdt. 4]

PART 1381—SOFTWOOD LUMBER

NORTHEASTERN SOFTWOOD LUMBER

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Federal Register.
Third Revised Maximum Price Regulation 219 is amended in the following

respects

- 1. In section 5 (a), subparagraphs (3) and (4) are deleted, subparagraph (5) is renumbered (3), and subparagraphs (1) and (2) are amended to read as follows:
- (1) Truck (including motor common carrier). When a shipment of lumber sold on a delivered basis moves entirely by truck (including a motor common carrier), the following amounts may be added to the "loaded on cars" price for transportation: For distances up to and including 10 miles, \$1.50 per M'BM; over 10 and up to and including 20 miles, \$2.00 per M'BM; and over 20 and up to and including 30 miles, \$2.50 per M'BM. Where the distance is greater than 30 miles, the seller may add an amount equal to the lowest through carload rail rate for the equivalent distance times the estimated weights provided in the

¹9 F. R. 8062, 9513; 10 F. R. 9927; 11 F. R. 5119.

appendices, or \$3.00 per M'BM, which-ever is greater. The permissible additions for lath shall be computed on the basis of 6000 pieces per M'BM and shingles as 10 squares per M'BM. Distance as used in this paragraph means the distance from the mill to the point of destination as measured by the speedometer. No addition may be made for the return trip.

(2) Rail carrier. When a shipment of lumber sold on a delivered basis moves in part or in whole by rail, the maximum transportation addition that may be made to the "loaded on cars" price is the lowest through rail rate times the estimated weights provided in the appendices; except that when a rail shipment is followed by a truck haul, the actual cost of the truck delivery may also be

added.

No addition may be made for a truck haul preceding the rail haul as, for example, when a mill located away from a railhead hauls lumber by truck to the railhead.

2. In Table 1 of section 17, Appendix A, the prices for all grades and sizes are increased by \$1.00 per M'BM (the footnotes and the table of additions and deductions remain unchanged)

3. In Table 2 of section 17, Appendix A, the prices for all grades and sizes are increased by \$1.00 per M'BM (the footnotes and the table of additions and de-

ductions remain unchanged).

4. In Table 4 of section 21, Appendix B, the prices for all items are increased by \$1.00 per M'BM (the footnotes remain unchanged).

5. In Table 5 of section 24, Appendix C, the following changes are made:

a. The prices for all items are in-

creased by \$4.00 per M'BM.

b. Footnotes 36 and 37 are amended to read as follows (all other footnotes remain unchanged):

ontario Jack Pine: From spruce prices deduct \$3.00

Morway Pine: From spruce prices deduct \$5.00.

6. In Table 6 of section 24, Appendix C, the following changes are made:

a. The prices for all items are increased by \$4.00 per M'BM.

b. Footnotes 21 and 22 are amended to read as follows (all other footnotes remain unchanged):

21 Ontario Jack Pine: From spruce prices deduct \$3.00.

22 Norway Pine: From spruce prices deduct \$5.00

7. In Table 7 of section 24, Appendix C, the following changes are made:

a. The prices for all items are increased by \$4.00 per M'BM.

b. Footnotes 20 and 21 are amended to read as follows (all other footnotes remain unchanged):

* Ontario Jack Pine: From spruce prices deduct \$3.00.

21 Norway Pine: From spruce prices deduct

8. In Table 8 of section 24, Appendix C, the prices for all items are increased by \$4.00 per M'BM (the footnotes remain unchanged).

9. In Table 9 of section 24, Appendix C, the prices for all items are increased by \$4.00 per M'BM (the footnotes remain unchanged).

10. In Table 10 of section 24, Appendix C, the prices for all items are increased by \$4.00 per M'BM.

11. Table 11 in section 24, Appendix C, is amended to read as follows:

TABLE 11-EASTERN SPRUCE LATH

Bize	Per 1,000 pieces, No. 1	Per 1,000 pieces, No. 2
56" x 134" x 4'	\$7. 25 7. 75	\$5.75 6.25
½" x 1½" x 4' 7(6" x 2" x 4'	10. 25 12. 75	8. 75 11. 00

12. In Table 15 of section 28, Appendix D, the prices for all items are increased by \$1.00 per M'BM (the footnotes remain unchanged).

13. In Table 16 of section 28, Appendix D, the prices for all items are increased by \$1.00 per M'BM (the footnotes remain

unchanged).

14. In Table 17 of section 28, Appendix D, the prices for all items are increased by \$1.00 per M'BM (the footnotes remain unchanged)

15. In Table 19 of section 32, Appendix E, the prices for all items are increased by \$1.00 per M'BM (the footnotes remain

unchanged)

16. In Table 20 of section 32, Appendix E, the prices for all items are increased by \$1.00 per M'BM (the footnotes remain unchanged)

17. In Table 21 of section 32, Appendix E, the prices for all items are increased by \$1.00 per M'BM (the footnotes remain unchanged).

This amendment shall become effective October 3, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

STATEMENT OF THE CONSIDERATIONS IN-VOLVED IN THE ISSUANCE OF AMENDMENT 4 TO THIRD REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REG-ULATION 219

This amendment increases the maximum prices of Northeastern softwood lumber under Third Revised Maximum Price Regulation 219, except Ottawa Valley white and Norway pine, by an average of about \$1.15 per M'BM in order to meet the minimum requirements of law. The maximum prices of Eastern spruce are by this action increased by \$4.00 per M'BM while the maximum prices of the remaining species, except white and Norway pine imported from the Ottawa Valley, are increased by \$1.00 per M'BM. Prices for lath have been increased pro-

The amendment also revises the delivered prices of Northeastern lumber by revising section 5 which prescribes the transportation allowances to be used in computing delivered prices.

The new increases are in addition to those given in Amendment 2 which was issued in May 1946. Amendment 2 was a discretionary action providing increases of \$2.00 per M'BM on round edge

white pine and \$3.50 per M'BM on square edge softwoods (other than Ottawa Valley pine, which was treated individually). The earlier action was taken pending completion of the cost study of the industry then in process. In the absence of more recent information it was based on 1943 data projected for increases in costs and realization occurring since then

The Office has now completed the collection and analysis of financial and operational data for the year 1945 from 45 companies producing 158 million feet of softwoods in 1945, or about 10 percent of the domestic production subject to the regulation. These companies were selected to give fair representation to mills of varying size, location and species. To ensure an adequate sample of small mills accounting assistance was furnished to companies otherwise unable to submit operating cost data.

In order that the current status of the industry should be reflected insofar as it was possible, the data for 1945 were adjusted for the following changes in costs and realization that are believed to have

occurred during 1946:

(a) Increases in net realization effected by price actions since 1945, and by the issuance of Supplementary Order 150, which permits wholesalers of softwood lumber to sell at 5 percent above the mill ceilings and thereby relieves mills from offering the full trade discount:

(b) Increases in cost due to increases in the prices paid for rough green lumber and for materials and supplies:

(c) Increases in lumber costs due to increases in wage rates and the accompanying increases in payroll taxes and insurance. These adjustments were made only as they occurred for each company in the array; and

(d) Decreases in unit costs as a result of increased labor efficiency.

The relatively small sample and the prevalence of mixed-species operations have made it difficult to determine whether or not ceiling prices are adequate for any particular species. This is particularly true in the case of spruce, which is produced chiefly as a minor product of mills manufacturing other

The importance of ensuring adequate prices for spruce, which is the most suitable of all the Northeastern softwoods for house construction, is particularly high-lighted by current production trends. While hemlock white pine production in the Northeastern and Appalachian areas rose from a level of 960 million feet in 1941 to 1330 million feet in 1945, production of Eastern spruce in the area declined continuously from 158 million in 1941 to 93 million in 1945.

A principal cause of the decline in output has been the depletion of readily accessible timber stands in many areas of the New England and Appalachian regions. The price differentials between spruce and competing species is also considered to be a contributing factor. In view of the unfilled demands for construction lumber, the Civilian Production Administration has requested the

Office of Price Administration to make whatever adjustment in price may be necessary to remedy the influence of

price on the spruce supply.

Because of the difficulties involved in attempting to isolate the costs of producing spruce from those of other species, it is impossible to obtain an accurate measure of the increases necessary to permit profitable operation. Any increase in spruce prices will have little effect on the over-all realization of lumber mills in these regions owing to the fact that spruce output will always be small in relation to the total. The Administrator believes that an increase of \$4.00 per M'BM on spruce and a \$1.00 per M'BM increase on the remaining softwoods will provide appropriate levels for the different species and will at the same time encourage the supply of those species most useful to the national program. The combined effect of these increases on over-all realization of the Northeastern softwoods industry amounts to about \$1.15 per M'BM which will ensure cost recovery or better for 90 percent of the industry.

The amendment also effects three principal changes in section 5 which prescribes the transportation allowances to be used in computing delivered prices. As amended, the section provides (1) that on sales delivered by truck, the transportation charges (which have been left unchanged) are explicitly to be added to the "loaded on cars" price: (2) that on sales delivered by motor common carrier, the seller may charge the same amount as if he had delivered the lumber by his own truck; and (3) that on sales delivered by rail carrier, the seller may add a transportation allowance based on estimated weights and the lowest through rail rate. In addition, minor changes having no effect on price or practice have been made for amplifica-

tion and clarification.

Prior to this amendment sellers were required to use the on-trucks price as a base for computing delivered prices and the industry alleges the proper and customary differentials existing between the various types of sales were disrupted. Mills have chosen to refrain from delivering in their own trucks even when such a mode of transportation is the most economical. Much of the lumber formerly truck-delivered is now moving by rail, either to local markets at higher costs due both to generally higher transportation charges and to the frequent need for circuitous rail routing between points that can be reached directly by truck, or to distant points away from the local markets.

The Civilian Production Agency alarmed at the diversion of lumber from the local areas which have always depended heavily on truck-delivered lumber from neighboring mills has joined the Industry Advisory Committee in requesting this Office to correct the provisions responsible for the situation.

This action which will permit a price schedule that conforms more closely to the relative costs involved under the different types of sales, and will remove thereby the present barriers to normal selling practices, effects a discretionary Increase of \$1.00 per M'BM in the delivered prices that a mill may charge on truck-delivered lumber. However, to the extent that sellers, feeling penalized, have discontinued truck deliveries, little change in mill realization is anticipated. The cost of truck-delivered lumber to buyers who are now making delivery in their own trucks will be much the same and the cost to nearby buyers taking rail shipments will in many cases be lower.

The paragraph relating to truck transportation charges has also been amended to provide factors for converting from pieces and squares to board feet for the purposes of computing transportation allowances based on board feet measure.

The Office has also taken the opportunity at this time to amend the provision for rail charges in paragraph (a) (2) of section 5 so that it provides clearly as in other lumber regulations that rail charges are to be based on the estimated weights already provided in the regulation and the lowest through rail rate. Previously the seller was allowed to use either actual cost or estimated weight times the rate. This resulted in lack of uniformity of delivered prices from one mill to one destination.

At the same time, the prices of lumber delivered by motor common carrier are now set at the same levels as those of lumber delivered by seller's private truck in order to simplify the pricing structure and to provide a uniform price for truck delivered lumber, regardless of whether the truck is owned, controlled or contracted for by the seller. On the average, motor common carrier rates for actual transportation (exclusive of loading and unloading) are not significantly different from the charges now allowed, and little change in prices is expected from this change in the provisions.

All provisions of this amendment and their effect upon business practices, cost practices or methods, or means or aids to distribution in the industry or industries affected have been carefully considered. No provisions which might have the effect of requiring a change in such practices, means, aids or methods established in the industry affected, have been included in the amendment unless such provisions have been found necessary to achieve effective price control and to prevent circumvention or evasion of the regulation or of the Act. To the extent that the provisions of this amendment compel or may operate to compel changes in business practices, cost practices, or methods, or means or aids to distribution established in the industry or industries affected, such provisions are necessary to prevent circumvention or evasion of this regulation or of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

In view of the above considerations, the Administrator finds that this amendment is necessary and proper and consistent with the purposes and standards of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and in Executive orders of the President.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18034; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:12 a, m.]

PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[Control Order 2, Amdt. 5]

LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER

A rationale for this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Control Order 2 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 1 (a) is amended by adding the following definitions in alphabetical order after the definition of "custom slaughterers":

"Calves" means calves as defined in Maximum Price Regulation 574 issued by the Office of Price Administration.

"Cattle" means cattle as defined in Maximum Price Regulation 574 issued by the Office of Price Administration.

2. The definition of "live weight" in section 1 (a) is amended by adding the parenthetical phrase "(as determined under Maximum Price Regulation 574 in the case of cattle and calves)" immediately after the words "means the purchase weight".

3. Section 3A (c) is amended by adding the capital letter "A" to the numeral "15" appearing at the end of the first

sentence.

4. In section 13 (b) (2), "MC-5" is amended to read "MC-13".

5. Section 15 (a) (4) is amended to read as follows:

(4) The total live weight of each species of livestock he slaughtered from the date he started operation to April 25, 1946, by quota periods;

6. In section 15, paragraphs (c) and (d) are deleted.

7. In section 15A (a) and (c), "MC-11" is amended to read "MC-14".

8. The last sentence of section 16 (a) is amended by inserting the words "or section 15A" immediately after the words "apply under section 15".

9. Section 16 (c) is added to read as follows:

(c) Application for a license and quota bases under this section must be made to the Washington Office in the case of an application for a Class 1 slaughterer's license and quota bases, or to the District Office in the case of an application for a Class 2 slaughterer's license and quota bases.

10. Section 21 (a) is amended to read as follows:

(a) Within ten (10) days after the end of each quota period, every Class 1 slaughterer, Class 2 slaughterer and custom slaughterer must file a report.

(1) Every Class 2 slaughterer and custom slaughterer who slaughters for Class 2 slaughterers must file a report in duplicate, on OPA Form MC-6 with his District Office. The report must give all information called for by the Form. If more than one of his establishments are registered with the same District Office the report must include all these establishments. If the establishments are registered with different District Offices, the slaughterer must file with

each District Office a report which shall include all the establishments registered with that Office. A report for the interim quota period must be made on OPA Form MC-6 at the same time that the slaughterer makes his report for the first quota period beginning on or after

September 1, 1946.

(2) Every Class 1 slaughterer must file a copy of Form FDO-75-1 (monthly livestock slaughter report required by the Department of Agriculture) with the Slaughter Control Program Section in the Washington Office. The report must give all information called for by the Form. In addition, Class 1 slaughterers who custom slaughter livestock for other persons and custom slaughterers who slaughter livestock for other persons in a plant subject to federal inspection must report such slaughter to the Office of Price Administration, on the reverse side of the copy of Form FDO-75-1 or an attached supplemental sheet. For such person whose livestock was custom slaughtered, the following information must be given:

(i) The license number assigned by the Office of Price Administration to the person for whom the livestock was custom slaughtered, or if he has not been assigned a license number, his establishment number or name and address;

(ii) The number of head of each species of livestock custom slaughtered for

that person; and

(iii) The total live weight of each species of livestock custom slaughtered for that person. (Do not include livestock the carcasses of which were totally condemned.)

NOTE: All reporting and record keeping requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

This amendment shall become effective October 3, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

RATIONALE ACCOMPANYING AMEND-MENT NO. 5 TO CONTROL ORDER 2

1. "Calves" and "cattle" are not de-

fined.
2. Class 1 slaughterers' licenses are is-

sued on OPA Form MC-5.

3. A person who files application for a Class 2 slaughterer's license on OPA Form MC-11 may continue to slaughter livestock until he is granted or denied a license by the District Office, provided that he applies by May 15, 1946, and files with his application a computation of his permitted slaughter.

4. A person who, during the period between June 30, 1946, and September 1, 1946, began constructing or operating a Class 1 slaughtering establishment in which he made a substantial financial

investment may apply on OPA Form MC-11 for a Class 1 license.

5. A veteran who is eligible to apply for a Class 1 license on the basis of having operated or constructed a slaughtering establishment between June 30, 1946, and September 1, 1946, is also eligible to apply for a Class 1 license under the provisions of section 16 (a).

 Section 16 does not specify where a veteran should file OPA Form MC-9 when applying for a Class 1 or a Class 2

slaughterer's license.

7. Every Class 1 slaughterer, Class 2 slaughterer, and custom slaughterer must file a report on OPA Form MC-6, in duplicate. However, a Class 1 slaughterer may, at his option, file a copy of Form FDO-75-1 (monthly livestock slaughter report required by the Department of Agriculture) instead of OPA Form MC-6, provided that the information reported on Form FDO-75-1 contains all of the information the slaughterer is required to furnish on OPA Form MC-6.

Proposed Changes

This amendment contains the following provisions:

"Calves" and "cattle" are defined.
 Class 1 slaughterers' licenses are is-

sued on OPA Form MC-13.

3. The provision that certain persons may continue slaughtering if they apply for Class 2 licenses by May 15, 1946, is deleted.

4. A person who began constructing or operating a Class 1 slaughtering establishment between June 30, 1946, and September 1, 1946, shall apply for a Class 1 license on OPA Form MC-14 instead of OPA Form MC-11.

5. A veteran who is eligible to apply for a Class 1 license on the basis of having operated or constructed a slaughtering establishment between June 30, 1946, and September 1, 1946, is not eligible to apply for a license under the provisions of sec-

tion 16 (a).

6. A veteran applying for a Class 1 license on OPA Form MC-9 shall file application with the Washington Office. a veteran applying for a Class 2 license on OPA Form MC-9 shall file application with his District Office.

7. Class 2 slaughterers and custom slaughterers who slaughter for Class 2 slaughterers will continue to file a report in duplicate, on OPA Form MC-6, with their District Offices. Class 1 slaughterers, however, will not be required to file OPA Form MC-6. Instead, they will file with the OPA Washington Office a copy of Form FDO-75-1 (monthly livestock slaughter report required by the Department of Agriculture). In addition, persons who custom slaughter livestock for ther persons in federally inspected plants will report such slaughter on the reverse side of Form FDO-75-1 or on a supplemental sheet.

Reason for Change

 "Calves" and "cattle" are defined to assure consistency of meaning in Control Order 2 and Maximum Price Regulation 574.

 Class 1 slaughterers' licenses will be issued on OPA Form MC-13 to distinguish them from Class 2 slaughterers' licenses, which are issued on OPA Form MC-5.

3. Deletion of the provision that certain persons may continue slaughtering if they apply for Class 2 licenses by May 15, 1946, is made pursuant to passing of the cut-off date, and to avoid misinterpretation of section 15.

4. A new application, OPA Form MC-14, is provided for persons applying for Class 1 licenses on the basis of construction or operation between June 30, 1946, and September 1, 1946, in order to avoid the necessity of making numerous changes on OPA Form MC-11, which originally was designed for Class 2 slaughterers.

5. Veterans who are eligible to apply for Class 1 licenses on the basis of having operated or constructed slaughtering establishments between June 30, 1946, and September 1, 1946, are ruled ineligible to apply for licenses under section 16 (a) in order to place them on the same basis as veterans who apply for Class 2 licenses pursuant to operation or construction of establishments between September 1, 1945 and April 25, 1946.

6. The place for filing OPA Form MC-9 was inadvertently omitted at the time Control Order 2 was issued. Beginning September 1, 1946, the form was made effective for use by Class 1 as well as Class 2 slaughterers. Inasmuch as Class 1 slaughterers file with the Washington Office, and Class 2 slaughterers file with District Offices, the need for specific instruction on where to file is

more urgent than ever.

7. Federally inspected slaughterers have been required, historically, to file Form FDO-75-1 with the Department of Agriculture. Inasmuch as this form requires information very similar to that required to be reported on OPA Form MC-6, there is no necessity for retaining two reporting forms. Since it is possible, administratively, for the Office of Price Administration to use reports filed on FDO-75-1, it is logical to abandon the optional filing of OPA Form MC-6 by federally inspected slaughterers.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18029; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:11 a. m.]

PART 1410—WOOL [MPR 163, Amdt. 23]

WOOLEN AND WORSTED CIVILIAN
APPAREL FABRICS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Maximum Price Regulation 163 is amended in the following respects:

- 1. Section 1410.103 (j) (1) is amended by adding after subdivision (iii) thereof the following:
- (iv) Optional method. If the seller wishes he may sell in any one "class of sale" an amount which does not exceed an amount equal to his total current month's sales multiplied by the percentage which he determined under (ii) above for that class of sale.

A jobber or secondary jobber whose piece lot sales in the base period were less than 5% of his total dollar sales in the base period shall not be limited in the sales he may make in less than piece lots to persons other than custom or merchant tailors, retail establishments and special order departments of manufacturers of apparel at prices which reflect a division factor lower than the applicable division factor for sales of piece

lots; and, if such a seller's sales in the base period in less than piece lots and cut lengths were exclusively to custom or merchant tailors he shall not be limited in the sales he may make in less than piece lots (more than 11 yards in length) to custom or merchant tailors at prices which reflect a division factor lower than the applicable division factor for sales of piece lots.

2. Section 1410.103 (j) (1) (iii) (b) is amended by deleting therefrom the words "to retail stores and."

3. Section 1410.103 (j) (2) is amended by adding at the end thereof a new undesignated paragraph to read as follows:

A jobber or secondary jobber who makes application under this sub-paragraph and who is under common ownership or control with a jobber or secondary jobber who made sales of woolen and worsted civilian apparel fabrics in the base period shall not have a percentage established for him for any class of sale which is greater than that determined for the same class of sale by the jobber or secondary jobber who made sales in the base period.

4. Section 1410.103 (j) (3) (iii) is amended by deleting therefrom the words "to retail stores and."

This amendment shall become effective October 3, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

STATEMENT OF THE CONSIDERATIONS IN-VOLVED IN THE ISSUANCE OF AMENDMENT 23 TO MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 163

This amendment modifies certain limitations placed by Amendment 21 to Maximum Price Regulation 163 upon the sales of less-than-piece-lots by woolen jobbers. The limitation is now removed from sales to retail stores and an optional provision is provided for determining each jobber's monthly volume for each category of less-than-piece-lot sales.

Prior to this amendment the dollar amount of sales which a jobber might make at any one division factor was determined by the application of a certain percentage factor to his total sales in the preceding month. It was provided that the percentage should be applied to the preceding month rather than to the current month because the fixed base thereby provided made it easier for the jobber-to determine his respective sales. This method, however, now threatens to cause hardship because of the effect of strikes upon deliveries in September. It has also been pointed out by the jobbers that August was a slow month for some jobbers. Such potential hardship would be avoided if the amount of sales could be determined by applying the applicable percentage to total sales of the current month. Consequently, the method of applying percentages to current sales is provided as a relief measure which a jobber may find it necessary to use whenever his sales in a preceding month were unduly low. This provision is not contrary to the intent of the original limitation and is desirable to prevent inequities and hardships in individual cases.

Amendment 21 was issued as the result of the considerable extent to which jobbers had diverted their sales from piece-lots to less-than-piece-lots. At the time of issuance it was thought necessary to place limitations upon all types of less-than-piece-lot sales. It now appears, however, that diversion is unimportant in the case of retail stores. A shortage of linings and an increasing supply of woolen goods of the type usually carried by retail stores are reducing the danger of diversion to a minimum, especially in view of the extra expense in packaging such sales and the relatively small premiums. Furthermore, the Administrator had only recently taken action to remove price impediments to the movement of goods from mills to retail stores. In view of these considerations it is now provided that no limitation shall apply to the use of the division factor for sales to retail stores in less-than-piece-lots.

It should be noted that any jobber who sells in less-than-piece-lots to both retail stores and to special order departments of manufacturers of apparel must, if he wishes to avail himself of this exemption for sales to retail stores, recompute his base-period percentage for sales to special-order departments of manufacturers and file an amended report with the Textile Branch, Consumer Goods Division, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C. A jobber who made no base-period sales must file an amended application.

Although each jobber is restricted to fixed percentages for less-than-piece-lot sales, the amounts of such sales are indeterminate insofar as the jobber is able to expand his sales of piece-lots and thereby his total sales to which his percentages apply. Furthermore, when a jobber chooses the option of applying his percentages to sales of the current month his ability to stay within those percentages is relatively easy if he has a substantial piece-lot business. On the other hand, a jobber with no piece-lot business would have diffculty both in expanding his sales and remaining within his percentages. To meet this difficulty it is provided that a jobber, whose percentages for less-than-piece-lot sales total 95% or more, is unlimited in his sales as follows: (1) if he has a percentage for sales to other than custom or merchant tailors, he is unlimited with respect to the class of sales to persons other than custom or merchant tailors, retail establishments and special order departments of manufacturers of apparel; (2) if his sales of less-than-piece-lots and cutlengths in the base-period were exclusively to custom or merchant tailors he is not limited in the sales of less-thanpiece-lots of more than 11 yards to such purchasers at the applicable division factor.

It is further provided that a new jobber who is under common ownership or control together with a base-period jobber shall not be given percentages greater than those of the base-period jobber.

All provisions of this amendment and their effect upon business practices, cost practices or methods, or means or aids to distribution in the industry or industries affected have been carefully considered. No provisions which might have the effect of requiring a change in such practices, means, aids, or methods established in the industry or industries affected, have been included in the amendment unless such provisions have been found necessary to achieve effective price control and to prevent circumvention or evasion of the regulation or. of the Act. To the extent that the provisions of this amendment compel or may operate to compel changes in business practices, cost practices or methods, or means or aids to distribution established in the industry or industries affected, such provisions are necessary to prevent circumvention or evasion of this amendment or of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

Insofar as practicable, the Administrator has consulted with representatives of the industry affected by this amendment and has given consideration to their recommendations. In the opinion of the Administrator the maximum prices established by this amendment are fair and equitable to the industry generally and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, and Executive Orders 9250 and 9328.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18033; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:12 a. m.]

PART 1426—WOOD PRESERVATION AND PRIMARY FOREST PRODUCTS

[MPR 555,1 Amdt. 5]

WESTERN POLES AND PILING

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

In Maximum Price Regulation 555, a new paragraph is added to section 3 (c) to read as follows:

(4) On shipments of Douglas fir (other than coast type), lodgepole pine, Western hemlock and Western larch poles and piling from points in Idaho, Montana, and that part of Washington east of the crest of the Cascade Mountains to points for which there is no published through railroad freight rate via the Minnesota Transfer-Twin Cities Gateway, the transportation addition may be computed on the basis of the local freight rate or rates from the original loading-out point to destination.

This amendment shall become effective October 8, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October, 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

STATEMENT OF THE CONSIDERATIONS IN-VOLVED IN THE ISSUANCE OF AMENDMENT 5 TO MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 555

This amendment makes a minor change affecting the determination of transportation additions. This change provides that on shipments of Douglas fir (other than coast type), lodgepole

¹⁹ F. R. 10992, 12596, 14647; 10 F. R. 7054,

pine, Western hemlock, and Western larch poles and piling from points in Idaho, Montana, and that part of Washington east of the crest of the Cascade Mountains to points for which there is no published through railroad freight rate via the Minnesota Transfer-Twin Cities Gateway, the transportation addition may be computed on the basis of the local freight rate or rates from the original loading-out point.

Charging the combination of local freight rates by sellers on shipments of poles and piling of all species from the "Inland Empire" area to the designated points has been a customary practice of the trade. In conformity with this practice, a transportation addition covering the local freight rates has been allowed for such shipments in Maximum Price Regulation 554—Western Red Cedar Poles and Piling—and prior to Amendment 4 to Maximum Price Regulation 555, had been allowed in this latter regulation for such shipments of lodgepole pine poles and piling. Prior to 1946, poles and piling of these species were the only ones produced in significant quantities in the affected area.

On November 30, 1945, the American Standards Association approved definite specifications for poles of Douglas fir (other than coast type), Western hem-lock and Western larch. Amendment 4 to Maximum Price Regulation 555, effective June 15, 1946, which was designed to enable producers in the affected area to market these new species of poles, established new table prices for each. It also modified the method of figuring transportation additions for all shipments of poles and piling of lodgepole pine, in order to effectuate the establishment of a uniform "basing-point" system of determining transportation additions in the regulation.

Inadvertently, however, there was omitted from Amendment 4, a provision allowing sellers to charge the customary transportation addition, that of the combination of local freight rates, on shipments of poles and piling of Inland Douglas fir, lodgepole pine, Western hemlock, and Western larch from the "Inland Empire" area to points for which there is no published through railroad freight rate via the Minnesota Transfer-Twin Cities Gateway. It was not intended, as is the case under the provisions of the regulation as amended by Amendment 4, that sellers be required to absorb the difference between the lower basing-point published through rate and the combination of local rates actually being paid.

This amendment incorporates in the regulation the provision inadvertently omitted in Amendment 4.

In view of the foregoing considerations the Price Administrator finds that this amendment is reasonable and proper, and consistent with the purposes and standards of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and the relevant Executive Orders of the President.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18036; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:13 a, m.]

Chapter XXIII—War Assets Administration

[Rev. Special Order 24, Amdt. 2]

PRICING AND DISTRIBUTION POLICY FOR CONSUMER GOODS

War Assets Administration Revised Special Order 24, March 16, 1946, as amended August 15, 1946, entitled "Pricing and Distribution Policy for Consumer Goods" (11 F. R. 3075, 9094) is hereby further amended in the following respects:

1. Paragraph 5 is amended by adding the following at the end thereof:

In order to qualify for a price discount authorized by this paragraph as compensation for the distributive function to be performed, each order from a wholesaler shall bear a certificate signed by such wholesaler in the following form;

- It is hereby certified that the purchaser is and expects to continue to be engaged in the wholesale business normally distributing goods, wares, and merchandise similar to those specified on this order to retailers and other wholesale customers, and that in consideration of the receipt of the wholesaler's discount on the purchase of surplus property from the United States, in accordance with the War Assets Administrator's pricing and distribution policy, the purchaser agrees to use his best efforts to sell such property to small independent retailers.
- 2. There is added a new paragraph, to be numbered 11, to read as follows:
- 11. The maximum quantity which should be offered for sale by the disposal agency to any one purchaser should to the extent feasible be a quantity which will assure wide distribution of the available property. Such maximum quantities shall be established in all cases where it reasonably may be expected that the total demand will exceed the supply offered for sale within the area in which the offering is made.

This amendment shall become effective October 3, 1946.

ROBERT M. LITTLEJOHN,
Administrator.

OCTOBER 1, 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18051; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:31 a. m.]

[Reg. 21, Amdt. 2]

PART 8321—PRICING AND DISTRIBUTION POLICY FOR PRODUCTION MATERIALS AND PRODUCTION EQUIPMENT

War Assets Administration Regulation 21, June 18, 1946, as amended August 15, 1946, entitled "Pricing and Distribution Policy for Production Materials and Production Equipment" (11 F. R. 7134, 9080) is hereby further amended in the following respects:

- 1. Section 8321.5 is amended by adding the following new paragraph (c):
- (c) Certificate by distributor. In order to qualify for a price discount authorized by this section as compensation for the distributive function to be performed,

each order from a distributor shall bear a certificate signed by such distributor in the following form:

It is hereby certified that the purchaser is and expects to continue to be a distributor of production materials or production equipment similar to those specified on this order to industrial users and other independent purchasers, and that in consideration of the receipt of the distributor's discount on the purchase of surplus property from the United States, in accordance with the War Assets Administrator's pricing and distribution policy, the purchaser agrees to use his best efforts to sell such property to small independent purchasers.

- 2. Section 8321.6 is amended to read as follows:
- § 8321.6 Maximum and minimum quantities—(a) Maximum quantities. The maximum quantity which should be offered by the disposal agency to any one purchaser should to the extent feasible be a quantity which will assure wide distribution of the available property. Such maximum quantities shall be established in all cases where it reasonably may be expected that the total demand will exceed the supply offered for sale within the area in which the offering is made.
- (b) Minimum quantities. The minimum quantity, i. e., the minimum lot size, which should be offered for sale by the disposal agency should to the extent feasible be a quantity which will enable small independent purchasers to participate. Such minimum quantities may be larger when (1) large quantities of merchandise are packaged in military cartons or in bulk containers and it would be uneconomical to repackage the property to provide for sales in smaller quantities, or (2) it is necessary to consolidate several packages in order to assure an equitable or appropriate distribution of the property to each purchaser.

This amendment shall become effective October 3, 1946.

ROBERT M. LITTLEJOHN,
Administrator.

OCTOBER 1, 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18050; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:31 a. m.]

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION AND RAILROADS

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

[S. O. 559, Amdt. 2]

PART 95-CAR SERVICE

DEMURRAGE CHARGES ON GONDOLA, OPEN AND COVERED HOPPER CARS AT PITTSBURGH AND ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 30th day of September A. D. 1946.

Upon further consideration of Service Order No. 559 (11 F. R. 8163), as amended (11 F. R. 8453) and good cause appearing therefor; It is ordered, That:

The provisions of Service Order No. 559 shall not apply to cars loaded with commodities the nature of which requires the use of electric cranes or other similar electric machinery to unload such commodities from the car or cars.

This amendment shall apply to cars on hand at 7:00 a. m., October 1, 1946, and on cars arriving after that time but before 7:00 a. m., October 7, 1946 at points in Pittsburgh, Pa., or Allegheny

County, Pennsylvania.

It is further ordered, That a copy of this order and direction shall be served upon each State railroad regulatory body, and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL]

W. B. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17850; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[S. O. 617, Amdt 1]

PART 95-CAR SERVICE

MOVEMENT OF GRAIN TRAFFIC UNDER PERMIT; APPOINTMENT OF AGENT

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1946.

Upon further consideration of Service Order No. 617 (11 F. R. 11137), and good cause appearing therefor; It is ordered,

Service Order No. 617 be, and it is hereby, amended by substituting the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b)

(b) Movement of grain traffic under permit. Except as provided in paragraph (c) herein, no common carrier by railroad operating in and serving points in the States of Minnesota, Montana, North or South Dakota, also Superior, East End and Itasca, Wisconsin, shall place in position for loading any car for loading grain unless or until the consignor or shipper thereof certifies in writing on the car order to the carrier that a permit has been issued by the agent appointed in paragraph (d) hereof authorizing the transportation of the particular shipment of grain.

It is further ordered, That this amendment shall become effective at 12:01 a.m., October 1, 1946; that a copy of this order and direction be served upon the State railroad regulatory bodies of the States of Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana and Wisconsin, and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general

public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal

By the Commission, Division 3.

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17849; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

> Chapter II-Office of Defense Transportation

PART 500-CONSERVATION OF RAIL EQUIPMENT

SHIPMENTS OF NEW FRESH HARVESTED CARROTS

CROSS REFERENCE: For an exception to the provisions of § 500.72, see Part 520

[Gen. Permit ODT 18A, Rev. 8, Amdt. 2]

PART 520-CONSERVATION OF RAIL EQUIP-MENT: EXCEPTIONS, PERMITS, AND SPECIAL

SHIPMENTS OF NEW FRESH HARVESTED CARROTS

Pursuant to Title III of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, Executive Order 8989, as amended, and Executive Order 9729, General Permit ODT 18A, Revised-8, as amended (11 F. R. 8599, 9763), is hereby further amended by adding to subparagraph (2) of paragraph (a) of § 520.503 the names of the States of Arizona, California and New Mexico.

This Amendment 2 to General Permit ODT 18A, Revised-8, shall become effective October 4, 1946.

(54 Stat. 676, 56 Stat. 177, 58 Stat. 827, 59 Stat. 658, 60 Stat. 345; 50 U.S.C. App. 633, 645, 1152; E. O. 8989, as amended, 6 F. R. 6725, 8 F. R. 14183; E. O. 9729, 11 F. R. 5641)

Issued this 1st day of October 1946, at Washington, D. C.

> HOMER C. KING. Deputy Director of the Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17848; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

Notices

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION. [Docket No. G-791]

TENNESSEE GAS AND TRANSMISSION CO.

ORDER SUSPENDING RATE SCHEDULE

SEPTEMBER 27, 1946.

It appearing to the Commission that: (a) Tennessee Gas and Transmission Company, hereinafter referred to as "Tennessee," on August 30, 1946, filed with the Commission an agreement entered into on February 14, 1946, with the United Fuel Gas Company hereinafter referred to as "United." This agreement, which has been designated by the Commission as Rate Schedule FBC No. 7. by its terms is to become effective as of September 1, 1946, and is to supersede Tennessee's Rate Schedule FPC No. 2 and supplements thereto, including Supplement No. 2 now under suspension by Commission order in Docket No. G-705.

(b) Tennessee concurrently filed with the Commission on August 30, 1946, a supplemental rate schedule designated by the Commission as Supplement No. 8 to Rate Schedule FPC No. 2, cancelling Tennessee's Supplement No. 7 to Rate Schedule FPC No. 2, which by its terms is to become effective as of September 9. 1946. The provisions of Supplement No. 7 to Rate Schedule FPC No. 2 are included in the aforesaid rate schedule filed August 30, 1946.

(c) The aforesaid Rate Schedule FPC No. 7 provides for increased rates and charges for natural gas sold to United in excess of the volume of natural gas which Tennessee has obligated itself to deliver, designated in said rate schedule as "total contract volume," over and above the rates and charges for similarly classified natural gas in Tennes-see's present effective Rate Schedule FPC No. 2, and such rates and charges may be higher than that demanded by Tennessee from other customers for gas sold under similar conditions.

(d) The aforesaid Rate Schedule FPC No. 7 provides for the sale, by Tennessee to United or others, of natural gas contracted for but not taken by Hope Natural Gas Company, without stating the rate, charge, terms or conditions to be made, demanded or received from United or others for the delivery and

sale of such natural gas.

(e) The aforesaid Rate Schedule FPC No. 7 changes rates and charges retained in effect by reason of Commission suspension in Docket No. G-705 of Tennessee's rate schedule filed on February 12, 1946, designated Supplement No. 2 to Rate Schedule FPC No. 2.

(f) The aforesaid Rate Schedule FPC No. 7 may not comply with the Natural Gas Act and Part 154.3A, and was submitted without full compliance with Part 154.3C, of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, and has not been shown to be justified.

The Commission finds that:

It is necessary in the public interest that the Commission enter upon a hearing concerning the propriety and lawfulness of the rate schedules filed on August 30, 1946, referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) above, and that such rate schedules should be suspended and use of such rates, charges, classification and service deferred.

The Commission orders that:

(A) A public hearing be held, on a date to be hereafter set by the Commission, in the Hearing Room of the Federal Power Commission, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., to determine if the rates and charges referred to in paragraph (c) above are unjust, unreasonable, or unduly dis-criminatory, and if Rate Schedule FPC No. 7 and Supplement No. 8 to Rate Schedule FPC No. 2, referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) above, comply with the Natural Gas Act and the rules and regulations prescribed by the Commission.

(B) Pending such hearing and decision the operation of such rate schedules filed by Tennessee, Rate Schedule FPC No. 7 and Supplement No. 8 to FPC No. 2, referred to in paragraph (a) and (b) above, and the use of such rates, charges, classifications and services be and they hereby are suspended and deferred until January 30, 1947, and until such time thereafter as such rate schedules shall be made effective in the manner prescribed by the Natural Gas Act, save and except such suspension shall not pertain to rates, charges, classifications, or services for the sale of natural gas for resale for industrial use only.

(C) Interested State commissions may participate in said hearing as provided in Rule 8 (a) (1) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

By the Commission.

Date of issuance: September 30, 1946.

[SEAL]

J. H. GUTRIDE, Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17854; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY.

Food and Drug Administration.

[Docket No. FDC 36-A]

STANDARD OF IDENTITY FOR CANNED PEAS NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of proposals to amend the definition and standard of identity

for canned peas.

Notice is hereby given that the Administrator of the Federal Security Agency, upon the applications of substantial portions of the interested industry stating reasonable grounds therefor and in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Secs. 401, 701, 52 Stat. 1046, 1055; 21 U.S.C. 341, 371) will hold a public hearing commencing at 10 o'clock in the morning of November 6, 1946, in Room 5545, Social Security Building, Independence Avenue and Fourth Streets, SW, Washington, D. C., upon proposals to amend § 51.0 (c) (7) (21 CFR Cum. Supp. 51.0) to provide for the use of additional optional alkaline ingredients, and § 51.0 (f) (6) to provide for label declaration of such in-

Mr. Edward E. Turkel hereby is designated as presiding officer to conduct the hearing, in the place of the Administrator, with full authority to administer oaths and affirmations and to do all other things appropriate to the conduct of the hearing.

The hearing will be conducted in accordance with the rules of practice provided therefor (21 CFR Cum. Supp.

2.701-2.715)

In lieu of oral testimony, interested persons may submit affidavits to the presiding officer at Room 3257 Social Security Building, Federal Security Agency, Independence Avenue and Fourth Street, SW. Washington, D. C., at any time prior to the hearing. Such affidavits should be submitted in quintuplicate and, if relevant and material, will be received and

made a part of the record of the hearing, but the Administrator will consider the lack of opportunity for cross-examination in determining the weight to be given to statements contained therein. Every interested person will be permitted, in accordance with the above-mentioned rules of practice, to examine all affidavits submitted and to, file counter-affidavits with the presiding officer.

At the hearing evidence will be restricted to testimony and exhibits that are relevant and material to the issue

contained in the proposals.

The proposal is subject to adoption, rejection, amendment, or modification by the Administrator, in whole or in part, as the evidence adduced at the hearing may require.

Dated: October 1, 1946.

[SEAL]

MAURICE COLLINS, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17867; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 9:13 a, m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COM-MISSION.

[File No. 811-102]

BOSTON METAL INVESTORS, INC.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION, STATEMENT OF ISSUES AND ORDER FOR HEARING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 30th day of September A. D., 1946.

Notice is hereby given that Boston Metal Investors, Incorporated ("Applicant") has filed an application pursuant to section 8 (f) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("Act") for an order declaring that Applicant has ceased to be an investment company and terminating its registration under the act. Applicant states that it was dissolved by the appropriate authorities of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and revived for the purposes of prosecuting and defending suits by or against it and orderly winding up its affairs, that it has liquidated its assets, and that on August 13, 1946, its Board of Directors voted to pay a final dividend in complete liquidation. All interested persons are referred to said application which is on file in the offices of the Commission for a more detailed statement of the matters of fact and law asserted.

The Corporation Finance Division has advised the Commission that upon a preliminary examination of the application, it deems the following issues to be raised thereby:

(1) Whether Applicant has ceased to be an investment company within the meaning of the act, and

(2) Whether it is necessary for the protection of investors to condition any order terminating the registration of Applicant under the act.

It appearing to the Commission that a hearing upon the application is neces-

sary and appropriate:

It is ordered, Pursuant to section 40 (a) of said act, That a public hearing on the aforesaid application be held on the 16th day of October, 1946, at 9:45

a. m. eastern standard time, in Room 318 of the offices of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 18th and Locust Streets, Philadelphia 3, Pennsylvania.

It is further ordered, That Allen Mac-Cullen, or any officer or officers of the Commission designated by it for that purpose shall preside at the hearing and any officer or officers so designated to preside at any such hearing is hereby authorized to exercise all of the powers granted to the Commission under sections 41 and 42 (b) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and to hearing officers under the Commission's rules of

practice.

Notice of such hearing is hereby given to the above named Applicant and to any other person or persons whose participation in such proceedings may be necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors. Any person desiring to be heard in said proceeding should file with the Secretary of the Commission, on or before October 14, 1946, his application therefor as provided by Rule XVII of the rules of practice of the Commission, setting forth therein any of the above matters or issues of law or fact which he desires to controvert and any additional issues he deems raised by the aforesaid application.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,

Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17853; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:52 a. m.]

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION.

[MPR 120, Corr. to Amdt. 4 Under Order 1290]

BITUMINOUS COAL IN DISTRICT 3

CONSOLIDATION OF ADJUSTMENTS FOR INDIVIDUAL MINES

On September 25, 1946, Amendment No. 4 to Order No. 1290 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 was issued and made effective September 30, 1946. The action was taken under § 1340.207 (a) of the regulation. It has been the policy in such matters to make the first day of the month the effective date of such action, for the convenience of the industry.

By inadvertence the said Amendment No. 4 failed to carry out the said policy. The order should, therefore, be corrected to afford the usual convenience to the company involved and to prevent any resulting hardship.

In view of the foregoing and pursuant to § 1340.207 (a) of Maximum Price Reg-

ulation No. 120, It is ordered:

Amendment No. 4 to Order No. 1290 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 is hereby corrected in the following respect:

The effective date "September 30, 1946" is corrected to read "October 1, 1946".

This correction shall be effective as of September 30, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17869; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

[Rev. SO 119, Order 344] Marshall Field & Co.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to sections 15 and 16 of Revised Supplementary Order No. 119, it is ordered:

(a) Manufacturer's maximum prices. (1) On and after the effective date of this order the maximum price for a sale of any unit of wool floor coverings by Karastan Rug Mills, Marshall Field and Company, Manufacturing Division, of articles which it manufactures contained in its application dated June 19, 1946, for which said company has a maximum price properly established under § 1352.1 (a) of Revised Price Schedule No. 57 on that date, shall be 111.4 percent of such properly established maximum price, exclusive of any increases or adjustment charges in such maximum price permitted by any order, schedule or regulation of the Office of Price Administra-

(2) The manufacturer may increase its maximum prices established under (1) above by no more than 4½ percent; Provided, however, That the amount of such increase is separately stated as an adjustment charge on each invoice or other written evidence of sale.

(b) Maximum prices of purchasers for resale. Resellers of an article which the manufacturer has sold at an adjusted maximum price determined under this order, shall compute their maximum

prices as follows:

(1) Distributors whose sales are covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 65. A distributor whose sales are covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 65 may increase his maximum price established under § 1352.1 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 65 by the same percentage amount as that by which the manufacturer increased his maximum prices to the same class of purchaser under this order: Provided, however, That the distributor shall state separately on his invoice, in dollars and cents that portion of his adjusted maximum price, which is stated by the manufacturer to be the manufacturer's adjustment charge in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) hereof. The distributor shall designate on his invoice that portion of his adjusted maximum price which is stated by the manufacturer to be the manufacturer's adjustment charge as "manufacturer's adjustment charge".

(2) Wholesalers and retailers whose sales are covered by the General Maximum Price Regulation. A wholesaler or retailer whose sales are covered by the General Maximum Price Regulation, who delivered or offered for delivery during March 1942 an article which meets the definition of "most comparable commodity" set forth in § 1499.3 (a) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, except that it need not be currently offered for sale, shall determine his maximum resale price by using as his cost the price

appearing on his supplier's invoice for the article, not including any amount specified as manufacturer's adjustment charge, and adding to such invoice cost the same markup which he had on that comparable article, according to the method and procedure set forth in § 14993 (a) of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

The determination of a maximum resale price in this way need not be reported to the Office of Price Administration. However, each seller must keep complete records showing all the information called for on OPA Form 620-759 with regard to how he determined his maximum price for inspection by the Office of Price Administration, for so long as the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, remains in effect.

If a wholesaler or retailer whose sales are covered by the General Maximum Price Regulation cannot determine his maximum resale price under the above method, he shall apply to the Office of Price Administration for the establishment of his maximum resale prices under § 1499.3 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation. With this application he shall furnish a copy of his supplier's invoice to him. Maximum resale prices established under that section will reflect the supplier's adjusted maximum price in accordance with the terms of this order.

(3) A wholesaler who determines his maximum price for the resale of an article covered by this order in accordance with paragraph (2) above shall state separately on his invoice and designate thereon as "manufacturer's adjustment charge", in dollars-and-cents that portion of his adjusted maximum price which is stated by his supplier to be the manufacturer's adjustment charge.

(4) Resellers whose sales are covered by Supplementary Regulation No. 14J. A reseller of any of the articles covered by this order whose sales are covered by Supplementary Regulation No. 14J may increase his maximum price established thereunder by the same percentage amount as that by which the manufacturer increased his maximum prices to the same class of purchaser under this order.

(5) Retailers whose sales are covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 580. A retailer whose sales are covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 580 shall determine his maximum prices in the manner provided by that regulation, using as his net cost, his invoice cost based on his supplier's invoice to him not including any amount specified to be the manufacturer's adjustment charge.

(6) The provisions of Supplementary Order No. 153 shall not apply to sales of any of the articles covered by this order.

(c) Terms of sale. Maximum prices adjusted by this order are subject to each seller's terms, discounts, allowances and other price differentials in effect during March 1942, or which have been properly established under the applicable OPA regulation.

(d) Notification. At the time of, or prior to the first invoice to a purchaser for resale, showing a price adjusted in accordance with the terms of this order the seller shall notify the purchaser in writing of the methods established in paragraph (b) of this order for determining adjusted maximum resale prices. This notice may be given in any convenient form,

This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 3d day of October 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 344 UNDER REVISED SUPPLEMENTARY OR-DER NO. 119

The Karastan Rug Mill, Marshall Field and Company, Manufacturing Division, 295 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York, applied to the Office of Price Administration for an adjustment of its maximum price for sales of articles of wool floor coverings which it manufactures. The application has been processed under Revised Supplementary Order No. 119.

Wool floor coverings are specifically listed in Appendix B of Revised Supplementary Order No. 119, and the manufacturer has submitted information demonstrating that it satisfies the eligibility

requirement of that order.

This office has examined the information which the manufacturer has submitted as part of its application. Based on that information and following the procedure set forth in Revised Supplementary Order No. 119, an increase factor of 111.4 percent over the manufacturer's maximum prices established under § 1352.1 of Revised Price Schedule No. 57 (exclusive of all permitted adjustments) was determined for the articles in question. Therefore, the accompanying order permits the manufacturer to increase its maximum prices by 111.4 percent. This can be increased by the amount of the industry-wide adjustment authorized by Revised Price Schedule No.

The manufacturer and distributors are required to state separately on their involces as an adjustment charge that portion of their adjusted maximum price which is equal to the adjustment charge authorized by § 1352.1a of Revised Price Schedule No. 57. This will result in the following:

1. No absorption by distributors whose sales are covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 65.

2. Absorption by wholesalers and retailers covered by the General Maximum Price Regulation and by retailers covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 580 of an amount equal to the amount of the industry-wide increase previously authorized by this office.

In addition, resellers whose sales are covered by Supplementary Regulation 14J may increase their maximum prices by the same percentage as is herein authorized for the manufacturer.

The absorption required by this order was required on or before March 3, 1946, and no further absorption is required. This order is, therefore, in conformity with the section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, which provides that "In establishing maximum prices applicable to wholesale or retail distributors, the Administrator shall allow the average current cost of acquisition of any commodity, plus such average percentage discount or markup as was in effect on March 31, 1946."

[F. R. Doc. 46-17868; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]

[MPR 120, Amdt. 11 to Order 1716] EDWARD TOMAJKO ET AL.

ESTABLISHMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and in accordance with § 1340.213 (d) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, It is ordered:

Order No. 1716 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 is hereby amended in

the following respects.

Paragraph (a) is amended by adding thereto the following name of the producer, address, mine name and index number, and preparation plant name as follows:

Producer and address	Mine name	Mine index No.	Location and name of preparation plant through which the coals are prepared
Paul E. Garbart, Box 497, Uniontown, Pa. Pittsburgh Coal Co., Henry W Oliver Bidg., Pittsburgh 22, Pa.	Poland No. 4	4619 2712 and 4121	Poland No. 4 mine preparation plant of Paul E. Garbart at Poland, Pa. on M. R. R. Russell No. 1 mine preparation plant at Champion, Pa., on Montour RR and Russell No. 2 mine preparation plant at Boggs, Pa., on Montour R. R.

This Amendment No. 11 to Order No. 1716 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 shall become effective October 4, 1948

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMDT. 11 TO ORDER 1716 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 120

Paul E. Garbart, Box 497, Uniontown, Pennsylvania and Pittsburgh Coal Company, Henry W. Oliver Building, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, filed applications pursuant to § 1340.213 (d) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, requesting that their maximum prices for strip-mined coal, produced at their Poland No. 4 and Russell Numbers 1 & 2 Mines, Mine Index Nos. 4619, 2712 & 4121, respectively, and prepared at their respective preparation plants at Poland, Champion and Boggs, all in Pennsylvania and all in District No. 2, be increased 61¢ per net ton for coals delivered by all methods of transportation except truck or wagon shipment and 36¢ per net ton for truck or wagon shipment.

It appears that the applicants' stripmined coals receive thorough cleaning and hand-picking at their preparation plants and they are such that they can be prepared to a standard of general acceptability in the coal-consuming market The applicants qualify, therefore for the requested relief under the provisions of said § 1340.213 (d). All mines of District No. 2, qualifying for an increase of 61¢ per net ton for prepared stripmined coal delivered by all methods of transportation except truck or wagon shipment and 36¢ per net ton for truck or wagon shipment under the provisions of § 1340.213 (d) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, have been grouped together by Order No. 1716, as amended, under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120. *Accordingly, this order is being further amended to include applicants' strip-mined coals.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17870; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

[MPR 120, Amdt. 12 to Order 1716] EDWARD TOMAJKO ET AL.

ESTABLISHMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and in accordance with § 1340.213 (d) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120; It is ordered:

Order No. 1716 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 is hereby amended in the following respects.

Paragraph (a) is amended by adding thereto the following name of the producer, address, mine name and index number, and preparation plant name as follows:

Producer and address	Mine name	Mine index No.	Location and name of preparation plant through which the coals are prepared
Martin Mining Co., 1616 Wal- nut St., Philadelphia, Pa.	Martin No. 1	4638	Martin preparation plant of Sitnek Fuel Co. at Martin, Pa. on M. R. R.

This Amendment No. 12 to Order No. 1716 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 shall become effective October 4, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator. OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMDT. 12 TO ORDER 1716 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 120

Martin Mining Co., 1616 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. filed application pursuant to § 1340.213 (d) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, requesting that its maximum prices for strip-mined coal, produced at its Martin No. 1 Mine, Mine Index No. 4638, and prepared at its preparation plant at Martin, Pennsylvania on the M. R. in District No. 2, be increased 61¢ per net ton for coals delivered by all methods of transportation except truck or wagon shipment and 36¢ per net ton for truck or wagon shipment.

It appears that the applicant's stripmined coals receive thorough cleaning and hand-picking at its preparation plant and they are such that they can be prepared to a standard of general acceptability in the coal-consuming mar-

ket.

The applicant qualifies, therefore for the requested relief under the provisions of said § 1340.213 (d). All mines of District No. 2, qualifying for an increase of 61¢ per net ton for prepared strip-mined coal delivered by all methods of transportation except truck or wagon shipment and 36¢ per net ton for truck or wagon shipment under the provisions of § 1340.213 (d) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, have been grouped together by Order No. 1716, as amended, under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120. Accordingly, this order is being further amended to include applicant's strip-mined coals.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17871; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 5217] D & E Lamp Co.

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188; It is ordered:

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries of certain articles manufactured by D & E Lamp Company, 348 East 98th Street, Brooklyn 12, N. Y.

(1) For all sales and deliveries to the following classes of purchasers by the sellers indicated below, the maximum prices are those set forth below;

Article	Model		ales by anufac- to—	For sales by any	
Article	No.	Job- bers	Re- tailers	sons to con- sumers	
15" hand decorated opal glass hurricane type table lamp with plated metal mounting 19½" hand decorated opal glass table lamp	101	Each \$4.89	Each \$5, 75	Each \$10.35	
with plated metal mounting	201	5.32	6. 25	11. 25	
lamp with plated met- al mounting	301	5.34	6. 28	11.30	

These maximum prices are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated August 29, 1946.

(2) For sales by the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries since Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 became applicable to those

sales and deliveries. For sales to persons other than consumers they are f. o. b. Brooklyn 12, New York, 2%, 10 days, net 30 days. The maximum price to consumers is net delivered.

(3) For sales by persons other than the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries after the effective date of this order. Those prices are subject to each seller's customary terms and conditions of sale on sales of similar articles.

(4) If the manufacturer wishes to make sales and deliveries to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until maximum prices have been authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(b) The manufacturer shall attach a tag or label to every article for which a maximum price for sales to consumers is established by this order. That tag or label shall contain the following statement, with the proper model number and the ceiling price inserted in the blank spaces:

Model Number ____ OPA Retail Ceiling Price—\$____ Do Not Detach

(c) At the time of, or prior to, the first invoice to each purchaser for resale, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser in writing of the maximum prices and conditions established by this order for sales by the purchaser. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(d) Jobbers' maximum prices for sales of the articles covered by this order shall be established under the provisions of

section 4.5 of SR 14J.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(f) This order shall become effective on the 4th day of October, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 5217 UNDER § 1499,158 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 188

By application dated August 29, 1946, D. & E. Lamp Company, 348 East 98th Street, Brooklyn 12, New York, herein called the applicant, requested the Office of Price Administration to establish maximum prices for sales of lamps which it manufactures.

Since the applicant has not previously manufactured an article the maximum price of which may be used as a basis for pricing the articles described in the application under one of the first three pricing methods of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, it has been necessary to consider the application under the Fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, which requires that prices be set in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

The specifications, construction and design of the applicant's product have been compared with those of comparable competitive articles for which maximum prices have been properly established under the regulation. The prices established by this order are in line with the maximum prices of those comparable articles for sales to the same classes of purchasers and are, therefore, in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

Highly inflationary tendencies have developed as a result of a great shortage in the supply of these articles. The Administrator has, therefore, deemed it advisable to establish maximum resale prices. These prices are in line with the general levels of maximum resale prices for similar merchandise, allowing the sellers markups normally enjoyed in the industry for their types of distributive operations.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17872; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 5218]

PHOENIX LAMPS, INC.

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188; It is ordered:

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries of certain articles manufactured by Phoenix Lamps, Inc., 1850 2d Avenue, New York City 28, N. Y.

(1) For all sales and deliveries to the following classes of purchasers by the sellers indicated below, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	For sa the ma turer	les by nufac- to—	For sales by any per-
	10.	Job- bers	Re- tailers	sons to con- sumers
Glazed pottery figurine table lamp.	197	Each \$3. 19	Each \$3.75	Each \$6.75

These maximum prices are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated August 29, 1946.

(2) For sales by the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries since Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 became applicable to those sales and deliveries. For sales to persons other than consumers they are f. o. b. New York City, New York, 2%, 10 days, net 30 days. The maximum price to consumers is net delivered,

(3) For sales by persons other than the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries after the effective date of this order. Those prices are subject to each seller's customary terms and conditions of sale on sales of similar articles.

(4) If the manufacturer wishes to make sales and deliveries to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the Fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price

Regulation 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until maximum prices have been authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(b) The manufacturer shall attach a tag or label to every article for which a maximum price for sales to consumers is established by this order. That tag or label shall contain the following statement, with the proper model number and the ceiling price inserted in the blank spaces:

Model Number
OPA Retail Ceiling Price-\$----Do Not Detach

(c) At the time of, or prior to, the first invoice to each purchaser for resale, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser in writing of the maximum prices and conditions established by this order for sales by the purchaser. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(d) Jobbers' maximum prices for sales of the articles covered by this order shall be established under the provisions of

section 4.5 of SR 14J.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(f) This order shall become effective on the 4th day of October 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 5218 UNDER § 1499.158 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 188

By application dated August 29, 1946, Phoenix Lamps, Inc., 1850 2d Avenue, New York City, New York, herein called the applicant, requested the Office of Price Administration to establish maximum prices for sales of lamps which it manufactures.

Since the applicant has not previously manufactured an article the maximum price of which may be used as a basis for pricing the articles described in the application under one of the first three pricing methods of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, it has been necessary to consider the application under the Fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, which requires that prices be set in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

The specifications, construction and design of the applicant's product have been compared with those of comparable competitive articles for which maximum prices have been properly established under the regulation. The prices established by this order are in line with the maximum prices of those comparable articles for sales to the same classes of purchasers and are, therefore, in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

Highly inflationary tendencies have developed as a result of a great shortage in the supply of these articles. The Administrator has, therefore, deemed it advisable to establish maximum resale prices. These prices are in line with the general levels of maximum resale prices for similar merchandise, allowing the sellers markups normally enjoyed in the

industry for their types of distributive operations.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17873; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 5219] HELEN FINKE, INC.

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to \$ 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188; It is ordered:

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries of certain articles manufactured by Helen Finke, Inc., 1850 2d Avenue, New York City, N. Y.

(1) For all sales and deliveries to the following classes of purchasers by the sellers indicated below, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model	For sales by the manufac- turer to—		For sales by any per-	
	No.	Job- bers	Re- tailers	sou to con- sumers	
19" rayon junior floor lamp shade	120	Each \$2, 98	Each \$3, 50	Each \$6, 30	

These maximum prices are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated August 12, 1946.

(2) For sales by the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries since Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 became applicable to those sales and deliveries. For sales to persons other than consumers they are f. o. b. New York City, New York, 2%, 10 days, net 30 days. The maximum price to consumers is net delivered.

(3) For sales by persons other than the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries after the effective date of this order. Those prices are subject to each seller's customary terms and conditions of sale on sales of similar articles.

(4) If the manufacturer wishes to make sales and deliveries to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the Fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until maximum prices have been authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(b) The manufacturer shall attach a tag or label to every article for which a maximum price for sales to consumers is established by this order. That tag or label shall contain the following statement, with the proper model number and the ceiling price inserted in the blank spaces:

Model Number _____ CPA Retail Ceiling Price—\$____ Do Not Detach

(c) At the time of, or prior to, the first invoice to each purchaser for resale, the

manufacturer shall notify the purchaser in writing of the maximum prices and conditions established by this order for sales by the purchaser. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(d) Jobbers' maximum prices for sales of the articles covered by this order shall be established under the provisions of

section 4.5 of SR 14J.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(f) This order shall become effective on the 4th day of October 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER,
Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 5219 UNDER § 1499.158 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 188

By application dated August 12, 1946, Helen Finke, Inc., 1850 2nd Avenue, New York City, New York, herein called the applicant, requested the Office of Price Administration to establish maximum prices for sales of lamp shades which it manufactures.

Since the applicant has not previously manufactured an article the maximum price of which may be used as a basis for pricing the articles described in the application under one of the first three pricing methods of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, it has been necessary to consider the application under the Fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, which requires that prices be set in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

The specifications, construction and design of the applicant's product have been compared with those of comparable competitive articles for which maximum prices have been properly established under the regulation. The prices established by this order are in line with the maximum prices of those comparable articles for sales to the same classes of purchasers and are, therefore, in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No.

Highly inflationary tendencies have developed as a result of a great shortage in the supply of these articles. The Administrator has, therefore, deemed it advisable to establish maximum resale prices. These prices are in line with the general levels of maximum resale prices for similar merchandise, allowing the sellers markups normally enjoyed in the industry for their types of distributive operations.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17874; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:52 a. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 5220] BUDBUILT MFG. Co.

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reason set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188; It is ordered:

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries of outboard

motors manufactured by the Budbuilt Manufacturing Company, 141 W. Jefferson Street, Los Angeles, California.

(1) For all sales and deliveries to the following classes of purchasers by the sellers indicated below, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

FOR SALES MODEL BM-46101, 1.75 HORSEPOWER
OUTBOARD MOTOR

	THE CITE STATE SETAL	scitting
	prices (each)
By any	seller to: retailers (dealers)	\$48.79
Consun	ners located in:	
Zone	1	71,40
Zone	2	71.70
Zone	3	71.80
Zone	4	72.40
Zone	5	72.50
Zone	6	72.20
Zone	7	72.35
Zone	8	72.90
Zone	9	73.05

(2) Maximum prices to consumers are delivered prices. Maximum prices to dealers are f. o. b. factory, and are subject to a cash discount of 2% for payment within 10 days, net 30 days.

(3) For sales by persons other than the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries after the effective date of this order. Other than the conditions stated under (a) (2), those prices are subject to each seller's customary terms and conditions of sale on sales of similar articles.

(4) If the manufacturer wished to make sales and deliveries to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, under the Fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales and no sales or deliveries may be made until maximum prices have been established by the Office of Price Administration.

(b) Manufacturer's maximum prices set forth in this order may be adjusted in accordance with the provisions of Order No. 15 and Amendment 1 thereto under § 1499.159c of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

(c) Resellers of articles whose maximum prices have been adjusted by the manufacturer in accordance with Order No. 15 and Amendment 1 thereto under § 1499.159c of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 may determine their adjusted maximum prices on the basis of the prices set forth in this order.

(d) In all other respects the provisions of Order No. 15 and Amendment 1 thereto under § 1499.159c of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 apply to articles whose maximum prices are adjusted in accordance with paragraph (b) and (c) above

(e) For the purposes of this order, Zone1 to 9 comprise the following states:

Zone 1. Arizona, California, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon and Washington. Zone 2. Western third of Montana, Colo-

Zone 2. Western third of Montana, rado, Wyoming, and New Mexico.

Zone 3. Minnesota, Eastern two-thirds of Montana, North Dakota and South Dakota. Zone 4. Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska,

Zone 4. Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, lower half of Illinois, lower half of Indiana, Kentucky and Ohio. Zone 5. Oklahoma, Arkansas, Upper two-

Zone 5. Oklahoma, Arkansas, Upper twothirds of Mississippi and the Upper third of Louisiana. Zone 6. Texas, Lower two-thirds of Louisiana, and Lower third of Mississippi.

Zone 7. Wisconsin, Michigan, Upper half

of Illinois and Upper half of Indiana.

Zone 8. Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama.

Zone 9. Florida.

This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 4th day of October 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 5220 UNDER § 1499.158 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 188

On September 24, 1946, the Budbuilt Manufacturing Company of 141 W. Jefferson Street, Los Angeles, California, applied to the Office of Price Administration for the establishment of maximum prices for its sales of Model Number BM-46101 Outboard Motor which it manufactures.

Since the applicant has not previously manufactured an article the maximum price of which may be used as a basis for pricing the articles described in the application under one of the first three pricing methods of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, it has been necessary to consider the application under the Fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, which requires that prices be set in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

The specifications, construction and design of the applicant's product have been compared with those of comparable competitive articles for which maximum prices have been properly established under the regulation. The prices established by this order are in line with the maximum prices of these comparable articles for sales to the same classes of purchasers and are, therefore, in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

The Office of Price Administration has issued Order No. 15 and Amendment 1 thereto under § 1499.159c of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Accordingly, the accompanying order permits adjustments of the maximum prices set forth therein under the provisions of Order No. 15 and Amendment 1 thereto. The provisions of Order No. 15 and Amendment 1 thereto apply in all other respects to articles whose maximum prices may be adjusted in accordance with that

[F. R. Doc. 46-17875; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:52 a. m.]

[MPR 591, Corr. to Rev. Order 182] ARTKRAFT MFG. CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Revised Order No. 182 under section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591 is corrected in the following respects respects:

This is to correct a typographical error in paragraph (a) of Revised Order No. 182. The correction is made to change the State of Montana from zone 1 to zone 2.

This correction shall become effective October 4, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17876; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:52 a. m.]

IMPR 591, Rev. Order 4001

BASTIAN-MORLEY CO., INC.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Revised Order No. 400 under § 16 (b) (1) of Maximum Price Regulation 591, specified mechanical building equipment Docket No. 6123-591.16-99, adjustment of maximum prices for sales of water heaters manufactured by the Bastian-Morley Company, Incorporated, La Porte, Indiana.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to § 16 (b) (1) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, it is ordered:

(a) Adjustment of maximum prices for the Bastian-Morley Company, Incorporated of La Porte, Indiana. (1) The maximum price of Bastian-Morley Company, Incorporated for its sales of its line of water heaters, and repair and service parts therefor, to each class of its purchasers shall be determined by increasing by 9.8 percent the maximum prices which it had in effect to such class of purchasers on April 1, 1946.

(2) The maximum net prices set forth in (a) (1) above are subject to discounts, allowances including transportation allowances and the rendition of services which are at least as favorable as those which the Bastian-Morley Company, Incorporated extended or rendered or would have extended or rendered to each class of purchaser during March 1942 on comparable sales of water heaters and repair

and service parts therefor.

(b) Maximum prices for resellers. All resellers of the commodities covered by this order (but not manufacturers who purchase such items for use in the manufacture of other products) may add to their properly established maximum prices in effect on April 1, 1946, the percentage increase in acquisition cost resulting from the adjustment granted the manufacturer by this order.

(c) Notification to all purchasers. The Bastian-Morley Company, Incorporated shall send the following notice to every purchaser of the commodities covered by this order at or before the first invoice after the effective date of this order:

Revised Order No. 400 under § 16 (b) (1) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591 provides for a 9.8 percent increase in maximum net prices in effect on April 1, 1946, for sales by the Bastian-Morley Company, Incorporated for its line of water heaters and repair and service parts therefor.

Resellers (but not manufacturers who purchase these items for use in the manufacture of other products) may add to their existing maximum prices the percentage increase in cost to them resulting from the adjustment granted by Revised Order No.

(d) This order may be amended or revoked by the Price Administrator at any time.

This revised order shall become effective October 4, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING REVISED ORDER 400 UNDER § 16 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 591

Order No. 400 under § 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, effective April 2, 1946, authorized the Bastian-Morlay Company, Inc. of La Porte, Indiana to increase its maximum prices by 6.2 per cent and specified that resellers could add to their maximum prices the dollarsand-cents increase in their acquisition cost. Order No. 773 under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, effective August 6, 1946, authorized an additional increase of 3.4 per cent and specified that resellers could add to their maximum prices the percentage increase in their acquisition cost.

The resulting situation imposes upon the manufacturer and his resellers the undue clerical and administrative burden of computing and combining these variant orders. Further, the existence of separate orders for these adjustments in maximum prices also contributes to confusion. For the purpose of clarity and simplicity, the first order is retained and revised to include the second price increase as well, and a single percentage pass-through of the increased cost is provided for resellers. Order 773 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 591 is being revoked in a concurrent action.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17877; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:53 a. m.]

[MPR 591, Revocation of Order 773] BASTIAN-MORLEY CO., INC.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 773 under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, order of revocation. Docket No. 6123-591.16-188. Bastian-Morley Company, Incorporated, La Porte, Indiana.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneounsly herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591: It is ordered:

Order No. 773 under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591 is hereby revoked.

This order shall become effective October 4, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator. OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER OF RE-VOCATION OF ORDER 773 UNDER SEC-TION 16 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REG-ULATION 591

This order revokes Order No. 773 under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591 for the reasons given in the opinion accompanying Revised Order No. 400 issued concurrently with this Order of Revocation.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17878; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:53 a. m.]

[MPR 591, Order 843] COLEMAN CO., INC.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 843 under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591. Docket No. 6123-591.16-292. Coleman Company, Inc., Wichita, Kansas.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, it is ordered:

- (a) Adjustment of maximum prices for the Coleman Company, Inc., Wichita, Kansas. (1) This order permits the Coleman Company, Inc. of Wichita, Kansas to increase by 6.8 percent its properly established maximum net prices in effect on June 30, 1946, to each class of purchaser for its line of oil burning water heaters.
- (2) The maximum net prices set forth in (a) (1) above are subject to discounts, allowances including transportation allowances and the rendition of services which are at least as favorable as those which the Coleman Company, Inc. extended or rendered or would have extended or rendered to each class of purchaser during March 1942 on comparable sales of oil burning water heaters.
- (b) Maximum prices for resellers. (1) All resellers of the commodities covered by this order (but not manufacturers who purchase such items for use in the manufacture of other products) may add to their properly established maximum prices in effect on June 30, 1946, the percentage increase in cost to them resulting from the adjustment granted the manufacturer of this order.
- (c) Notification to all purchasers. The Coleman Company, Inc. shall send the following notice to every purchaser of the commodities covered by the order at or before the first invoice after the effective date of this order:

Order No. 843 under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591 provides for a 6.8 percent increase in maximum net prices in effect on June 30, 1946, for sales by the Coleman Company, Inc., for its line of oil burning water heaters.

Resellers (but not manufacturers who purchase these items for use in the manufacture of other products) may add to their existing maximum prices the percentage increase in cost to them resulting from the adjustment granted by Order No. 843.

- (d) All requests of the application of the Coleman Company, Inc. of Wichita, Kansas, not herein granted are denied.
 - (e) This order may be amended or re-

voked by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective October 3, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 843 UNDER SECTION 16 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 591

The Coleman Company, Inc. of Wichita, Kansas, requested an upward adjustment of its maximum prices for its line of oil hurning water heaters.

Section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591 provides that any manufacturer, whose current over-all earnings on an annual basis do not exceed by 15 percent, but are not appreciably less than his average annual over-all earnings during the base period years 1936–1939, inclusive, adjusted for changes in net worth, is eligible for an adjustment within the limits indicated in that section. This permits an adjustment in an amount sufficient to make the adjusted price cover total cost.

The Coleman Company, Inc. of Wichita, Kansas submitted cost and financial data showing that its entire company operations met the above conditions, and that its presently established maximum prices for its line of oil burning water heaters are below total cost.

Accordingly, this order authorizes an adjustment in the applicant's maximum prices which will return the applicant total cost on its line of oil burning water heaters.

Controls over the maximum prices of some of the products may have been, or may be suspended in the future by Supplementary Order No. 129 (Exemption and suspension from price control of machines, parts, industrial materials and services). In that event, the provisions of this order with respect to those items are also suspended during the period of the price control suspension, subject to reinstatement if the former price controls are restored.

Resellers are permitted to increase their existing maximum prices by the percentage increase in cost to them resulting from the increase granted the manufacturer. Thus, resellers will continue to realize the same percentage margin over acquisition cost that they realized previous to the issuance of the accompanying order.

After due consideration of the foregoing, the Price Administrator finds that this action is consistent with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and the Executive orders of the President.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17879; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:54 a. m.]

[MPR 591, Order 844] THERMO PRODUCTS INC.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, It is ordered:

- (a) The maximum prices excluding Federal Excise Tax, for sales by any person to consumers of the following oil fired water heaters manufactured by Thermo Products Incorporated of North Judson, Indiana and described in its application dated August 22, 1946 shall be:
- 30 gallon automatic oil fired water heater \$117.75

(b) The maximum net LCL prices excluding Federal Excise Tax, f. o. b. point of shipment for sales by any person shall be the maximum net price specified in (a) above less the following discounts:

1. On sales to dealers, a discount of 40 percent.

2. On sales to jobbers, successive discounts of 50 and 10 percent.

(c) The maximum prices established by this order are subject to such further cash discounts, transportation allowances and price differentials at least as favorable as those which each seller extended or rendered or would have extended or rendered during March 1942, on sales of commodities in the same general category.

(d) The maximum prices on an installed basis of the commodities covered by this order shall be determined in accordance with Revised Maximum Price

Regulation No. 251.

(e) Each seller covered by this order, except on sales to consumers shall notify each of his purchasers, in writing, at or before the issuance of the first invoice after the effective date of this order, of the maximum prices established by this order for each such seller as well as the maximum prices established for purchasers except dealers upon resale.

(f) Thermo Products Incorporated shall attach to each water heater covered by this order a tag containing the fol-

lowing:

OPA Maximum Retail Price Not Installed Including Actual Federal Excise Tax Paid At Source \$_____.

(Do Not Detach)

(g) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective October 4, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 844 UNDER SECTION 9 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 591

The accompanying Order No. 844 under section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591 establishes maximum prices for sales at all levels of distribution for automatic oil fired water heaters manufactured by Thermo-Products Incorporated of North Judson, Indiana.

This particular commodity was only recently introduced into the market by the manufacturer. Maximum prices for the item could not be established under sections 7 or 8 Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, because this company had never manufactured comparable com-

modities. Consequently, maximum prices must be approved pursuant to the provisions of section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591.

In its application the company submitted its proposed prices for the commodity covered by this order. An analysis of the information submitted indicated that the prices authorized are in line with the prices of competitive manufacturers for comparable commodities, and therefore, are in line with the level of prices established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 591.

In order to avoid any confusion on the part of resellers as to their maximum prices and for the purposes of protecting consumers, the accompanying order establishes dollars and cents prices for all levels of distribution. Maximum prices established for resellers reflect the usual margins of such resellers on sales

of comparable products.

The commodity manufactured by this company will be distributed by many resellers who may or may not have access to copies of the accompanying order. Therefore, in order to avoid confusion on the part of resellers who do not have access to this order, the order provides that the manufacturer attach to each water heater a tag on which will be printed the article's maximum consumer price. In addition, each seller, except on sales to consumers, is required to notify each of his purchasers of his maximum prices as well as purchasers' maximum prices on resale.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17880; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8: 54 a. m.]

[MPR 591, Order 845]

H. L. HEATH CONSTRUCTION AND MARINE CO. AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, It is ordered:

(a) The maximum net prices, f. o. b. point of shipment, for sales by any person to consumers of the following sizes of rolled aluminum residence casement windows manufactured by the H. L. Heath Construction and Marine Com-pany, 3600 N. W. N. River Drive, Miami 37, Florida and as described in the application dated September 9, 1946 which is on file with the Mechanical Building Equipment Price Branch, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C. shall be:

SCHEDULE OF MAXIMUM PRICES ROTO TYPE

Size:	Price
1212	810.50
1313	12.45
1414	13.70
1514	15,00
2222	18.45
2323	21.35
2424	24.90
2524	26.40
2724	31,40
3323	26.20
3423	28. 10
3424	28.70
3525	31.20
4424	32.60
4524	37.65

Muntins included as indicated in size number. Hardware, anchors, glazing clips, packaging included.

Aluminum	Aluminum
vertical	horizontal
mullions	mullions
2LT \$1.00	1LT \$1.00
3LT 1.40	2LT 1.40
4LT 1.80	3LT 1.80

(b) The maximum net price f. o. b. point of shipment for sales to dealers by any person shall be the maximum price specified in (a) above less 15 percent.

(c) The maximum net price f. o. b. point of shipment for sales by any person to the distributor shall be the maximum list prices specified in (a) above less 25

percent.

(d) The maximum net prices established by this order shall be subject to discounts and allowances and the rendition of services which are at least as favorable as those which each seller extended or rendered or would have extended or rendered to purchasers of the same class on comparable sales of similar commodities during March 1942.

(e) Each seller covered by this order, except on sales to consumers shall notify each of his purchasers, in writing, at or before the issuance of the first invoice after the effective date of this order, of the maximum prices established by this order for each such seller as well as the maximum prices established for purchasers, except dealers, upon resale.

(g) This order may be revoked or

amended by the Price Administrator at

any time.

This order shall become effective October 3, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October, 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 845 UNDER SECTION 9 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 591

The accompanying Order No. 845 under section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591 establishes maximum prices for sales at all levels of distribution for rolled aluminum casement windows manufactured by the H. L. Heath Construction and Marine Company.

These particular commodities were only recently introduced into the market by the manufacturer. Maximum prices for the items could not be established under sections 7 and 8 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, because this company had never manufactured comparable commodities. Consequently, maximum prices must be approved pursuant to the provisions of section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591.

In its application the company submitted its proposed prices for the commodities covered by this order. An analysis of the information submitted indicated that the prices requested are in line with the prices of competitive manufacturers for comparable commodities and, therefore, are in line with the level of prices established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 591.

In order to avoid any confusion on the part of resellers as to their maximum prices and for the purposes of protecting consumers, the accompanying dollars-and-cents order establishes prices for all levels of distribution. Maximum prices established for resellers reflect the usual margins of such resellers on sales of comparable products.

The commodities manufactured this company will be distributed by many resellers who may or may not have access to copies of the accompanying Therefore, in order to avoid confusion on the part of resellers who do not have access to this order, the order provides that each seller except on sales to consumers shall notify each of its purchasers of its maximum prices as well as purchasers' maximum resale prices.

All provisions of the accompanying order and their effect upon business practices, or cost practices or methods or means or aids to distribution in the industry or industries affected, have been carefully considered. No provisions which might have the effect of requiring a change in such practices, means, or methods established in the industry or industries affected, have been included in the order unless such provisions have been found necessary to achieve effective price control and to prevent circumvention or evasion of the order or of the act. To the extent that the provisions of this order compel or may operate to compel changes in business practices, cost practices, or methods or means or aids to distribution established in the industry or industries affected, such provisions are necessary to prevent circumvention or evasion of this order or of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

The Price Administrator has determined, on the basis of the foregoing that the maximum prices established by the order are generally fair and equitable, and are in conformity with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive orders issued by the President.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17881; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:55 a. m.]

> [MPR 591, Order 846] CHAPMAN MFG. CO.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591; It is ordered:

(a) The maximum net prices, f. o. b. point of shipment, for sales by any person of the following home freezer manufactured by the Chapman Manufacturing Company, P. O. Box 229, Corvallis, Oregon and as described in the application dated September 12, 1946 which is on file with the Mechanical Building Equipment Price Branch, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C., shall be:

Same of the same	On sales to—		
a industrial a time	Distrib- utors	Dealers	Consum- ers
15}4 cu. ft	\$267.50	\$321.00	\$535.00

(b) The maximum net prices established by this order shall be subject to discounts and allowances and the rendition of services which are at least as favorable as those which each seller extended or rendered or would have extended or rendered to purchasers of the same class on comparable sales of similar commodities in the same general category on October 1, 1941.

(c) On sales by a distributor or dealer the following charge may be added to the maximum prices established in (a)

above:

- The actual amount of freight paid to obtain delivery to his place of business. Such charges shall not exceed the lowest common carrier rates.
- (d) Each seller covered by this order, except a dealer, shall notify each of his purchasers, in writing, at or before the issuance of the first invoice after the effective date of this order, of the maximum prices established by this order for each such seller as well as the maximum prices established for purchasers upon resale, except dealers, including allowable transportation.

(e) The Chapman Manufacturing Company of Corvallis, Oregon shall stencil on the inside of the lid of the home freezer covered by this order, substantially the following:

OPA Maximum Retail Price, \$____ Plus freight as provided in Order No. 846

under Maximum Price Regulation No. 591.

(f) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective October 4, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October, 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 846 UNDER SECTION 9 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 591

The accompanying Order No. 846 under section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591 establishes maximum prices for sales at all levels of distribution for home freezers manufactured by the Chapman Manufacturing Company, P. O.

Box 229, Corvallis, Oregon.

These particular commodities were only recently introduced into the market by the manufacturer. Maximum prices for the items could not be established under sections 7 and 8 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, because this company had never manufactured comparable commodities. Consequently, maximum prices must be approved pursuant to the provisions of section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591.

In the application the company submitted its proposed prices for the commodities covered by this order. Based on an analysis of the information submitted the prices set forth in the accompanying order are in line with the prices of competitive manufacturers for comparable commodities and, therefore, are in line with the level of prices established under Maximum Price Regulation No.

In order to avoid any confusion on the part of resellers as to their maximum prices and for the purpose of protecting consumers, the accompanying order establishes dollars-and-cents prices for all levels of distribution. Maximum prices established for resellers reflect the usual margins of such resellers on sales of comparable products. The order also provides that distributors may, under certain circumstances, add delivery charges to the dollars-and-cents maximum prices established to cover actual freight paid to obtain delivery.

The commodities manufactured by this company will be distributed by many resellers who may or may not have access to copies of the accompanying order. Therefore, in order to avoid confusion on the part of resellers who do not have access to this order, the order provides that the Chapman Manufacturing Company shall notify each of its purchasers of its maximum prices as well as purchasers' maximum resale prices. The order further provides that the Chapman Manufacturing Company shall stencil on the inside of the lid of the home freezer the maximum retail price thereof.

All provisions of the accompanying order and their effect upon business practices, or cost practices or methods or means or aids to distribution in the industry or industries affected, have been carefully considered. No provisions which might have the effect of requiring a change in such practices, means, or methods established in the industry or industries affected, have been included in the order unless such provisions have been found necessary to achieve effective price control and to prevent circumvention or evasion of the order of the act. To the extent that the provisions of this order compel or may operate to compel changes in business practices, cost practices, or methods or means or aids to distribution established in the industry or industries affected, such provisions are necessary to prevent circumvention or evasion of this order or of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

The Price Administrator has determined, on the basis of the foregoing that the maximum prices established by the order are generally fair and equitable, and are in conformity with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive orders issued by the President.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17882; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:55 a. m.]

[MPR 591, Order 847]

ALL-LITE METAL WINDOW CO.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, It is ordered:

(a) The maximum net prices f. o. b. point of shipment, for sales by any person to consumers of the following sizes of extruded aluminum residence casement windows manufactured by All-Lite Metal Window Company, 7522 Verree Road, Philadelphia 11, Pennsylvania and as described in the application dated September 11, 1946 which is on file with the Mechanical Building Equipment Price Branch, Office, of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C., shall be:

SCHEDULE OF MAXIMUM PRICES

ROTO TYPE

	Maximum price on
Size of window:	sales to consumers
1212	\$12, 20
1313	13.40
1413	14.10
1414	14.30
1514	15.30
2212	13.70
2313	14.90
2413	16. 60
2414	16.10
2514	18.10
2222	21.50
2323	23.40
2423	25.00
2424	25.70
2524	27. 20
3222	25. 10
	27.00
3423	28.90
3424	29.50
3524	31.70
4222	28.70
4323	30,60
4423	32, 50
4424	34.40
4524	87.65

Muntins included as indicated in size number. Hardware, anchors, glazing clips, packaging included.

	filliahu damilu e e e e e	ons	um	<i>ter</i>
Alu	minum mullions:	p	rice	-
2	lights	-=	80.	97
3	lights		1.	21
4	lights	-	1.	68
5	lights		1.	87

(b) The maximum net price f. o. b. point of shipment for sales to dealers by any person shall be the maximum price specified in (a) above less 15 percent.

(c) The maximum net price f. o. b. point of shipment for sales by any person to the distributor shall be the maximum prices specified in (a) above less 25 percent.

(d) The maximum net prices established by this order shall be subject to discounts and allowances and the rendition of services which are at least as favorable as those which each seller extended or rendered or would have extended or rendered to purchasers of the same class on comparable sales of similar commodities during March 1942.

(e) Each seller covered by this order, except on sales to consumers shall notify each of his purchasers, in writing, at or before the issuance of the first invoice after the effective date of this order, of the maximum prices established by this order for each such seller as well as the maximum prices established for purchasers except dealers upon resale.

(f) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at

any time.

This order shall become effective October 4, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator. OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 847 UNDER SECTION 9 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 591

The accompanying Order No. 847 under section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591 establishes maximum prices for sales at all levels of distribution for extruded aluminum residence casement windows.

These particular commodities were only recently introduced into the market by the manufacturer. Maximum prices for the items could not be established under sections 7 and 8 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, because this company had never manufactured comparable commodities. Consequently, maximum prices must be approved pursuant to the provisions of section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591.

In its application the company submitted its proposed prices for the commodities covered by this order. An analysis of the information submitted indicated that the prices requested are in line with the prices of competitive manufacturers for comparable commodities and, therefore, are in line with the level of prices established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 591.

In order to avoid any confusion on the part of resellers as to their maximum prices and for the purposes of protecting consumers, the accompanying order establishes dollars-and-cents prices for all levels of distribution. Maximum prices established for resellers reflect the usual margins of such resellers on sales of comparable products.

The commodities manufactured by this company will be distributed by many resellers who may or may not have access to copies of the accompanying order. Therefore, in order to avoid confusion on the part of resellers who do not have access to this order, the order provides that each seller except on sales to consumers shall notify each of its purchasers of its maximum prices as well as purchasers' maximum resale prices.

All provisions of the accompanying order and their effect upon business practices, or cost practices or methods or means or aids to distribution in the industry or industries affected, have been carefully considered. No provisions which might have the effect of requiring a change in such practices, means, or methods established in the industry or industries affected, have been included in the order unless such provisions have been found necessary to achieve effective price control and to prevent circumvention or evasion of the order or of the act. To the extent that the provisions of this order compel or may operate to compel changes in business practices, cost practices, or methods or means or aids to distribution established in the industry or industries affected, such provisions are necessary to prevent circumvention or evasion of this order or of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

The Price Administrator has determined on the basis of the foregoing that the maximum prices established by the order are generally fair and equitable and are in conformity with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as

amended, and Executive orders issued by the President.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17883; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:55 a. m.]

[MPR 592, Order 162] Brazil Clay Co.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 162 under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592. Brazil Clay Company. Docket No. 6122–592.16–439.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592, It is ordered:

(a) The maximum net prices for sales by the Brazil Clay Company, Brazil, Indiana, of the following products to its various classes of purchasers may be increased by an amount not in excess of the following:

(1) Glazed brick and facing tile: \$3.75 per thousand for standard size brick equivalent.

(2) Unglazed building brick: \$2.00 per thousand for standard size brick equivalent.
(3) Unglazed structural clay hollow tile: \$0.80 per ton.

(b) If the Brazil Clay Company had an established differential in price during the month of March 1942 for non-standard sizes of brick, it may convert the adjustment granted herein for standard size brick on the basis of the conversion factors or formulae in use by it during March 1942 in establishing price differentials between standard size brick and other sizes.

(c) Any person purchasing any of the products covered by this order produced by the Brazil Clay Company for the purpose of resale in the same form may increase his presently established prices under the General Maximum Price Regulation by adding the percentage increase in cost to him actually resulting from the increase permitted the manufacturer in (a) above. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, in any area where specific maximum prices are fixed by an area pricing order such specific maximum prices shall apply in that area.

(d) All requests of the application not granted herein are denied.

(e) This order may be amended or revoked by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This Order No. 162 shall become effective October 4, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 162 UNDER SECTION 16 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 592

The Brazil Clay Company has applied for an adjustment in its maximum selling prices for glazed brick, glazed facing tile and unglazed building brick and structural clay hollow tile which it produces. This application is based upon increased labor costs arising from the putting into effect certain wage and salary increases approved in accordance

with Executive Order 9697. This application has been processed under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592.

The facts in this case indicate that the applicant has met the eligibility requirements set forth under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592. The latter section provides for various adjustments depending upon the applicant's current over-all profitability. The Administrator, in the interest of expedient action based upon wage price applications, has completed studies of this industry generally, and is, in the instance of this and other similar applications, applying to individual applications determinations which generally accord with the tests set forth in section 16, and which are in conformance with office policy. The adjustments granted in the accompanying order will compensate the applicant only for that portion of the approved wage or salary increase which was not reflected in the adjustments permitted the clay brick and tile industry under section 2.1 (k) of Order No. 1 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 issued September 18, 1945 and under section 2.1 (m) of Order No. 1 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 592, issued December 29, 1945. Should the applicant have factors other than those considered in this action which warrant further adjustment of maximum prices, he may apply for adjustment based on such other factors.

Resellers (except in areas where specific maximum prices are established by area orders) are permitted to increase their existing maximum prices by the percentage increase in cost to them resulting from the increase granted the manufacturer. Thus, these resellers will continue to realize the same percentage margin. The accompanying order does not, however, permit resellers to increase their maximum prices where such prices are established by dollars-and-cents area pricing orders. In the latter case, appropriate adjustments of such orders will be made where necessary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17884; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:56 a. m.]

[MPR 61, Amdt. 1 to Order 16]

DOMESTIC LEATHER PRODUCED FROM IM-PORTED RAW STOCK

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to section 19 of Maximum Price Regulation 61, It is ordered:

- 1. Paragraph (b) (i) of Order No. 16 is amended by inserting after the phrase "by Schedule A" the words "or Schedule B".
- 2. Paragraph (b) (ii) is amended by inserting after the phrase "by Schedule A" in the first sentence thereof the words "or Schedule B."
- 3. Schedule A of paragraph (b) to Order No. 16 is amended by adding under the appropriate column headings as indicated below, the descriptive matter and percentages as follows:

Column A	Column	Column	Column
Type of leather pro- duced from the speci- fied imported raw stock	OPA adjustment charge, Order No. 18	OPA adjustment charge, Revised Order No. 14	Total adjustment
Leather produced from East India semi- tanned goat skins. Chamois leather pro- duced from imported	Percent 35	Percent 6	Percent 41
raw sheepskins or im- ported raw lambskins.	34	6	40

4. Paragraph (b) of Order No. 16 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

SCHEDULE B

How to apply the adjustment permitted by this schedule. The seller may add to his total invoice price computed in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) (i) or (b) (ii) of this order an amount equal to the total number of square feet of the leather specified in this schedule being sold multiplied by the adjustment in cents per square foot stated in Column B of this schedule.

The appropriate adjustment figure shall be inserted in the blank space in the statement required to be shown on involces pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (d) of this order.

Column A	Column B
Type of leather produced from specified imported raw stock	OPA ad- justment charge (in cents per square foot)
Skivers, produced from imported raw sheepskins or imported raw lambskins; or imported pickled sheepskins skivers.	334

5. Paragraph (d) (ii) of Order No. 16 is amended to read as follows:

(ii) The adjustment by which he has increased the total invoice price pursuant to the provisions of this order.

If the adjustment is made pursuant to Schedule A and the selling price is 80¢ or less per square foot the percentage shall be designated on the invoice as: "OPA total adjustment charge of __ including 6%, Revised Order No. 14, and ____%, Order No. 16, MPR 61 for _____leather." If the selling price is more than 80 cents per square foot, the percentage by which the total invoice price has been increased shall be designated as: "OPA total adjustment charge of % per square foot subject to 80 cent limit, Order No. 16, and of 6% on selling price in excess of 80 cents per square foot, Revised Order No. 14, MPR 61 for - leather." (The appropriate percentages and type of leather shall be inserted in the proper blank spaces in each of these statements.)

If the adjustment is made pursuant to Schedule B it shall be designated on the invoice as: "OPA adjustment charge ---- square feet ---- leather at --- cents per square foot, Order No. 16, MPR 61," (the total number of square feet for which an adjustment is to be made shall be inserted in the first blank space. The type of leather as specified in Column A of Schedule B shall be in-

serted in the second blank space and the amount of adjustment as specified in Column B of Schedule B shall be inserted in the third blank space.)

Such adjustment shall be stated at the foot of the invoice for the item, or if there is more than one item, then for the entire group of items for which an adjustment is made, in which case the item or entire group of items increased by the same adjustment shall be clearly indicated.

This amendment shall become effective October 3, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 1 TO ORDER NO. 16 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 61

The accompanying amendment to Order No. 16 under Maximum Price Regulation 61 provides for the adjustment of maximum prices of leather produced from East India semi-tanned goatskins when such leather is retanned in the Continental United States, chamois leather or skivers produced from imported raw sheepskins or imported raw lambskins, and imported pickled sheepskin skivers.

For the same reasons stated in the opinion accompanying Order No. 16 it is necessary to provide for an adjustment of prices of leather produced from this imported raw stock. No useful purpose would be served in enlarging upon the basis of issuance of Order No. 16, hence, the opinion accompanying that order is incorporated herein by reference.

The adjustment provided by this amendment is an increase of 35% over base period prices in the case of leather produced from East India semi-tanned goatskin and 34% for chamois. If the seller includes in his adjustment the 6% adjustment authorized under Revised Order No. 14, his total adjustment is specified in Column D of Schedule A. For skivers, which are generally in the same category as leather produced from imported raw sheepskins or imported raw lambskins, a cents per square foot adjustment is provided in a new Schedule B which is added to the order. Other items will be added to this new Schedule as circumstances may require. Before any adjustment authorized by this amendment may be made, the seller is required to comply with the reporting and invoicing provisions of Order No. 16.

All provisions of this amendment and their effect upon business practices, cost practices or methods, or means or aids to distribution in the industry or industries affected have been carefully considered. No provisions which might have the effect of requiring a change in such practices, means, aids or methods established in the industry or industries affected, have been included in the amendment unless such provisions have been found necessary to achieve effective price control and to prevent circumvention or evasion of Maximum Price Regulation 61 or of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. To the extent that the provisions of this amendment compel or may operate to compel changes in business practices, cost practices or methods, or means or aids to distribution established in the industry or industries affected, such provisions are necessary to prevent circumvention or evasion of Maximum Price Regulation 61 or of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

Insofar as practicable, the Administrator has consulted with representatives of the industry affected by this amendment and has given consideration to their recommendations. In the opinion of the Administrator the maximum prices established by this amendment are fair and equitable to the industry generally and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, and Executive Orders 9250, 9328, 9599, 9651 and 9697.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18056; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:12 a. m.]

[MPR 580, Order 324] FLEXNIT Co., INC.

ESTABLISHMENT OF CEILING PRICES

Maximum Price Regulation No. 580, Order 324. Establishing ceiling prices at retail for certain articles. Docket No. 6063-580-13-733.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to section 13 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 580, It is ordered:

(a) The following ceiling prices are established for sales by any seller at retail of the following articles manufactured by Flexnit Company, Inc., Elizabeth 3, New Jersey, having the brand name "Flexnit" and described in the manufacturer's application dated July 25, 1946. The manufacturer's prices listed below are subject to a discount of 3%/10 EOM.

LADIES' GIRDLES

Manufacturer's selling price (per dozen) \$33.00 Ceiling price at retail (per unit) \$5.00

(b) The retail ceiling price of an article stated in paragraph (a) shall apply to any other article of the same type which is otherwise priceable under Maximum Price Regulation 580 by sellers subject to that regulation, having the same selling price to the retailer, the same brand or company name and first sold by the manufacturer after the effective date of this Order.

(c) On and after November 3, 1946, Flexnit Company, Inc. must mark each article listed in paragraph (a) with the retail ceiling price under this Order, or attach to the article a label, tag or ticket stating the retail ceiling price. This mark or statement must be in the following form:

Sec. 13, MPR 580 OPA Price—\$____

On and after December 3, 1946, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is marked or tagged in the form stated above. Prior to December 3, 1946, unless the article is marked or tagged in this form, the retailer shall comply with the

marking, tagging and posting provisions of the applicable regulation.

Upon issuance of any amendment to this Order which either adds an article to those already listed in paragraph (a) or changes the retail ceiling price of a listed article, Flexnit Company, Inc., as to such article, must comply with the preticketing requirements of this paragraph within 30 days after the effective date of the amendment. After 60 days from the effective date, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is ticketed in accordance with the requirements of this paragraph. Prior to the expiration of the 60 day period, unless the article is so ticketed, the retailer shall comply with the marking, tagging and posting provisions of the regulation which would apply in the absence of this order

(d) Within 15 days after the effective date of this order, the seller shall send a copy to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, the seller had delivered any article covered in paragraph (a). Copies shall be sent to all other purchasers at the time of or before the first delivery of any such article subsequent to the effective date of the order and shall be accompanied by copies of each amendment thereto (if any) issued prior to the date of the delivery. Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to the order, the seller shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, the seller had delivered any article the sale of which is affected in any manner by the amendment. The seller shall also send a copy to all other purchasers at the time of or before the first delivery of the article subsequent to the effective date of the amendment.

(e) Unless the context otherwise requires, the provisions of the applicable regulation shall apply to sales for which retail ceiling prices are established by

this order.

(f) This order or any provision thereof may be revoked, suspended, or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective October 3, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER. Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 324 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO.

In accordance with section 13 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 580, the applicant named in the accompanying order, Flexnit Company, Inc., has applied to the Office of Price Administration for maximum resale prices for retail sales of certain of its articles. Applicant has submitted the information required under this section and has produced evidence which in the judgment of the Price Administrator indicates that the applicant has complied with other stated requirements.

The Price Administrator has determined on the basis of information available to him, including the data submitted by the applicant, that the retail ceiling prices requested and which are established by this order are no higher than the level of maximum prices under Maximum Price Regulation No. 580.

The order also contains a provision requiring each article to be marked by the applicant with the retail ceiling price established by the accompanying order. Applicant and subsequent sellers (except sellers at retail) are required to send purchasers of the articles a copy of this order, and, in specified cases, of subsequent amendments thereto.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18042; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:14 a. m.]

[MPR 610, Amdt. 1 to Order 20]

STERLING MOTOR TRUCK COMPANY, INC.

ESTABLISHMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to sections 8 and 9 of Maximum Price Regulation 610, It is ordered:

Order 20, under Maximum Price Regulation 610, is amended in the following respects:

1. Paragraph (a) (1) (i) is amended to include the following additional items and applicable price deductions:

Description De	Austion
Axles: Timken Q100P rear axle re-	auction
placing S200P rear axle—Model	O DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF
HD115 only	8447.05
Batteries: 4-6 volt batteries replac-	
ing 2-12 volt batteries	12.58
Brakes:	
Four wheel hydraulic brakes re-	
placing four wheel air brakes-	
enclosed drive models	308.43
171/4" x 6" rear brakes-Models	
HC144 and HC147	.15
Chains and sprockets: 134" pitch	
chains and sprockets replacing 2"	
pitch chains and sprockets	37.31
Engines:	
Waukesha 140GK high power en-	
gine replacing Waukesha 145GK	
engine	374.49
Waukesha 140GZ high power en-	
gine replacing Waukesha 145GK	
engine	272.72
Rods: Elimination of radius rods	63.76
Springs:	
Omission of rear auxiliary springs,	
brackets, shackles, crossrod, etc.	46.63
Progressive type auxiliary springs	
replacing standard type auxil-	
iary springs	28. 26
Tanks: Omission of standard 45-gal-	
lon fuel tank	37.31
Transmissions: Omission of Sterling	
OJ auxiliary transmission	186.51
2. Paragraph (a) (2) is amer	dod to
2. Faragraph (a) (2) is affici	inen 10

include the following additional items of extra or optional equipment and applicable prices:

Description	Whole- sale price	List price
Additional clearance for mounting pump to drive snow plow hoist	\$202, 95	\$312, 23
coupling installed in chassis equipped with Fuller 4B86 transmission	614. 65	945.62
Axles: Sterling 160W rear axle replacing 144W rear axle Sterling 147W rear axle replacing	94, 56	145, 48
137W rear axle Timken 8300P aluminum rear axle	157.60	242.46
replacing standard \$200P rear axle	244, 66	376, 40

Section 11	Whole-	
Description	sale	List
	price	price

Axles—Continued. Timken SD454W axle unit replac-	MANUAL PROPERTY.	
ing Timken SD3010P axle unit	\$379.08	\$583, 20
Timken SW456P axle unit replac- ing Timken SD3010P axle unit	420, 17	646, 42
Timken 98415H rear axle replacing		
Timken R100DPH rear axle Timken 98415H rear axle replacing	119. 79	184, 29
Timken Q100DPH rear axle	189, 22	291.11
Timken 1337DPH rear axle replac- ing Timken Q100DPH rear axle Timken 1337DPH rear axle replac-	192, 77	296, 57
Timken 1337DPH rear axle replac- ing Timken R100DPH rear axle	122, 13	187, 80
Sterling 160W rear axle replacing	1755	TO SECULIA
Battery, one 12 volt replacing two 6	50, 75	78. 08
volt batteries	2.78	4, 28
Bell, low pressure warning	7, 54	11, 60
Semitrailer brake connections; foot control on both tractor and semi-		miles.
trailer; hand control on second		1111
trailer only 6" brakes—O series axles	83, 53 11, 64 10, 84	128, 51
7" brakes—R series axles	10, 84	17. 91 16. 68
Bumper, 3%" plate replacing standard bumper	17.34	26.68
Cab option: Sleeper cab	17. 34 952. 50 46. 49	1,465.38
Chain guards and oilers—Model HC147. Clock, electric, on dash	7.88	71, 52 12, 12
Dirt removing equipment A A 600 engine only	61.46	94, 55
Drum, fuel oil for driveaway delivery	14. 88	22.89
Engines: Cummins HB400 engine replacing		Ballet .
Waukesha 6SRKR engine Continental R6513 engine replacing	945. 59	1,454,75
Wankesha 140GK engine Continental R6572 engine replacing	676. 26	1,040.40
Continental R6572 engine replacing Wankesha 140GK engine	728, 29	1,120.45
Waukesha 140GK engine. Continental R6602 engine replacing Waukesha 140GK engine. Continental R6572 engine replacing		A CONTRACTOR
Continental R6572 engine replacing	-118.80	1,198.20
Waukesha 145GK engine Continental R6602 engine replacing	296. 79	456.60
Wankesha 145GK engine	347. 33	534.35
Waukesha 145GK engine replacing Waukesha 140GK engine	431.50	663, 85
Buda 6DC844 engine replacing	A COLUMN	Harris Co.
Cummins HB600 engine	1, 239, 77	1,907.34
Cummins HB600 engine Waukesha 145GK high power en-	2, 197. 75	3,381.15
gine replacing Wankesha 140GK	100 XX 200 X	Allen .
Engine hour meter	634.33 15.35	975, 89 23, 62
Fenders, quarter, rear-six wheel	73. 28	112.74
Filler nozzle at right side of cab	7.88	
Frames: 9" x ¼" frames replacing 9" x 7"		
frames 9)4" x 38" frames replacing 9" x 7"	23.64	36.37
frames	55. 16	84.86
Front crossmember replacing front bumper	6.37	9, 80
Gauges: Engine vacuum gauge	7.88	12.12
Electric oil pressure and water tem-	4.00	12.12
perature gauges with warning	22.55	34.69
Glove compartment on dash	15.76	24.25
Handles, grip, two on cab	2.60	4.00
Grover No. A-120 air horn.	42, 55	65, 46
Grover No. A-1608 Safetytone Special air horn	21. 67	33, 34
Grover No. A-180 Organtone Rail- way air horn	24. 08	37.05
Grover No. A-180S Organtone Rail-	1000000	MAN DE LA COLONIA DE LA COLONI
way Special air horn Grover No. A-100 Organtone Spe-	27, 69 31, 30	
eial air horn	0 - 320	The same
Grover No. A-200 Commander air horn.	31.61	48. 63
horn. Grover No. A-200S Commander Special air horn. Grover No. A-140 Organtone Four	35, 52	54.65
Grover No. A-140 Organtone Four	A PROPERTY	Property.
air horn	50. 57 884. 19	77.80 1,360.29
Lamps: Taillamp at top of cab	1.58	-2000
Two back-up lamps	11.64	17.91
Two back-up lamps Oil filter, deluxe, HB 600 engine only Pintle hook, Austin Ti5B, heavy gus-	30.10	46.31
seted rear cross member	62.17	95.65
Power take-off gear—Fuller 3A92 auxiliary transmission	4.64	7.14
Propeller shafts: Spicer 1700 series propeller shaft	100	A TIPE
replacing Spicer 1600 series	15.76	24. 25
Spicer 1800 series propeller shaft re- placing Spicer 1700 or Blood 7N	2010	THE REAL PROPERTY.
propeller shaft	69. 34	106.68
Radiator core, 4RB179-6, replacing 4RB152-4 radiator core. Rear tow ring without V brace.	19. 54	30.06
Rear tow ring without V brace Reinforcing plates in sidemembers	7.09 16.39	20.024
Reversible speedometer adapter	12. 52	1 19. 26

		_
Description	Whole-	List
	price	Price
Safety plate glass throughout cab	\$9.46	\$14.55
Shock absorbers, front: Up to 10,000-lb axle load	58, 31	89.71
Over 10,000-lb, axle load	86. 68	33. 35
etc.) to meet requirements of New		1
etc.) to meet requirements of New York City for fuel oil trucks	36. 55	56, 23
Springs: Front auxiliary springs	39, 40	60. 62
Front auxiliary springs. 4FB925A rear springs replacing 4FB1076A rear springs.	5.00	7. 69
4FB1076A rear springs replacing		
4FB1076A rear springs replacing 4FB733A rear springs. 4FB20 auxiliary springs replacing	6.81	10. 48
4FB19 auxiliary springs Steering:	1.04	1.60
Vickers hydraulie	472.80	727. 38
Westinghouse airTachographs:	326. 39	502.14
Engine speed recording type re- placing standard tachometer:		
Up to 2,300 r. p. m.	71. 52	110.03
Up to 2,300 r. p. m Over 2,300 r. p. m Road speed recording type replac-	78. 26	120. 40
ing standard speedometer	71.40	109, 85
Tanks: Two 30-gallon cylindrical tanks		
replacing 45-gallon tank under	85. 10	130. 92
Two 30-gallon cylindrical tanks in	85. 10	130. 92
addition to 45-gallon tank under seat	107. 17	164. 88
Two 43-gallon safety tanks replac-		Mark Contract
Two 43-gallon safety tanks replac- ing 45-gallon tank under seat. Two 43-gallon safety tanks in addi-	60. 89	93. 68
tion to 45-gallon tank under seats	108, 31	166. 63
Two 55-gallon safety tanks replac- ing standard 45-gallon tank	86, 44	132.98
Two 55-gallon tanks in addition to standard 45-gallon tank	133, 86	205. 94
Tool box on right side of cab Trailer connections at front of truck	31, 52 13, 73	48. 49
Trailer connections at front of truck Transmissions:	13.73	21. 12
. Fuller 4A86 replacing Fuller 4B86	7, 88	12.12
Spicer 8041 or 8241 replacing Fuller 4B86	153. 92	236. 80
Spicer 8045 or 8245 (with aluminum case) replacing Fuller 4B86	208, 10	320. 15
Spicer 8051 or 8251 replacing Fuller		
4886	255, 89	393. 68
Spicer 8055 or 8255 (with aluminum case) replacing Fuller 4B86	316.09	486. 29
Tread plate runboards	11. 03 32. 81	16. 97
Viking W-1 safety alarm system Viscometer	9. 75	50. 48 15. 00
Wheels, straight dish (per wheel):		
20 x 6.00	11.82	18. 18
22 x 6.00. 24 x 6.00.	14. 18 15. 76	21. 82 24. 25
20 x 7.33	18, 91	29.09
20 x 7.33	20. 49	31. 52 33. 94
Windshield wipers:	22, 06	33. 1/4
Dual air	17. 34	26. 68
Dual vacuum: Without vacuum reserve tank	5. 30 13. 73	8, 15
With vacuum reserve tank Wires, trailer light, extended to rear of	13, 73	21. 12
frame	1.19	1.83

This amendment shall become effective October 4, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 1 TO ORDER 20 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGU-LATION 610

Order 20 established for the Sterling Motor Truck Company, Inc., Milwaukee, Wisconsin, maximum prices on its Models HD 97, HC 97, HD 105, HC 105 and HC 105A truck chassis and extra or optional equipment. Order 20 also established net deductions for items of optional equipment when installed at the factory in place of standard equipment. These prices were established under sections 8 and 9 of Maximum Price Regulation 610.

In the amendment which this opinion accompanies, maximum prices are established for items of extra or optional equipment which were not included in the original Order 20. Price deductions

are also established for additional items of optional equipment when installed on the applicable chassis at the factory in place of standard equipment.

The basis upon which prices were authorized and net deductions established for other Sterling optional equipment applies equally to the items of optional equipment covered by this action. Therefore, the opinion accompanying Order 20 under Maximum Price Regulation 610 is made a part of this opinion.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18037; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:14 a, m.]

[SO 142, Order 197]

REDMAN TRAILER CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to Supplementary Order 142, It is ordered:

(a) The Redman Trailer Company, Alma, Michigan, may sell, f. o. b. plant, each Redman house trailer described in subparagraph (1) below at a price not to exceed the applicable price set forth in the schedule in that subparagraph (1) plus federal excise taxes and state and local taxes in effect on date of delivery of the house trailer, and the cost of transporting it to the purchaser, if any.

	ufacturers isted price
17	\$864.00
24	1,339.80
27	1,764.00

(b) The Redman Trailer Company is authorized to suggest to resellers a resale price for the house trailers described in paragraph (a) (1) consisting of the following:

(1) Suggested resale price.

Model No.:	Adjusted resale price
17	\$1, 152.00
24	1,914.00
27	2, 520.00

(2) Charges—(i) Charge for transportation. A charge for transportation, if any, not to exceed the rail freight charge from the factory at Alma, Michigan, by the most direct route to the railroad freight receiving station nearest to the place of business of the reseller.

(ii) Charge for Federal Excise Taxes. A charge equal to the charge made by Redman Trailer Company to cover federal excise taxes.

(iii) Charge for State and local taxes. A charge equal to resellers expense for payment of state and local taxes directly imposed on the purchase, sale or delivery of the house trailer.

(c) Sale by resellers in Porto Rico and Alaska. A reseller of Redman house trailers in Porto Rico and Alaska may sell and deliver each of the house trailers listed in paragraph (a) at a price not to exceed the maximum price it may charge under paragraph (b) to which it may add a sum equal to the expense incurred by or charged to him for: Payment of territorial and insular taxes on the purchase, sale or introduction of the house trailer in Alaska or Porto Rico when not charged under paragraph (b); export premiums; boxing and crating for

export purposes; assembly costs, if any; marine and war risk insurance; landing, wharfage and terminal operations; ocean freight; freight to port of embarkation when not charged under paragraph (b); and inland freight from the port of debarkation by the most direct route to the resellers' place of business.

(d) All requests not granted herein are

denied.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Administrator at any time.

Note: Where the manufacturer's invoice charge to the reseller is increased or decreased from the previous invoice charge because the manufacturer has a newly established price under section 8 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 136, due to substantial changes in design, specification or equipment of the house trailer, the reseller may add to its price under paragraph (b) the increase in price, plus its customary mark-up on such cost increase, but in case of a decrease in price, the reseller must reduce its price under paragraph (b) by the amount of the decrease and its customary mark-up on such amount.

This order shall become effective October 3, 1946.

Issued this 3d day of October 1946.

GEOFFREY BAKER, Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 197 UNDER SUPPLEMENTARY ORDER 142

The Redman Trailer Company made application for an adjustment in its maximum prices for three lines of house trailers which it manufactures. As these trailers constitute more than 95% of the total output of this Company, the application was submitted on an over-all company basis.

This application was processed on a current basis under Supplementary Order No. 142. From information submitted by the Company it appears that direct material cost on these trailers has increased about 46% and that direct labor costs have increased about 107% since 1941 and that under present price cellings the Company is unable to recover its total allowable costs plus its 1936–39 ratio of profit to net worth.

In these circumstances, the cost-price relationship of these trailers constitutes an impediment to production. The adjustment granted by this order should remove such impediment.

[F. R. Doc. 46-18030; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 11:11 a. m.]

Regional and District Office Orders. [Region VII Order G-11 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 2]

CERTAIN BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS IN BOULDER COUNTY, COLO., AREA

Order No. G-11 under General Order No. 68, Amendment No. 2. Docket No. 7-GO 68-11 (b). Maximum prices for retail sales of certain building and construction materials in the Boulder County, Colorado, area.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region VII pursuant to the provisions of General Order 68, Order No. G-11 is amended in the following respects:

(1) Section 1 of Order No. G-11 is amended to read as follows:

Section 1. What this order does. This order covers all retail sales by any seller of commodities specified in this order delivered to a purchaser in the Boulder County, Colorado, area. The Boulder County, Colorado, area for the purposes of this order includes all of Boulder County, Colorado.

(2) There is inserted after section 4 the following new section:

SEC. 4A. Adjustment to reflect increase in supplier's price—(a) Applicability. This section is applicable only where an amendment or order grants a supplier an increase in his maximum price and provides that all resellers, including those subject to area orders issued under General Order 68, may increase their maximum prices for the commodity in question.

(b) Maximum price. A seller may increase the price listed in this order by the amount permitted for resellers by an amendment or order increasing a supplier's maximum price. A seller can do this, however, only if the effective date of the action increasing a supplier's maximum price is later than the date stated in the price tables incorporated in this order. Thus, if a supplier's maximum price for a product is increased and at some later date the price listed in this order is increased for this product, an amendment to this order will supersede the increase originally granted a seller by the amendment or order increasing the supplier's maximum price.

(3) Upon and after the effective date of this Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-11, the maximum prices of the specified building and construction materials covered by Order No. G-11 shall be the prices listed in the tables annexed to and incorporated in this Amendment No. 2, which tables supersede the tables annexed to the original order, as amended by Amendment No. 1, effective June 10,

(4) Insofar as this amendment reflects the increases in maximum prices permitted by Supplementary Order 172 (Modification of Reseller's Maximum Prices Established under General Order 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials, it supersedes that order and the maximum prices established by this amendment cannot be increased under that order.

(5) Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G-11, effective June 10, 1946, is hereby revoked.

This Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-11, under General Order 68, shall be effective August 19, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

ARTHUR S. BRODHEAD, Regional Administrator.

TABLE I-CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER

Item	Unit	Maximum prices for yard sales and delivered sales within the free delivery zone
Cement:	Des sock 100	40.01
Portland—paper sacks	pounds.	\$0,85
Portland-cloth sacks	do	1.05
Quick-strength Waterproof	do	1.10
Waterproof	do	1.10
Keene.	do	1.90
Atlas or Duro White. Mortar:	do	3.00
Masonry—paper sack	Per sack—75 to 80 pounds.	.80
Lime:		
Finishing-Ohio Hy- drated.	Persack-50 pounds.	. 85
Hydrated—Colorado	do	.75
Hydrated-Missouri		. 75
Pebble	Per hundredweight.	1.45
fat and cheshire).	Per hundred- weight-1,000 pounds and over.	1.45
Quick-pulverized (veri-	Per hundred-	1.70
fat and cheshire).	weight-less than 1,000	
Total Control	pounds.	
Plaster: Hardwall	Per sack-100 pounds.	. 85
Plaster paris-white	pounds.	.85
Plaster paris—less than full sack quantities.	Per pound	.02
Calcium chloride: (Used for building pur- poses).	Perhundred- weight-100	3.50
The state of the s	pound sack.	THE OWNER OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
Less than sack quanti- ties.	Per pound	.05
Mana II I am Green	25	6

TABLE II-LATH; GYPSUM AND METAL; CORNER BEADS AND EXPANSION CASINGS

Lath:		
Gypsum	1,000 sq. ft. or	\$30, 50
	more, per M sq.	
	Quantities less	33, 50
	than 1,000 sq. ft.,	00.00
2007 100 000 10	per M sq. ft.	
Metal lath—flat dia- mond mesh:		1000
2.5 lb. painted	Soners verd	. 33
3.4 lb. painted	do	.42
3.4 lb, galvanized	do	. 46
Metal lath—flat rib:	42	not
2.75 lb. painted	00	. 323
Metal-high rib:		+ 00%
3.498" painted	do	. 44
Corner bead:	36.11	10.00
Expanded apron		53.00
34" bull nose flat apron	do	48, 00
All expansion casing:		
14 Round (bull nose-	do	106, 00
O. G. or square edge) Corner lath:	OF THE PERSONS NAMED IN	115
2 x 2	do	32, 00
3 x 3		37. 00
	Charles of the Control of the Contro	100000000000000000000000000000000000000

Note: Add for metal lath—self-furring—16 per yd. over flat diamond mesh. For copper bearing lath, add 16 per sq. yd.

Table III—Insulation Materials, Wall-BOARDS AND BUILDING PAPER

	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
Insulation board:	S MODIFIE WENTER	
34"-4' x 6', 7', 8', 9', 10',	Per M square feet.	\$54.00
36"-4' x 6', 7', 8', 9', 10',	do	43.00
If edges beveled, add	ob	5.00
Insulation tile 1/2":	Still St. Market St. A.	
Sizes under 16 x 32	do	69. 50
16 x 32 and larger	do	64.00
Insulation plank 1/2"-All	do	69. 50
sizes.	TO SECURITION OF THE PARTY OF T	
Insulation sheathing as-		
phalt coated or im-		
pregnated:	A. District	42. 40
14"-4' x 8', 8' 6", 9', 9'	0D	61.50
2952-4' x 8', 8' 6", 9',	3.	- ex no
9' 6", 10', 12' and 2' x	do	85.00
9 0 , 10 , 12 and 2 I	Maria Control of the	
\$532-4' x 8' 2", 9' 4",	do	90.00
10' 8" and 29" x 8'.		00.00
10 0 and ad ad a	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	

TABLE III-INSULATION MATERIALS, WALL-BOARDS AND BUILDING PAPER-Con.

THE REAL PROPERTY.		Maxi-
		mum
		prices
		for yard
		sales
		and deliv-
Item	Unit	ered
	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	sales
	military with which	within
	illuration of the	the free
		deliv-
		ery
	The state of the s	zone
Insulation lath:		MALLE
32"-16 x 48-18 x 48-	Per M suuare feet.	\$54.00
24 x 48.		40-55000
Balsam wool sealed blan-		
kets:	de.	** **
Standard	do	50. 00
Double thick	do	67. 50 90. 00
k iment Insulation:	The state of the s	50.00
Commercial ½"	do	40. DO
Standard 1"	do	50, 00
Double thick 2"	do	55. 00
		200
Semithick batts 15 x 48". Full-thick batts 15 x 48". Handi-batts full thick	do	55.00
Handi-batte full thick	do.	75. 00 75. 00
		10,00
Jr. batts 11½ x 15" Mineral wool blankets:	do	75.00
Mineral wool blankets:		Autority
1 inch.	do	46.00
2 inch	do	57, 00
3 inch Nodulated and loose wool	do	80.00
An and the same	The same of the same of the	To the
m sacks; 35-lb	Per sack	1.60
38-lb	do	1.73
40-1b	do	1.80
38-lb	The same of the sa	
	do	1.00
Building paper: Red Resin—20-lb. 500	Per roll	1. 23
square feet rolls.	* 01 1000	41.50
Red Resin-30-lb, 500	do	1.78
square feet rolls.		
Red Resin-40-lb. 500	do	2.50
square feet rolls.	Des besidend	11.00
Sisalkraft	Per hundred square feet.	1. 2
Presswood:	aquate icce.	T.Dell's
36 x 48 x 72 and longer-	Per M square feet.	80.00
plain.		
1/6 x 48 x 72 and longer-	do	100.00
tempered.	44	OW 64
316 x 48 x 72 and longer— plain.	do	87.00
346 x 48 x 72 and longer—	do	107.00
tempered.		
34 x 48 x 72 and longer-	do	117.00
plain. 14 x 48 x 72 and longer—		5 0 m 00
34 X 48 X 72 and longer-	do	137.00
tempered. Wallboard:		- Julie
Sheetrock-14 x 48x72	do	40. 50
longer.		
Sheetrock-36 x 48 x 72	do	47.50
and longer. Sheetrock—1/2 x 48x72	9.	- C. O.
and longer.	do	56.00
and jourger.	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON OF	
		-
	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	

TABLE IV-ROOFING MATERIALS AND ASHESTOS SIDING

Felt:	THE RESERVE	The latest
Asphalt and tarred:	The second second	
15 lb. 36" wide 432	Per roll.	\$3, 40
sq. ft.		
30 lb. 36" wide 216	do	3.40
sq. ft.	The same of the same of the same	St. St. St. St.
Roll roofing:		- Files
Smooth surfaced:		
35 lb		
45 lb		
55 lb		
65 lb		
75 lb	do	
Mineral surfaced:		0.44
90 lb	do	3.35
	do	
diamond point-hex.		70
edge stag, edge.	THE RESERVE	
Split roll 112 lb.	do	3.91
diamond point-hex.		The second second
edge stag. edge.		
Shingles:		100
Composition shingles:	Per square	9.20
std. individual 250 lb.		-
Asphalt shingles:	1 1 2 1 11	
Hex. std. 3 tab 167 lb	do	
Thick butt 3 tab 12" 210 lb.	do	7.93

TABLE IV-ROOFING MATERIALS AND ASBESTOS SIDING-Continued

and the continues		
'tem	Unit	Maximum prices for yard sales and delivered sales within the free delivery zone
Shingles-Continued.		Man.
Asbestos shingles: Asbestos shingles 260-	Per square	\$13.55
290 lb. Dutch lap 16 x 16	do	14.40
Siding—asbestos cement: Std. surf. hard std.	do	11.05
colors (12 x 24) (12 x 27),	Spart of San Delta	
Std. surf. hard std. colors white or buff.	do	11, 30
Extra hard surf. white (glatex) (12 x 24)	do	13.40
(12 x 27).		
Siding—asphalt: Insulated brick:	THE WAY SER	
1436 x 43 x 76	do	15.50
1376 x 43 x 36 14 x 43".		15. 50
Roll brick	rer ron	4. 50

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMDT. 2 TO ORDER G-11 UNDER GEN. ORDER 68

This Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-11 under General Order 68, modifies reseller's maximum prices heretofore established under that order. This action has been taken pursuant to Supplementary Order 172, Modification of Reseller's Maximum Prices Established under General Order 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials, in order to reflect the increases in producer's maximum prices for certain commodities permitted by Amendments 44, 51, and 53 to Order No. 1 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 592; by Amendment 8 to Revised Price Schedule No. 45, and by Amendment 6 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 466, and otherwise to meet the requirements of section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. These changes will permit resellers to realize the same average percentage markup on the commodities in question as was in effect on March 31, 1946. Certain minor changes in the wording and set-up of the price tables have been made for purposes of clarification. While no changes in price were necessary to be made in Table V, some of the items therein listed have been deleted.

In view of the facts set forth herein, the Regional Administrator is of the opinion that the accompanying Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-11 under General Order 68 is proper and consistent with the purposes and standards of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and the provisions of General Order 68 under which Order No. G-11 was issued.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17812; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:53 a. m.]

[Region Order G-12 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 21

CERTAIN BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS IN HELENA, MONT., AREA

Order No. G-12 under General Order 68, Amendment No. 2, Docket No. 7-GO 68-12 (b). Maximum prices for retail sales of certain building and construction materials in the Helena, Mont., area.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region VII pursuant to the provisions of General Order 68, Order No. G-12 is amended in the following respects:

(1) Section 1 of Order No. G-12 is amended to read as follows:

SECTION 1. What this order does. This order covers all retail sales by any seller of commodities specified in this order delivered to a purchaser in the Helena. Montana area. The Helena, Montana area for the purposes of this order includes all of Lewis and Clark County, Montana.

(2) There is inserted after section 4 the following new section:

SEC. 4A. Adjustment to reflect increase in supplier's price-(a) Applicability. This section is applicable only where an amendment or order grants a supplier an increase in his maximum price and provides that all resellers, including those subject to area orders issued under General Order 68, may increase their maximum prices for the

commodity in question.

(b) Maximum price. A seller may increase the price listed in this order by the amount permitted for resellers by an amendment or order increasing a supplier's maximum price. A seller can do this, however, only if the effective date of the action increasing a supplier's maximum price is later than the date stated in the price tables incorporated in this order. Thus, if a supplier's maximum price for a product is increased and at some later date the price listed in this order is increased for this product, an amendment to this order will supersede the increase originally granted a seller by the amendment or order increasing the supplier's maximum price.

(3) Upon and after the effective date of this Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-12, the maximum prices of the specified building and construction materials covered by Order No. G-12 shall be the prices listed in the tables annexed to and incorporated in this Amendment No. 2, which tables supersede the tables annexed to the original order, as amended by Amendment No. 1, effective June 10, 1946.

(4) Insofar as this amendment reflects the increases in maximum prices permitted by Supplementary Order 172 (Modification of Reseller's Maximum Prices Established Under General Or-der 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials, it supersedes that order and the maximum prices established by this amendment cannot be increased under that order.

(5) Amendment No 1 to Order No. G-12, effective June 10, 1946, is hereby revoked.

This Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-12, under General Order 68, shall be effective August 19, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946. ARTHUR S. BRODHEAD, Regional Administrator.

TABLE I-CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER

TABLE T CEMENT,	LIME AND PLAST	E.E.
Item	Unit	Maximum prices for yard sales and delivered sales within the free delivery zone
Cement:		
Portland: Paper sacks	Per sack, 100 pounds.	\$1.10
Cloth sacks	do	1, 25
Cloth sacks Quick-strength Waterproof	do	1, 30
Keene	do	2, 25
Atlas or Duro white	do	3. 75
Mortar: Masonry, paper sack, Lime:	Per sack, 75 pounds.	.90
Finishing, Ohio hydrated.	Persack, 50 pounds.	1. 15
Hydrated: Colorado or Montana Missouri	do	. 85
Pebble	Parsack on	1, 55
Quick-pulverized, (veri- fat or Cheshire).	pounds. Persack, 50 pounds, 1,000	1, 15
	Per sack, 50 pounds, less than 1,000	1.35
Plaster:	pounds.	
Hardwall	Persack, 100 pounds.	1.05
Plaster paris: White	do	1.05
Less than full sack quantities,	Per pound	. 02
Calcium chloride: Used for building purposes.	Perhundred- weight, 100-	4. 50
Less than 100-lb, quan- tities,	pound sacks, Per pound	.05

TABLE II-LATH, GYPSUM AND METAL: CORNER

Lath:		
Gypsum	Per M square feet.	\$30.50
Metal lath, flat diamond mesh: 1		
2.5 lb., painted	Sanara vard	.38
3.4 lb., painted	do.	.46
Metal lath, flat rib:		* ***
2.75 lb., painted		. 3634
3.4 lb., painted	do	. 431
Metal, high rib: 1		9/2012
3.4-36", painted Corner bead:	do	+48
Expanded apron	M. lincon fact	29 00
Flat apron		53.00
34" bull nose flat	do	53.00
apron.		00100
All expansion easing:		
1/4 round (bull nose,	do	
O. G. or square		
edge).		(*32.00
Corner lath: 3 x 3	do	442.00

TABLE III-INSULATION MATERIALS, WALL-BOARDS AND BUILDING PAPER

Insulation board:		*
12"-4' x 6', 7', 8', 9', 10',	Per M square feet.	\$59.50
36"-4' x 6', 7', 8', 9', 10',	do	43.00
If beveled edges, add	do	5, 00
Insulation tile, ½": Sizes under 16 x 32		75.00
16 x 32 and larger Insulation plank ½", all	do	64, 00 75, 00
sizes. Insulation sheathing, as-		
phalt coated or im- pregnated:	STATE OF THE PARTY OF	
32"-4' x 8', 8' 6", 9', 9'6",	do	59.00
10', 12'. 25'52''-4' x 8', 8' 6"', 9', 9'	do	81.50
6", 10", 12' and 2' x 8', 4' x 8' 2", 9' 4", 10' 8" and 29" x 8'.	do	86. 50

Add for metal lath, self-furring, 1 cent per yard over flat diamond mesh.
² For copper bearing lath, add 1 cent per square yard.
³ Painted.

4 Galvanized.

TABLE III—INSULATION MATERIALS, WALL-BOARDS AND BUILDING PAPER—Continued

· Comment of the comm		1000
Item	Unit	Maximum prices for yard sales and delivered sales within the free delivery zone
Insulation lath:		143 ME
36"-16 x 48-18 x 48-24 x 48.	Per M square feet.	\$59, 50
Balsam wool sealed blank-		
ets: Standard Double thick Wall thick Kimsul insulation: Commercial, ½" Standard, 1" Double thick, 2" Mineral wool insulation:	do	55.00
Double thick	do	72.00
Wall thick	do	100.00
Kimsul insulation:		E CONTACTOR
Commercial, 32"	do	45, 00
Standard, I'	do	55. 00
Minoral wool inculations		72.00
Mineral wool insulation: Semithick batts, 15 x 48" Fullthick-batts, 15 x 48" Handi-batts, full thick,	do	62, 50
Fullthick-batts, 15 x 48"	do	90.00
Handi-batts, full thick,		1100
15 x 24"	[(10	*******
Jr. batts 11½ x 15" Mineral wool blankets:	do	82, 50
Milieral Wool Diankets:	do	59 50
9//	dodo	62, 50
	do	
Nodulated and loose wool		Seminaria (
in sacks: 35 lb		-
85 16	At 41/2 cents per	1.60
40.16	pound.	7 80
50 lb	do	1.80 2.25
40 lb		
Coverage:		
30 sq. ft., 2" thick 17 sq. ft., 3" thick	4½ cents per sack	1.15 1.15
17 sq. It., 3" thick	do	1.15
Red Resin		ALMIN TO SERVE
20 lb., 500 sq. ft., roll	Per roll	1.40
30 lb., 500 sq. ft., roll.	do	2.10 2.80
40 lb., 500 sq. ft., roll.	do	2.80
Sisalkraft	Per hundred	1, 25
17 sq. ft., 8" thick	square reet.	THE STATE OF
16 T 48 T 79 and longer		Nombel in
36 x 48 x 72 and longer: Plain Tempered 36 x 48 x 72 and longer:	Per M square feet	75.00
Tempered	do	90.00
3/16 x 48 x 72 and longer:		all the states
Plain	do	85.00
%16 x 48 x 72 and longer: Plain. Tempered. 34 x 48 x 72 and longer: Plain. Tempered. 34" Tempered. 34" Tempered tile. Wallboard:	do	100.00
Plain	do ·	90.00
Tempered	do	110.00
36" Black, tempered	do	110.00
38" Tempered tile	do	110.00
Sheetrock:	An	05 50
1/4 x 48 x 72 and longer.	do	35. 50 45. 50
32 x 48 x 72 and longer	do	51.00
36 x 48 x 72 and longer. 32 x 48 x 72 and longer. Fibre, 316"	do	40.00

TABLE IV-ROOFING MATERIALS AND ASRESTOS SIDING

Felt:	Call Call	
Asphalt and tarred:	ENTRE DOM TO	1
15 pound, 36" wide,	Per roll	\$3.90
432 sq. ft.,		
30 pound, 36" wide,	do	3.90
216 sq. ft.		
Roll roofing; Smooth surfaced:		
		4 00
35 pound		1.85
45 pound		2.40
55 pound	00	3.05
Mineral surfaced:	QO	3. 55
	3.	1 3
90 pound.		4.45
Split roll 105 pound,	Q0	
dismond point, hex.		
edge, stag. edge. Split roll 112 pound,	do	F 00
		6.80
diamond point, hex.		
edge, stag. edge. Split roll 105 pound,	do	6. 20
dble, coverage.	,00	0. 20
Shingles:		
Asphalt shingles:	The last of the la	
Hex. std., 3 Tab 167	Per square	7, 90
pound.	rei square	1.00
Thick butt, 3 Tab 12"	do	10, 00
210 pound.		10.00
Asbestos shingles:	SHIP SHIP SHIP SHIP	
Asbestos shingles, 260-	do	16, 70
290 pound.		40. 11
Dutch lap, 16 x 16	An I	17, 25

TABLE IV-ROOFING MATERIALS AND ASSESTED SIDING-CONTINUED

Item	Unit	Maximum prices for yard sales and delivered sales within the free delivery zone
Siding, asbestos cement: Std. surf. hard std. colors (12 x 24) (12 x 27). Std. surf. hard std. colors (white or buff). Extra hard surf. white (glatex) (12 x 24) (12 x 27). Siding, asphalt: Insulated brick: 1496 x 43 x 76. 1356 x 43 x 16 14 x 437. Roll brick.	do	\$12. 35 12. 35 16. 55 15. 75 15. 75 5. 00

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMDT. 2 TO ORDER G-12 UNDER GEN. ORDER 68

This Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-12 under General Order 68, modifies reseller's maximum prices heretofore established under that order. This action has been taken pursuant to Supplementary Order 172, Modification of Reseller's Maximum Prices Established under General Order 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials, in order to reflect the increases in producer's maximum prices for certain commodities permitted by Amendments 44, 51, and 53 to Order No. 1 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 592; by Amendment 8 to Revised Price Schedule No. 45. and by Amendment 6 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 466, and otherwise to meet the requirements of section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. These changes will permit resellers to realize the same average percentage markup on the commodities in question as was in effect on March 31, 1946. Certain minor changes in the wording and set-up of the price tables have been made for purposes of clarification. While no changes in price were necessary to be made in Table V, some of the items therein listed have been deleted.

In view of the facts set forth herein, the Regional Administrator is of the opinion that the accompanying Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-12 under General Order 68 is proper and consistent with the purposes and standards of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and the provisions of General Order 68 under which Order No. G-12 was issued.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17813; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:54 a. m.]

[Region VII Order G-14 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 2]

CERTAIN BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS IN BILLINGS, MONT.,

Order No. G-14 under General Order No. 68, Amendment No. 2; Docket No. 7-GO 68-14 (b). Maximum prices for retail sales of certain building and construction materials in the Billings, Montana, area.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region VII pursuant to the provisions of General Order 68, Order No. G-14 is amended in the following respects:

(1) Section 1 of Order No. G-14 is amended to read as follows:

SECTION 1. What this order does. This order covers all retail sales by any seller of commodities specified in this order delivered to a purchaser in the Billings, Montana, area. The Billings, Montana, area for the purposes of this order includes all of the City of Billings, Montana, and all of the area within a radius of ten miles of the Yellowstone County, Montana Court House located therein.

(2) There is inserted after section 4 the following new section:

SEC. 4A. Adjustment to reflect increase in supplier's price—(a) Applicability. This section is applicable only where an amendment or order grants a supplier an increase in his maximum price and provides that all resellers, including those subject to area orders issued under General Order 68, may increase their maximum prices for the commodity in ques-

(b) Maximum price. A seller may increase the price listed in this order by the amount permitted for resellers by an amendment or order increasing a supplier's maximum price. A seller can do this, however, only if the effective date of the action increasing a supplier's maximum price is later than the date stated in the price tables incorporated in this order. Thus, if a supplier's maximum price for a product is increased and at some later date the price listed in this order is increased for this product, an amendment to this order will supersede the increase originally granted a seller by the amendment or order increasing the supplier's maximum price.

(3) Upon and after the effective date of this Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-14 the maximum prices of the specified building and construction materials covered by Order No. G-14 shall be the prices listed in the tables annexed to and . incorporated in this Amendment No. 2, which tables supersede the tables annexed to the original order as amended by Amendment No. 1, effective June 10,

(4) Insofar as this amendment reflects the increases in maximum prices permitted by Supplementary Order 172 (Modification of Reseller's Maximum Prices Established Under General Order 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials), it supersedes that order and the maximum prices established by this amendment cannot be increased under that order.

(5) Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G-14, effective June 10, 1946, is hereby revoked.

This Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-14, under General Order 68, shall be effective August 19, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

ARTHUR S. BRODHEAD, Regional Administrator.

TABLE I-CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR RETAIL BALES OF BUILDING MATERIALS FOR THE AREA SHOWN ABOVE

Item	Unit	Maximum prices for yard sales and delivered sales within the free delivery zone
Cement: Portland—paper sacks. Portland—cloth sacks. Quick-strength. Waterproof. Keene. Atlas or Duro White. Mortar: Masonry—paper sack. Lime: Finishing—Ohio hydrated. Hydrated—Colorado or Montana. Quick-Pulverized (Verlat and Cheshire), Quick-Pulverized (Verlat and Cheshire), Plaster: Hardwall. Plaster Paris—less than full sack quantities, Calcium chloride: Used for building purposes.	pounds, do	\$0.95 1.10 1.25 1.15 3.45 4.00 .90 1.40 1.00 2.25 5.60 .03½ 1.10 .02 3.75

TABLE II-LATH: GYPSUM AND METAL; CORNER BEADS AND EXPANSION CASINGS

Per M square feet.	\$30.50
	The second second
Commence of	na
Square yard	. 36
do	. 46
	+0072
do	.48
	1000
M linear feet	64.00
do	55.00
do	127.00
THE RESERVE OF THE RE	
do	42.00
do	53, 00
	dodo

Note.—Add for metal lath—self furring—l¢ per yd, over flat diamond mesh.

Note.—For copper bearing lath, add 1¢ per sq. yd.

TABLE III—INSULATION MATERIALS, WALL-BOARDS AND BUILDING PAPER

Insulation board:		
36"-4' x 6', 7', 8', 9', 10', 12'	Per M square feet	\$54.00
14"-4' x 6', 7', 8', 9', 10', 12' 38"-4' x 6', 7', 8', 9', 10', 12', 12'	do	44.00
If edges beveled, add	do	5, 00
insulation the 55";	THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA	
Sizes under 16 x 32	do	81.00
16 x 32 and larger Insulation plank ½": All	do	81.00
Sizes	do	81.00
Insulation sheathing, as- phalt coated or impreg-		
nated: 1/2"-4' x 8', 8'6", 9', 9'6",	do	69, 50
10', 12'		00.00
25/32"-4' x 8', 8'6", 9', 9'6", 10', 12', and 2' x	do	98.00
8', 10', 12', and 2' x	Mark State of State o	
4' x 8'2", 9'4", 10'8", and	do	103, 00
29" x 8'. Insulation lath:		
14"-16 x 48-18 x 48-24 x	Ja.	F4.00
48.	do	54.00

TABLE III—INSULATION MATERIALS, WALL-BOARDS AND BUILDING PAPER—Con.

Item	Unit	Maximum prices for yard sales and delivered sales within the free delivery zone
Balsam wool sealed		The same of
biankets; Standard	Per M sqnare feet.	\$50.00 75.00 90.00
Kimsul insulation: Standard 1" Double thick 2"	do	50.00 60.00
Mineral wool insulation: Semi-thick batts 15 x 48".	do	65, 00
Full-thick batts 15 x	do	87.00
48". Handi-batts full thick 15 x 24".	do	87.00
Jr. batts 111/2 x 15"	do	80.00
Mineral wool blankets:	do	45,00
Nodulated and loose wool	do	56.00
in sacks:	Per pound	.0436
35 pounds 38 pounds	do	.0434
40 pounds	do	0414
50 pounds Expanded mica	24 pound sack	1.15
Building paper: Red resin—20 lb 500 sq.	Per roll	1.50
ft. roll. Red resin—25 lb 500 sq.	do	1.90
ft. roll. Red resin—30 lb 500 sq.	do	2, 25
ft. roll. Red resin—40 lb 500 sq. ft. roll.	do	3.00
Sisalkraft	Per hundred square feet.	1. 25
	Per M square feet.	90, 00
plain, 16 x 48 x 72 and longer— tempered.	do	105.00
% x 48 x 72 and longer— plain,	do	95.00
3/6 x 48 x 72 and longer — tempered.	do	110.00
Black tempered	do	10, 00 20, 00
Wallboard: Sheetrock—14 x 48 x 72	do	42, 50
and longer. Sheetrock—36 x 48 x 72	do	50, 50
and longer. Sheetrock—14 x 48 x 72 and longer.	do	61.00

TABLE IV—ROOFING MATERIALS AND ASBESTOS SIDING

Felt:		4
Asphalt and tarred:		7 - 01
15 lb. 36" wide 432 sq.	Per roll	\$4.00
ft.	Ter ton-	Q4. 00
30 lb. 36" wide 216 sq.	do	4.00
ft.	*************	4.00
Roll roofing:	The same of the sa	No. of the last of
Smooth surfaced:		
35 lb.—3d grade	do	1.80
45 lb.—2d grade	do	2, 50
55 lb.—1st grade	do	2.95
65 lb.—1st grade	do	3,75
75 lb.—1st grade	do	4, 35
Mineral surfaced:	Electrical response	Contract of the Contract of th
90 lb	do	4.30
Split roll 105 lb, dia-	do	5. 80
mond point-hex.		The state of the s
edge stag, edge.		100
Shingles:	- F. S.	
Asphalt shingles:		
Hex. std. 3 Tab 167 lb.	Per square	9, 10
Thick butt 3 Tab 12"	do	
210 lb.		C. C. C. C. C. C.
Siding-Asbestos cement:	The second second	
Std. surf. hard std. colors	do	11.90
(12 x 24) (12 x 27).		
Std. surf. hard std. colors	do	- 11.90
white or buff.		

TABLE IV—ROOFING MATERIALS AND ASBESTOS SIDING—Continued

	Maxi- mum prices for yard sales
Unit	and deliv- ered sales within the free deliv-
Per square	gry zone
	15, 20 15, 20
	Per squaredo.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMDT. 2 TO ORDER G-14 UNDER GEN. ORDER 68

This Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-14 under General Order 68, modifies reseller's maximum prices heretofore established under that order. This action has been taken pursuant to Supplementary Order 172, Modification of Reseller's Maximum Prices Established under General Order 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials, in order to reflect the increases in producer's maximum prices for certain commodities permitted by Amendments 44, 51, and 53 to Order No. 1 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 592; by Amendment 8 to Revised Price Schedule No. 45, and by Amendment 6 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 466, and otherwise to meet the requirements of section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. These changes will permit resellers to realize the same average percentage markup on the commodities in question as was in effect on March 31, 1946. Certain minor changes in the wording and set-up of the price tables have been made for purposes of clarification. While no changes in price were necessary to be made in Table V, some of the items therein listed have been deleted.

In view of the facts set forth herein, the Regional Administrator is of the opinion that the accompanying Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-14 under General Order 68 is proper and consistent with the purposes and standards of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and the provisions of General Order 68 under which Order No. G-14 was issued.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17815; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:54 a. m.]

[Region VII Order G-19 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 2]

CERTAIN BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION
MATERIALS IN PHILLIPS, SEDGWICK,
WASHINGTON AND YUMA COUNTIES, COLO.
AREA

Order No. G-19 under General Order No. 68, Amendment No. 2, Docket No. 7-GO 68-19 (b). Maximum prices for retail sales of certain building and construction materials in the Phillips, Sedgwick, Washington and Yuma Counties, Colorado area.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region VII pursuant to the provisions of General Order 68, Order No. G-19 is amended in the following respects:

(1) Section 1 of Order No. G-19 is amended to read as follows:

Section 1. What this order does. This order covers all retail sales by any seller of commodities specified in this order delivered to a purchaser in the Phillips, Sedgwick, Washington and Yuma Counties, Colorado area. The Phillips, Sedgwick, Washington and Yuma Counties, Colorado area, for the purposes of this order includes all of Phillips, Sedgwick, Washington and Yuma Counties, Colorado.

(2) There is inserted after section 4 the following new section:

SEC. 4A. Adjustment to reflect increase in supplier's price—(a) Applicability. This section is applicable only where an amendment or order grants a supplier an increase in his maximum price and provides that all resellers, including those subject to area orders issued under General Order 68, may increase their maximum prices for the commodity in question.

(b) Maximum price. A seller may increase the price listed in this order by the amount permitted for resellers by an amendment or order increasing a supplier's maximum price. A seller can do this, however, only if the effective date of the action increasing a supplier's maximum price is later than the date stated in the price tables incorporated in this Thus, if a supplier's maximum order. price for a product is increased and at some later date the price listed in this order is increased for this product, an amendment to this order will supersede the increase originally granted a seller by the amendment or order increasing the supplier's maximum price.

(3) Upon and after the effective date of this Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-19 the maximum prices of the specified building and construction materials covered by Order No. G-19 shall be the prices listed in the tables annexed to and incorporated in this Amendment No. 2, which tables supersede the tables annexed to the original order, as amended by Amendment No. 1, effective June 10,

1946.

(4) Insofar as this amendment reflects the increases in maximum prices permitted by Supplementary Order 172 (Modification of Reseller's Maximum Prices Established under General Order 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials), it supersedes that order and the maximum prices established by

this amendment cannot be increased under that order.

(5) Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G-19, effective June 10, 1946, is hereby revoked.

This Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-19 under General Order 68 shall be effective August 19, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

ARTHUR S. BRODHEAD,

Regional Administrator.

TABLE I-CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER

		Maxi- mum prices
Item	Unit	for yard sales and deliv- ered sales within the free deliv- ery zone
Cement:		
Portland—paper sacks	pounds.	\$0.90
Portland-cloth sacks	do	1,05
Quick-Strength	do	1.15
Waterproof	do	1.15 2.50
Atlas or Duro White	do	3, 00
Atlas or Duro White	do	3, 25
waterproof.		
Mortar: Masonry-paper	Per sack 75 to 80	.90
sack. Lime:	pounds.	
Finishing-Ohio Hy-	Per sack 50 pounds.	1.15
drated.		1
Hydrated-Colorado		1.15
Hydrated-Missouri	do	1.15
Pebble	Per hundred- weight.	******
Quick-Pulverized (Veri-	Per hundred-	1.70
fat and Cheshire).	weight 1,000	1.10
	pounds and	
	over.	
Do	Per hundred-	1.90
TENER THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY	weight less than 1,000 pounds.	RHIOTE-
Plaster:	1,000 pounds.	Tierra
Hardwall	Per sack 100	1.10
	pounds.	
Plaster paris—white	do	1.10
Plaster paris—less than full sack quantities.	Per pound	.02
Calcium chloride:	DOLLAR TO LET	
Used for building pur-	Per hundred-	8, 50
poses.	weight 100	171
T 41 200.75	pound sack.	The same
Less than 100-lb. quan- tities.	Per pound	. 05
treits.	Master J. Commission	

TABLE II—LATH: GYPSUM AND METAL: CORNER BEADS AND EXPANSION CASINGS

Lath:		
Gypsum	Per thousand	\$40.50
2001 100 000 00	square feet.	1
Metal lath-flat dia-		1
mond mesh:	Television Inches	1
2.5 lb. painted	Square yard	, 33
3.4 lb. painted	do	. 4314
3.4 lb. galvanized	do	. 4736
Metal lath—flat rib:		1000
2.75 lb. painted	do	. 36
3.4 lb. painted	do	. 43
Metal-high rib: 3.4 %"	do	473/2
painted.		-000
Corner bead:		THE OTHER
Expanded apron	1,000 linear feet	64.00
	do	55.00
34" bull nose flat	do	53. 50
apron.		
All expansion easing:	do	107.00
34 round (bull nose-		
C. B. or square edge).		1
Corner lath:		HILDREN III
2 x 2	do	32.00
3 x 3		37.00

Note: Add for metal lath-self-furring-1 cent per yard over flat diamond mesh. Copper hearing lath, add I cent per square yard.

TABLE III-INSULATION MATERIALS, WALL-BOARDS AND BUILDING PAPER

	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	
		1
		Maxi- mum
		prices
	TOTAL PROPERTY	for yard
	Control of the State	sales
		and
Item	Unit	deliv- ered
	all and the second	sales
T V h to this could be		within
		the free
		deliv
		ery
		zone
Insulation Board:	2	more fall
15"-4' x 6', 7' 8', 9', 10',	Per 1,000 square	\$59.50
12'. 36"—4' x 6', 7', 8', 9', 10',	feet.	40.00
78 7 10, 1, 8, 8, 10,	00	48,00
If edges beveled, add		5.00
Insulation tile 15"	THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED	0,00
Sizes under 16 x 32 16 x 32 and larger Insulation plank 1/6": All	do	75.00
16 x 32 and larger	do	69.50
Hististion plank 3% : All	0D	75.00
sizes. Insulation sheathing, as-	PURCHASINA STATE	11276
Insulation sheathing, as- phalt coated or im-	College Colleg	1 sit 11
pregnated:		made it
pnate coated or impregnated: 24"—4" x 8', 8'6", 9', 6'6", 10', 12', 25\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	do	64,00
25/11/11/2	24	-
9/32 4 X 8 , 80 , 9 ,	do	91, 50
2540"-4" x 8'2" 9'4" 10'	do	96.50
8" and 29" x 8'.		00.00
Insulation lath: 32"-16 x	do	59.50
48-18 x 48-24 x 48.		
Balsam wool sealed		
Standard	do	52.50
Double thick	do	70.00
blankets: Standard Double thick Kimsul insulation: Commercial ½"		14.000
Commercial ½" Standard 1" Double thick 2"	do	40.00
Standard I"	do	50.00
Mineral wool insulation:	60	55, 00
Sami thick botte 15 v 48"	do	55, 00
Full-thick batts 15 x 48".	do	75.00
Handi-batts full thick	do	75.00
15 x 24"	The second secon	1400000
Junior butts 111/2 x 15"	do	75,00
Mineral wool blankets:	do	50,00
2"	do	60.00
Negative Neg	Per hundredweight	5.00
in sacks.	124-14	Thomas S
Expanded mica	Per bag of 4 cubic	1.15
Dudding paper	feet.	
Building paper: Red resin—20 lb. 500	Per roll	1.25
square foot rolls.	4 64 1041-27-2-2-2-	4.00
Red resin-30 lb. 500	do	2.00
square foot rolls.		The Course
Red resin—40 lb. 500	do	2, 50
square foot rolls. Sisalkraft	Per hundred	1.25
	square feet.	11 EO
Less than full roll	square feet.	1.75
Presswood:	THE STATE OF THE S	
16'x 48 x 72 and longer—	Per thousand	85.00
plain. 36 x 48 x 72 and longer—	square feet.	105.00
tempered.		100.00
- 3/6 x 48 x 72 and longer-	do	100.00
plain.	TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	2000000
316 x 48 x 72 and longer—	do	120.00
tempered. 1/4 x 48 x 72 and longer—	do	130.00
plain.		100,00
34 x 48 x 72 and longer—	do	150.00
tempered.		Electrical Control of
Wallboard:		
Sheetrock-14 x 48 x 72	do	45, 50
and longer. Sheetrock—36 x 48 x 72	do	55, 50
and longer.		00.00
and longer. Sheetrock—1/2 x 48 x 72	do	61.00
and longer.		La de la constante
TABLE IV-ROOFING N	IATERIALS AND ASB	ESTOS

TABLE IV-ROOFING MATERIALS AND ASBESTOS SIDING

Felt: Asphalt and tarred:		
15 lb. 36" wide, 216	Per roll	\$1.90
sq. ft. 15 lb. 36" wide, 324	do	2.70
sq. ft. 15 lb. 36" wide, 432	do	3.60
sq. ft. 80 lb. 36" wide, 216	do	3, 60
EQ. ft.		

TABLE IV—ROOFING MATERIALS AND ASBESTOS SIDING—Continued

Siding—Continued		
Item	Unit	Maxi- mum prices for yard sales and deliv- ered sales within the free deliv- ery zone
Roll roofing: Smooth surfaced: 35 lb. 45 lb. 55 lb. 75 lb. 77 lb. 77 lb. Wineral surfaced: 90 lb. Split roll 105 lb., diamond point—hexagon edge, staggered edge. Schingles: Composition shingles: Standard individual 250 lb.	do	\$1,75 2,20 2,90 3,30 3,50 3,70 3,60 4,45
Asphalt shingles: Hexagon standard, 3 tab, 167 lb. Thick butt, 3 tab, 12",	Per squaredo	6. 30 7. 90
210 lb. Asbestos shingles: Asbestos shingles 260- 290 lb. Dutch lap 16 x 16	do	14. 40 16. 70
Siding, asbestos cement: Standard surface hard, standard colors (12 x	do	11. 55
24) (12 x 27). Standard surface hard, standard colors, white or buff. Extra hard surface white	do	11. 55 13. 65
(Glatex) (12 x 24) (12 x 27). Siding, asphalt: Insulated brick:	do	14.00 14.00 4.75

TABLE V-METAL PRODUCTS

Item	Unit	M a x i m u m prices for yard sales and de- livered sales within the free delivery zone	
		Painted	Galva- nized
Valley tin: 10" 28 gage 14" 28 gage 20" 28 gage	Per 100 linear feet.	\$9.00 12.00 15.00	\$10.00 14.00 20.00
		Angle type	Pressed steel
Ash pit doors: 8" x 8", east iron 10" x 12", east iron	Eachdo	\$1. 25 2. 00	\$1.15 1.50

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMDT. 2 TO ORDER G-19 UNDER GEN. ORDER 68

This Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-19 under General Order 68, modifies reseller's maximum prices heretofore established under that order. This action has been taken pursuant to Supplementary Order 172, Modification of Reseller's Maximum Prices Established under General Order 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials, in order to reflect the increases in producer's maximum prices for certain commodities permitted by Amendments 44, 51, and 53

to Order No. 1 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 592; by Amendment 8 to Revised Price Schedule No. 45, and by Amendment 6 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 466, and otherwise to meet the requirements of section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. These changes will permit resellers to realize the same average percentage markup on the commodities in question as was in effect on March 31, 1946. Certain minor changes in the wording and set-up of the price tables have been made for purposes of clarification. While no changes in price were necessary to be made in Table V, some of the items therein listed have been deleted.

In view of the facts set forth herein, the Regional Administrator is of the opinion that the accompanying Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-19 under General Order 68 is proper and consistent with the purposes and standards of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and the provisions of General Order 68, under which Order No. G-19 was issued.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17817; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:56 a. m.]

[Region VII Order G-13 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 2]

CERTAIN BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS IN GREAT FALLS, MONT., AREA

Order No. G-13 under General Order No. 68, Amendment No. 2. Docket No. 7-GO 68-13 (b), Maximum prices for retail sales of certain building and construction materials in the Great Falls, Montana area.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region VII pursuant to the provisions of General Order 68, Order No. G-13 is amended in the following respects:

(1) Section 1 of Order No. G-13 is amended to read as follows:

Section 1. What this order does. This order covers all retail sales by any seller of commodities specified in this order delivered to a purchaser in the Great Falls, Montana area. The Great Falls, Montana area for the purposes of this order includes all of Cascade County, Montana.

(2) There is inserted after section 4 the following new section:

Sec. 4A. Adjustment to reflect increase in supplier's price—(a) Applicability. This section is applicable only where an amendment or order grants a supplier an increase in his maximum price and provides that all resellers, including those subject to area orders issued under General Order 68, may increase their maximum prices for the commodity in question.

(b) Maximum price. A seller may increase the price listed in this order by the amount permitted for resellers by an amendment or order increasing a supplier's maximum price. A seller can do this, however, only it the effective date

of the action increasing a supplier's maximum price is later than the date stated in the price tables incorporated in this order. Thus, if a supplier's maximum price for a product is increased and at some later date the price listed in this order is increased for this product, an amendment to this order will supersede the increase originally granted a seller by the amendment or order increasing the supplier's maximum price.

(3) Upon and after the effective date of this Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-13, the maximum prices of the specified building and construction materials covered by Order No. G-13 shall be the prices listed in the tables annexed to and incorporated in this Amendment No. 2, which tables supersede the tables annexed to the original order as amended by Amendment No. 1, effective June 10, 1946

(4) Insofar as this amendment reflects the increases in maximum prices permitted by Supplementary Order 172 (Modification of Reseller's Maximum Prices Established Under General Order 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials), it supersedes that order and the maximum prices established by this amendment cannot be increased under that order.

(5) Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G-13, effective June 10, 1946, is hereby revoked

This Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-13, under General Order 68, shall be effective August 19, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

ARTHUR S. BRODHEAD, Regional Administrator.

TABLE I-CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER

Item —	Unit	Maximum prices for yard sales and delivered sales within the free delivery zone
Cement: Portland—paper sacks	Per 100 pound	\$1.15
Portland-cloth sacks	sack.	1, 30
Quick-strength	do	1.30
Keene	do	2, 50
Atlas or Duro white	do	4.00
Mortar: Masonry—paper sack. Lime:	sack.	, 95
Finishing-Ohio hy- drated.	Per 50 pound sack.	1.40
Hydrated-Montana	do	1.00
Pebble	Per 90 pound sack.	2, 55
Quick-pulverized (Veri- fat and Cheshire).	Per 60-lb. sack in quantities of 1,000 lbs. and over.	1.45
	Per 60-lb. sack in quantities of less than 1,000 lbs.	1.70
Plaster:	Per 100 lb. sack	1.10
Hardwall Plaster Paris—White	Per 100 ID. Sack	1. 10
Plaster Paris—White Plaster Paris—Less than full sack quantities.	Per pound	.02
Calcium chloride: Used for building pur- poses.	Per hundred- weight 100-lb. sack.	4. 50
Less than 100-pound quantities.	Per pound	.05

TABLE II-LATH: GYPSUM AND METAL: CORNER BEADS AND EXPANSION CASINGS

Item	Unit	Maximum prices for yard sales and delivered sales within the free delivery zone
Ath: Gypsum Metal lath—flat diamond mesh:	Per M square feet.	\$30.50
2,5 lb, painted	Square yard	.37
3.4 lb. painted	do	. 4716
3.4 lb. galvanized	do	. 501/2
Metal lath—flat rib:	do	.3616
2.75 lb. painted 3.4 lb. painted		4332
Metal-bigh rib: 3.4	do	48
3's" painted. Corner bead:	Colon probable	811
Expanded apron	M linear feet	58.00
Flat apron	do	49.00
All expansion casing:	do	106.00
% round (bull nose— O. G. or square edge).		lo me
Corner lath:	and the second	22.00
2 x 2	do	37.00

Note: Add for metal lath, self-furring, 1 cent per yard over flat diamond mesh. For copper bearing lath, add 1 cent per square yard.

TABLE III—INSULATION MATERIALS, WALL-

BOARDS AND P	SUILDING PAPER	270=
Insulation board:		
32" 4' x 6', 7', 8', 9', 10',	Per M square feet.	\$61.50
\$8" 4' x 6', 7', 8', 9', 10',	do	48. 00
If edges beveled, add	do	5, 00
Insulation tile 12"	Compression of the Party of the	05.50
Sizes under 16 x 32	do	85, 50 77, 50
16 x 32 and larger	do	82.00
sizes.		
Insulation sheathing, as- phalt coated or im-		
phalt coated or impregnated. 1½, 4′ x 8′, 8′6″, 9′, 9′6″, 10′, 12′. 23/32″, 4′ x 8′, 8′6″, 9′, 9′6″, 10′, 12′ and 2′ x 8′. 19′8″ and 29″ x 8′. 19′8″ and 29″ x 8′.	do.,	64.00
25601 41 - 91 91011 01	do	98, 00
9'6", 10', 12' and		88,00
\$552". 4' x 8'2", 9'4".	do	103, 00
10'8" and 29" x 8'.		H. Carrie
Insulation lath: 14"-16 x 48-18 x 48-	do	65, 00
24 x 48.	do	00, 00
Asphalt coated 16"-	do	67.00
16 x 48-18 x 49-24 x 48.	a continue and a second	
Balsam wool sealed blankets:	4- 1116-17	
Standard	do	55.00
Double thick	do	75, 00
Wall thick Kimsul insulation:	771	100.00
Commercial ½" Standard 1" Double thick 2"	do	40.00
Standard I"	do	50.00
Double thick 2"	do	60.00
Mineral wool insulation: Semi-thick batts 15 x 48".	Per M square feet	75. 00
	LCL.	10.00
Full-thick batts 15 x 48".	do	100.00
Handi-batts full thick 15 x 24".	do	100.00
Jr. batts 1116 x 15"	do	100,00
Jr. batts 1132 x 15" Mineral wool blankets:		
Mineral wool blankets: 1"	do	55.00
	do	75, 00 100, 00
3" Modulated and loose wool in sacks:		200,00
35 lb	4½ cents per lb	1,60
40 lb	4½ cents per lb	1.80
50 lb Expanded mica:	4½ cents per lb	2, 25
Coverage		1000
30 sq. ft,—2" thick 17 sq. ft.—3" thick	Per sack	1, 15
17 sq. ft.—3" thick	do	1.15
Building paper: Red resin—20 lb., 500 sq.	Per roll	1.60
II. TOIL.		2100
Red resin-30 lb., 500 sq.	do	2.60
ft. roll. Red resin—40 lb., 500 sq.	do	8, 45
ft. roll.		
Sisalkraft	Per 100 square feet_	1.25

TABLE III—INSULATION MATERIALS, WALL-BOARDS AND BUILDING PAPER—Continued

Item	Unif	Maximum prices for yard sales and delivered sales within the free delivery zone
Presswood:	Per M square feet	\$85,00
plain.	do	100.00
tempered.	do	105.00
plain.	do	120.00
tempered.	ALCONOMIC TO SERVICE	135.00
1/4 x 48 x 72 and longer— plain.	do	- Bridge
14 x 48 x 72 and longer— tempered.	do	160.00
Wallboard: Sheetrock—1/4 x 48 x 72	đo	42.50
and longer. Sheetrock—36 x 48 x 72	do	50.50
and longer. Sheetrock—½ x 48 x 72	do	61,00
and longer.	No. of the last of	45.00
A		

TABLE IV-ROOFING MATERIALS AND ASSESTOS SIDING

National World Property of the Contract of the			
Item	Unit	Maximum prices for yard sales and delivered sales within the free delivery zone	
Felt: Asphalt and tarred: 15 lb., 36" wide, 432 sq. ft., 30 lb.; 36" wide, 216 sq. ft.	Per rolldo	\$4.50 4.50	
Rell roofing:		1st grade	2d grade
Smooth surfaced: 35 lb	do	\$2.60 3.60 4.10	\$1,95 2,40 2,90
Mineral surfaced: 90 lb. Split roll 105 lb., diamond point—hexagon edge, staggered	do	\$4, 45 5, 70	
edge. Shingles: Composition shingles standard individual 250 lb. Asphalt shingles:	Per square	10.50	
Hexagon standard, 3 tab, 157 lb. Thick butt 3 tab, 12	do	8. 85 (jobber WH). 11. 05 (jobber	
inches 210 lb. Asbestos shingles: Asbestos shingles 260-290 lb.	do	WH). 19.00	
Siding—Asbestos cement: Standard surface, hard standard, colors (12 x	do	- 14. 20	
24) (12 x 27). Standard surface, hard standard, colors white	do	15,75	
or buff. Extra hard surfaced, white (Glatex) (12 x 24) (12 x 27).	do	17. 35	
24) (12 x 27). Siding—Asphalt: Insulated brick, 14% x 43 x 78.	do	18.	00
Roll brick	Per roll	6, 05	
			THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMDT. 2 TO ORDER G-13 UNDER GEN. ORDER 68

This Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-13 under General Order 68, modifies

reseller's maximum prices heretofore established under that order. This action has been taken pursuant to Supplementary Order 172, Modification of Reseller's Maximum Prices Established under General Order 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials, in order to reflect the increases in producer's maximum prices for certain commodities permitted by Amendments No. 44, 51, and 53 to Order No. 1 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 592; by Amendment 8 to Revised Price Schedule No. 45, and by Amendment 6 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 466, and otherwise to meet the requirements of section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. These changes will permit resellers to realize the same average percentage markup on the commodities in question as was in effect on March 31, 1946. Certain minor changes in the wording and set-up of the price tables have been made for purposes of clarification. While no changes in price were necessary to be made in Table V, some of the items therein listed have been deleted.

In view of the facts set forth herein, the Regional Administrator is of the opinion that the accompanying Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-13 under General Order 68 is proper and consistent with the purposes and standards of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and the provisions of General Order 68 under which Order No. G-13 was issued.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17814; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:54 a. m.]

[Region III Order G-38 Under MPR 592] CONCRETE BLOCKS IN NORTHWESTERN OHIO AREA

For the reasons set forth in an accompanying opinion, which has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and under the authority vested in the Administrator of Region III of the Office of Price Administration by section 23 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592, this order is issued:

SECTION 1. Transactions and area covered by this order. This order establishes dollars-and-cents maximum prices or pricing methods for sales of concrete blocks when such sales are made at or from any point in the Northern Ohio Area

SEC. 2. Area covered. For the purposes of this order, the "Northwestern Ohio Area" consists of the Counties of Williams, Defiance, Paulding, Van Wert, Allen, Putnam, Henry, Fulton, Lucas, Wood, Hancock, Hardin, Marion, Wyandot, Seneca, Sandusky, Ottawa, Erie, Huron, Richland, Crawford, Morrow, Knox, Ashland, Holmes and Auglaize in the State of Ohio.

SEC. 3. Prohibitions against sales at higher than maximum prices. No person covered hereby shall sell or offer to sell and no person shall buy or offer to buy, in the course of trade or business, any of the commodities covered by this order at prices greater than the maximum prices established hereby.

SEC. 4. Producer's maximum prices—
(a) Retail sales, f. o. b. plant. (i) A producer's maximum retail prices, f. o. b. the producer's plant, for sales of Hollow Load Bearing Block, Grade "A", shall be those prices set forth in the price list designated as Table I, which is annexed to and made a part of this order.

(ii) A producer's maximum retail prices, f. o. b. his plant, for Hollow Load Bearing Block, Grade "B", shall be determined by deducting two cents per block from the price listed in Table I, hereof, for the same size of Hollow Load

Bearing Block, Grade "A".

(iii) Sizes and types of concrete blocks not listed herein. (1) A producer shall determine his maximum retail price, f. o. b. his plant, for a size or type of concrete block, which is not defined in this order, by applying the same conversion factor or formula employed for such purposes by the producer in March, 1942, to the price computed under this order for a concrete block, size 8 in. x 8 in. x 16 in.

(2) A producer who was not in business in March, 1942, shall use as his maximum retail price, f. o. b. his plant, for a size or type of concrete block, which is not defined in this order, the highest price charged by his most closely competitive seller of the same class, for the same commodity, or, if no charge was made for the same commodity, for the most similar commodity, as determined under this order.

(b) Retail sales including delivery. A producer's maximum retail price for concrete blocks, delivered, shall be determined by adding the appropriate one of the following amounts, per block, depending on the size of the block and the location of the buyer, to the maximum retail price, f. o. b. plant, as determined under subsection (a) of this section 4:

AMOUNT WHICH MAY BE ADDED, PER BLOCK, FOR DELIVERY

	3 inch and 4 inch block	6 inch and 8 inch block	10 inch and 12 inch block	Chim- ney block
For delivery to points within a radius of 10 miles of the produc- er's plant for each additional 10 miles, or fraction thereof, by which the point of delivery is located beyond a	\$0.0132	\$0.02	\$0.03	\$0.05
radius of ten miles of the producer's plant.	.0034	.01	.02	. 03

(c) Wholesale sales, f. o. b. plant. A producer's maximum wholesale price for concrete blocks, f. o. b. producer's plant, shall be his maximum retail price, f. o. b. plant, as computed under subsection (a) of this section 4, less ten percent.

(d) Wholesale sales including delivery. A producer's maximum wholesale price for concrete blocks, delivered, shall be his maximum retail price delivered to the dealer's premises, as computed under subsection (b) of this section 4, less ten percent.

Sec. 5. Dealer's maximum prices—(a) Retail sales, f. o. b. dealer's yard or delivered. A dealer's maximum retail price for concrete blocks, whether f. o. b. his yard or delivered to his customer's prem-

ises, shall be the same as his producer's maximum retail price would be for the same concrete blocks delivered to the dealer's premises, as computed under subsection (b) of section 4, hereof.

SEC. 6. Discounts and additions—(a) Cash discounts. No seller shall reduce or discontinue any discounts for cash transactions which he offered in March 1942.

(b) Quantity discounts. No seller shall reduce or discontinue any discount for purchases in quantity which he of-

fered in March 1942.

(c) Less than truckload sales. Any producer or dealer may make an additional charge for deliveries in less than truckload quantities, provided such additional charge does not exceed the highest amount charged by such seller in March 1942 for such less than truckload deliveries.

SEC. 7. Computation and position.—
(a) Each dealer covered hereby shall, within thirty days of the effective date of this order, compute his maximum retail prices, for all types and sizes of concrete blocks, which he offers for sale, under the pricing provisions of section 5, hereof.

(b) Each dealer covered hereby shall, within thirty days of the effective date of this order, post in each of his places of business in the Northwestern Ohio, Area, in a manner plainly visible to and accessible by all customers, a list of all the types and sizes of concrete blocks which he offers for sale and his maximum prices therefor, which he has computed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section 7.

SEC. 8. Relationship to other maximum price regulations and orders. The maximum prices and pricing methods established by this order shall supersede any maximum price or pricing method established by the General Maximum Price Regulation with respect to the transactions and commodities covered hereby. This order shall supersede all provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 to the extent so provided To the extent that they are consistent with this order, all provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592, the General Maximum Price Regulation (except sections 18, 19, and 19a), and of other applicable maximum price regulations and orders, shall apply to transactions and commodities covered by this order. If any seller is unable to price any concrete block item under this order, he shall determine his maximum price for such item under Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 or the General Maximum Price Regulation, whichever is applicable.

SEC. 9. Sales slips and invoices. Every person covered by this order, regardless of previous custom, shall give the purchaser a receipt showing the date, name and address of the seller, description of the item sold, and the price received for it. If the seller customarily prepared his sales slips in more than one copy, he shall keep, for at least one year after delivery, a duplicate copy of each sales slip delivered by him pursuant to this section.

SEC. 10. Records. Every person covered by this order, regardless of previous custom, shall keep records concerning each sale covered hereunder showing at least the following information:

(1) Name and address of buyer.

(2) Date of transaction,

(3) Place of delivery.

(4) Complete description of each item sold and the price charged therefor.

All such records shall be kept and made available for inspection by authorized representatives of the Office of Price Administration so long as the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, remains in effect.

SEC. 11. Posting. Every person making sales covered hereby shall post a copy of this order in each of his places of business in the Northwestern Ohio Area in a manner plainly visible to and accessible by all customers.

SEC. 12. Evasions. The price limitations set forth in this order shall not be evaded by direct or indirect methods, in connection with an offer, solicitation, agreement, sale, delivery, purchase, or receipt of any of the commodities covered hereunder, whether alone or in conjunction with any other commodity, or by way of commissions, services, transportation or other charges, discounts, premiums, or other privileges, or by tying agreement or other understanding or by making the terms and conditions of sale more onerous to buyers than they were during March, 1942, (except as specifically permitted by this order or applicable regulations).

Persons violating any provisions of this order are subject to the criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions, proceedings for suspension of licenses, and any other enforcement proceedings provided by the Emergency Price Control Act of

1942, as amended.

SEC. 13. Definitions. (a) "Concrete block" is a term which includes, but is not limited to, blocks made of cement and sand, gravel, slag or cinders.

(b) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other organized group of persons, its legal successors or representatives, the United States or any other government, or any of its political subdivisions, or any agency of any of the foregoing, and includes subcontractors as well as prime contractors.

(c) "Contractor" means any individual, corporation partnership, association, or other organized group of persons, engaged in the business of selling material or equipment and, who, in connection therewith, assumes responsibility for its incorporation into a building, structure, or construction project at a fixed site, by charging a single price for the commodity installed, by guaranteeing performance and use, or by other objective evidence.

(d) "Producer" means any person who engages in the manufacture and sale of concrete blocks.

(e) "Seller" means any person making a sale covered by this order.

(f) "Dealer" means any person who buys concrete blocks for resale, other than on an installed basis, (g) A "retail sale" means a sale by any person to a contractor or other user and not for resale except on an installed basis.

(h) A "wholesale sale" means a sale by any person for resale, other than on

an installed basis.

(i) "Hollow load bearing block, Grade 'A'" is a concrete block having a compressive strength of 1,000 pounds per square inch gross, in accordance with American Society for Testing Materials Standard Specifications for hollow load bearing concrete masonry units C-90-44.

(j) "Hollow load bearing block, Grade 'B", is a concrete block having a compressive strength of 700 pounds per square inch gross, in accordance with American Society for Testing Materials Standard Specifications for hollow load bearing concrete masonry units C-90-44.

(k) Where relevant and material, the definitions set forth in Maximum Price Regulation No. 592, the General Maximum Price Regulation, and other applicable maximum price regulations and orders, and in section 302 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, shall apply to terms used in this order.

SEC. 14. Revocation or amendment. This order may be revoked or amended at any time by the Office of Price Administration.

SEC. 15. Effective date. This Order No. G-38 shall become effective September 9, 1946.

Issued: August 26, 1946.

J. F. KESSEL, Regional Administrator.

Table I of Order No. G-38 Under Section 23 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR SALES OF CONCRETE BLOCKS IN THE NORTHWESTERN OHIO AREA

		block and im price
Size of block	Sand and gravel or cinder aggregate	Celocrete or ex- panded slag ag- gregate
Hollow Load Bearing, Grade "A"; 3 inch x 8 inch x 16 inch regular 4 inch x 8 inch x 16 inch regular 6 inch x 8 inch x 16 inch regular 8 inch x 8 inch x 16 inch regular 8 inch x 8 inch x 16 inch regular 8 inch x 8 inch x 16 inch regular 10 inch x 8 inch x 16 inch header 10 inch x 8 inch x 16 inch regular 10 inch x 8 inch x 16 inch regular 12 inch x 8 inch x 16 inch regular 16 inch x 16 inch chimney blocks. 19 inch x 19 inch chimney blocks. 19 inch x 23 inch chimney blocks.	\$0.105 .105 .13 .075 .14 .14 .14 .16 .185 .50 .60 .1.40	\$0.135 .135 .16 .105 .17 .17 .19 .215 .60 .72 1.70

How to determine your maximum prices.— Producer's maximum prices.—(a) Retail sales, f. o. b. plant. (i) A producer's maximum retail prices, f. o. b. the producer's plant, for sales of hollow load bearing block, Grade "A" shall be those prices set forth in the price list designated as Table I, which is annexed to and made a part of this order.

(ii) A producer's maximum retail prices, f. o. b. his plant, for hollow load bearing block, Grade "B", shall be determined by deducting two cents per block from the price listed in Table I, above, for the same size of hollow load bearing block, Grade "A".

THE NORTHWESTERN OHIO AREA

(iii) Sizes and types of concrete blocks not listed herein. (1) A producer shall determine his maximum retail price, f. o. b. his plant, for a size or type of concrete block, which is not defined in this order, by applying the same conversion factor or formula employed for such purposes by the producer in March, 1942, to the price computed under this order for a concrete block, size 8 in. x 8 in. x 16 in.

(2) A producer who was not in business in March, 1942, shall use as his maximum retail price, f. o. b. his plant, for a size or type of concrete block, which is not defined in this order, the highest price charged by his most closely competitive seller of the same class in March, 1942, for the same commodity, or, if no charge was made for the same commodity, for the most similar commodity.

(b) Retail sales including delivery. A producer's maximum retail price for concrete blocks, delivered, shall be determined by adding the appropriate one of the following amounts, per block, depending on the size of the block and the location of the buyer, to the maximum retail price, f. o. b. plant, as determined under subsection (a) of this section 4:

AMOUNT WHICH MAY BE ADDED, PER BLOCK, FOR DELIVERY

Comments of the complete	1		- milions	811
	3 inch and 4 inch block	6 inch and 8 inch block	10 inch and 12 inch block	Chim- ney block
For delivery to points within a radius of 10 miles of the produc- er's plant. For each additional 10 miles, or fraction thereof, by which the point of delivery	\$0.013/2	\$0.02	\$0.03	\$0.05
is located beyond a radius of 10 miles of the producer's plant	.003/2	.01	.02	.03

(c) Wholesale sales, f. o. b. plant. A producer's maximum wholesale price for concrete blocks, f. o. b. producer's plant, shall be his maximum retail price, f. o. b. plant, as computed under subsection (a) of this section 4, less ten percent.

less ten percent.

(d) Wholesale sales including delivery.

A producer's maximum wholesale price for concrete blocks, delivered, shall be his maximum retail price delivered to the dealer's premises, as computed under subsection (b) of this section 4, less ten percent.

DEALER'S MAXIMUM PRICES

(a) Retail sales, f. o. b. dealer's yard or delivered. A dealer's maximum retail price for concrete blocks, whether f. o. b. his yard or delivered to his customer's premises, shall be the same as his producer's maximum retail price would be for the same concrete blocks delivered to the dealer's premises, as computed under subsection (b) of section 4, hereof.

Discounts and additions:

(a) Cash discounts. No seller shall reduce or discontinue any discounts for cash transactions which he offered in March, 1942.

(b) Quantity discounts. No seller shall reduce or discontinue any discount for purchases in quantity which he offered in March, 1942.

(c) Less than truckload sales. Any producer or dealer may make an additional charge for deliveries in less than truckload quantities, Provided, Such additional charge does not exceed the highest amount charged by such seller in March, 1942, for such less than truckload deliveries.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. G-38 UNDER SECTION 28 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 592

Section 23 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 extends to the Regional Administrator authority to issue, and put into effect, orders establishing maximum prices for sales by manufacturers and resellers, of commodities covered by that regulation, applicable to a particular area. Section 28 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 lists concrete blocks as being covered by that regulation.

Section 23 further provides that area pricing orders issued thereunder shall supersede other sections of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 to the extent provided, and that to the extent that such orders establish maximum prices for resellers subject to the General Maximum Price Regulation.

In issuing such area pricing orders, section 23 provides that the following

standards must be met:

 Maximum prices must be set forth in dollars-and-cents amounts unless this shall clearly appear to be inappropriate or impractical, and

(2) Maximum prices thus set forth shall not exceed the general level of prices as established by the regulation.

In meeting the first of these standards, it was found that the most practical method of establishing maximum prices was to use producer's retail f. o. b. prices for the common sizes of the four principal types of hollow load bearing blocks, Grade "A", i. e., sand, gravel or slag, cinders, expanded slag, clay or shale, as base prices. The accompanying Order then provides for the addition or subtraction of certain differentials to these base prices to determine the maximum prices for other types and sizes of concrete blocks.

Since producer's maximum delivered prices and dealers' maximum prices depend on the distance the blocks are transported, it is impractical to establish dollars-and-cents prices for any level of distribution other than for producers, f. o. b. their plants. The accompanying order establishes differentials to be applied to the producers' f. o. b. prices for delivered sales and sales by dealers.

To determine the general level of prices in the Northwestern Ohio Area an extensive survey of small, medium, and large producers in the area was made and data were obtained regarding selling prices, delivery practices, discounts, etc. The number of producers surveyed represent approximately 80 percent of the current sales volume in the area. In the opinion of the Regional Administrator, this data is representative of the general level of prices in this area.

A tabulation of the data revealed that the prevailing discount by producers to dealers is 10 percent. This discount represents the dealer's gross margin of profit since he then sells at the producer's retail list price, plus the producer's delivery charges.

A wide variance in delivery charges was found in the area but one set of rates appeared to be dominant and were, therefore, adopted as the most representative. No pattern as to quantity or cash discounts could be found, therefore, the accompanying order provides that sellers shall maintain their March 1942 practices pertaining thereto.

The accompanying order provides that dealers shall calculate the maximum retail prices for the sizes and types of concrete blocks which they sell and post such prices in their places of business. This provision is made to enable the buyer to check on the prices he is charged and to provide the dealer with a correct list of his maximum prices.

In the opinion of the Regional Administrator, the provisions of the accompanying order are fair and equitable and will effectuate the provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592, as amended, the General Maximum Price Regulation, as amended, and the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17768; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[Dallas Order 1 Under Rev. Supp. Service Reg. 50 Under RMPR 165]

AUTOMOBILE PARKING SERVICES IN DALLAS, Tex., DISTRICT

Pursuant to the authority vested in the District Director of the Dallas District office by § 1499.648 of Supplementary Service Regulation No. 50 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 165, and order of Delegation No. 136 from the Regional Administrator of Region V, and for the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, it is ordered:

Section I. What this order does. This order requires each establishment which supplies automobile parking services and which is located within the counties of Anderson, Bell, Bosque, Bowie, Camp, Cass, Cherokee, Collin, Coryell, Dallas, Delta, Ellis, Falls, Fannin, Franklin, Freestone, Grayson, Gregg, Harrison, Henderson, Hill, Hopkins, Hunt, Kaufman, Lamar, Limestone, Marion, McLennan, Morris, Navarro, Panola, Rains, Red River, Rockwall, Buck, Smith, Titus, Upshur, Van Zandt and Wood, to post their legal charges which they are authorized to make for supplying parking services in the manner and to the extent specifically set forth in this order.

SEC. II. Posting requirements. All persons who are subject to this order and who sell automobile parking services must post at each establishment or lot where such service is sold a placard or sign in the manner hereinafter specified containing the information required by this section.

(a) Minimum specifications for construction, painting, and location of the sign or placard.

(1) It shall contain letters not less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in height and not less than 1 inch in width, and numbers not less than 3 inches in height and not less than 2 inches in width.

(2) It shall be so constructed, painted and located that it is plainly visible to and readable by persons driving automobiles into the lot or establishment. (3) If parking services are supplied during hours of darkness, it shall be so illuminated during those hours that it may be easily read by customers.

(b) Information which must appear

on the sign or placard:

 It must bear the notation "our ceiling prices" and the name of the establishment.

(2) It must list and describe the rates applicable to the establishment for each hour or combination of hours of parking services supplied during each 24-hour period.

For example, if an establishment's ceiling prices are 2 hours, 15 cents; 2 to 4 hours, 20 cents; and all day, 25 cents, it is a violation of this order for an establishment to fail to list and describe all three rates. This is true even though a seller does not solicit all-day parkers or less than all-day parkers. (Weekly and monthly rates need not be listed.)

(3) The rates listed must not exceed the legal rates which each establishment is authorized to charge under provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 165.

SEC. III. Enforcement. It shall be a violation of this order for any person subject to its terms to supply parking services without first complying with the posting provisions herein contained.

All persons violating this order are subject to penalties, both criminal and civil, prescribed by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

SEC. IV. This order may be changed, revoked, or amended at any time.

This order shall be effective as of the 12th day of September 1946, issued at Dallas, Texas, the 5th day of September 1946.

F. T. PATILLO, Acting District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 1 UNDER REVISED SUPPLEMENTARY SERVICE REGULATION NO. 50 TO RE-VISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 165, AS AMENDED

Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 165, became effective on August 1, 1944, providing for ceiling prices on the vast majority of services sold or offered for sale. By virtue of the provisions of section 14 (c) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 165, as amended, the Office of Price Administration could require any seller of the services covered by the regulation to post his maximum prices for any service which he sells at retail whenever it is deemed necessary to the effective enforcement of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 165, as amended. By Amendment No. 4 issued April 11, 1946, and effective April 16, 1946, to Revised Supplementary Service Regulation No. 50 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 165, as amended, Regional Administrators of the Office of Price Administration and any District Director authorized to act by a Regional Administrator having jurisdiction over his district, were authorized to issue a general order containing provisions requiring sellers covered by Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 165, to post

their maximum prices. By order of Delegation No. 136, issued by the Regional Administrator of Region V, Dallas, Texas, the District Director of the Dallas District Office was delegated the Regional Administrator's authority under § 1499 .-648 (a) 2 of Revised Supplementary Service Regulation No. 50 to require each establishment which supplied automobile parking services located within the area comprising the Dallas District, to post their legal charges which they are authorized to make for supplying parking services. In the order which this opinion accompanies the District Director requires posting of maximum prices in the manner and to the extent specifically set forth in the order.

From information obtained by the District Director and from other information available to the District Director, it appears that it has been the practice of parking lot operators within the jurisdiction of the Office of Price Administration to post retail prices in prominent places on their premises; that some sellers in this trade have recently removed their price lists in what appears to be an attempt to exceed their ceiling prices; that others have removed prices for shorter periods of time and have posted only their higher daily charge and collect all day charge instead of the cheaper price for shorter parking period; that, due to change in ownership and other reasons, many parking lot operators are not complying with the record keeping provisions of section 14 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 165; that a parking lot order requiring sellers to post their maximum prices in accordance with the provisions of section 14 (c) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 165, is necessary in order to promote compliance.

The effect of this order will be that better compliance will be achieved with the provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 165, as amended, more effective enforcement will result, and the public will be able to understand and easily ascertain the correct ceiling prices for parking services.

It is the opinion of the District Director that the posting requirements set out in Order No. 1 issued simultaneously herewith are not discriminatory and are fair and equitable to buyer and seller alike and are in keeping with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17753; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:45 a. m.]

[Miami Rev. Order G-9 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 1]

HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN MIAMI, FLA., DISTRICT

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith. Revised Order No. G-9 under General Order 68 is amended in the following respects:

1. Table 1 of Revised Order G-9 amended by changing the maximum prices for the items set forth below to read as follows:

Item	Quantity	Price
Gypsum hard wall plaster	100-lb. bag	\$1. 54
Finishing plaster	100-lb. bag	2. 69

2. A new footnote is added at the end of Table 1 of Revised Order G-9 to read as follows:

When standard cement brick are sold f. o. b. seller's yard deduct \$2 per thousand.

This amendment shall become effective September 10, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of September 1946.

BERNARD C. GOODWIN, District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 1 TO REVISED ORDERS NUMBERED G-3, G-4, G-5, G-6, G-7, G-8, G-9 AND G-16 UNDER GENERAL ORDER 68

The amendments accompanying this opinion are issued to reflect the increased ceiling prices for Gypsum Hard Wall Plaster and Finishing Plaster permitted under Amendment 61 to Order 1 under

In addition, these amendments correct various typographical errors appearing in the several orders.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17752; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:45 a. m.]

[San Antonio Order G-5 Under Gen. Order 681

BUILDING MATERIALS IN WEBB COUNTY, TEX.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68, it is hereby ordered:

SECTION I. What this order does. This order establishes maximum prices for all retail sales of certain building materials specifically described in Appendix A of this order when such sales are made in the geographical area comprising Webb County, Texas.

SEC. II. Definition of retail sales. The term retail sale as used in this order means any sale of the building materials covered by this order to an ultimate user or to a contractor who will resell the same on an installed basis.

SEC. III. Maximum prices. Maximum prices for commodities subject to this order are those set forth in Appendix A, which is specifically made a part of this order, subject to the terms and conditions of sale and other limitations set forth therein. Receipt of notice of permitted increase from suppliers will not automatically authorize increases in ceiling prices set forth in Appendix A of this order. Such ceiling prices will only be changed in accordance with section IX of this order.

SEC. IV. The relation of this order to other regulations. The maximum prices fixed by this order supersede any maximum prices or price determining method previously established by any other regulation or order issued by the Office of Price Administration for the commodities covered by this order. Items and

specifications not specifically priced in this order remain subject to the applicable maximum price regulation.

SEC. V. Posting. Each seller making sales subject to this order shall post a copy of Appendix A of this order plainly visible to all purchasers in each of his places of business located in the area covered by this order.

SEC. VI. Invoices and notification. Each seller making sales subject to this order shall, if requested by any purchaser of commodities subject hereto, make available to such purchaser for inspection a copy of this order. Each seller covered by this order is required to furnish each purchaser with an invoice at the time of sale, which must contain the following information:

- 1. Name and address of the purchaser.
- A description of each commodity sold. The quantity of each commodity sold.
- 4. The price charged for each commodity Bold.

5. The type of sale, whether f. o. b. raiload car, f. o. b. seller's yard or store, de-livered to job site in free delivery area, or delivered outside free delivery area.

6. If delivery is made outside the seller's free delivery zone, the amount of any de-

livery charges made stated separately on the invoice.

7. A statement of cash discounts allowed for prompt payment.

Each seller is required to keep a duplicate of such invoice in his place of business, and make it available for inspection by the Office of Price Administration during regular business hours.

SEC. VII. Evasion. The price limitations set forth in this order shall not be evaded by direct or indirect methods in connection with an offer, solicitation, agreement, sale, delivery, purchase or receipt of any commodities covered by this order or by way of commissions, services, transportation or other charges, or by tying agreement or other trade understanding, or by making the terms and conditions of sale more onerous to buyers than they were during March 1942 (except as specifically permitted by this order).

SEC. VIII. Enforcement and penalties. Persons violating any provisions of this order are subject to the criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions, license suspension proceedings, and suits for treble damage provided for by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

SEC. IX. Adjustment to reflect increase in supplier's price—(a) Applicability. This section is applicable only where the amendment or order which grants your supplier an increase in his maximum price provides that all resellers (including those subject to area orders issued under General Order 68) may increase their maximum prices for the commodity in question.

(b) Maximum price. You may increase the price listed in this order by the amount permitted for resellers by the amendment or order increasing your supplier's maximum price. You can only do this, however, if the effective date of the action increasing your supplier's maximum price is later than the date

stated on the price list contained in this order. Thus, if your supplier's maximum price for a product is increased, and at some later date, the price listed in this order is increased for this product, the amendment to this order will supersede the increase originally granted you by the amendment or order increasing your supplier's maximum price.

This order may be amended or revoked at any time by the Office of Price Administration.

This order shall become effective September 16, 1946.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; Pub. Law 108, 79th Cong., 1st Sess.; Pub. Law 548, 79th Cong., 2d Sess.; E. O. 9250, 7 F. R. 7871; and E. O. 9328, 8 F. R. 4681)

Issued at San Antonio, Texas, this 9th day of September 1946.

> C. T. GIESEN. District Director.

APPENDIX A

The state of the s	The second secon	
Name of item	Basic unit	Maximum f. o. b. yard
Plaster, hard wall	100-lb. bag	\$1.10
Plaster, moulding	do	1.85
Keene's cement 2.5 lb. metal lath, painted	Square yard	2.00
diamond much	equare yaru	+00
diamond mesh. 2.5 metal lath, galvanized	do	.38
3.4 lb. metal lath, painted	do	.39
diamond mesh		1000
2.5 lb. metal lath, black	do	, 33
noncopper bearing. 3.4 lb. metal lath, black	NAME OF STREET	2143
3.4 lb. metal lath, black	do	.39
noncopper bearing.	42	40
3.4 lb. metal lath, galva- nized.	do	. 43
Portland cement	94-lb, paper bag	. 81
Portland cement.	94-lb, cloth bag	.86
Masonry mortar	67½-lb. bag	.80
Masonry mortar	KO Ib bog	. 56
Clay drain tile, 4"	Foot.	.11
Clay drain tile, 4" Glazed sewer tile, 4" Glazed sewer tile, 6" Gypsum wallboard, 38"	do	.19
Glazed sewer the, b'	1,000 square feet	. 34 42, 50
Gypsim wallboard 16"	dodo	50, 00
Gypsum wallboard, 1/2" Gypsum sheathing, exte-	do	40.00
T10F, 52		1230,000
Gungum shoothing exte-	do	45, 00
rior, water repellent, 1/4". Rock lath (16 x 48), 36"	Cato	27, 50
Rock lath (16 x 48), 98"	Roll (108 square	3.32
Asphalt roofing, 90 lb., mineral surface.	feet).	0.02
Asphalt or tarred felt, 15-	Roll (432 square	3.01
lb.	feet).	
Asphalt or tarred felt, 30-	Roll (216 square	3, 01
lb. Asphalt roll roofing,	feet).	1.73
Asphalt roll roofing, smooth surface, 45-lb.	Square	1,10
Asphalt roll roofing.	do	2.10
Asphalt roll roofing, smooth surface, 55-lb.		To the same
Asphalt roll roofing, smooth surface, 65 lb.	do	2.41
	de	7, 02
Asphalt shingles, 210-lb.,		11.00
Asphalt shingles, 210-10., (3 in 1) thickbutt. Asphalt shingles, 167-1b., 2 tab. hexagon.	do	5, 87
2 tab, hexagon.	1000000	
	1,000 square feet	61.81
1/2" std. lath and board.	Square	10.50
Asbestos cement siding, 12 x 24 or 27, std. colors.	pdnate	Aug ou
	do	10.50
12 x 24 or 27, white.		50
Std. density synthetic	Square foot	.08
12 x 24 or 27, white. Std. density synthetic fibre board, 3/6" (4 x 8)	THE PERSON NAMED IN	13.0
(masonite).	do	.04
Std. density synthetic fibre board, %16" (4 x 8)		100
(DeaverDoard),	The state of the s	1
Std. density synthetic fibre board, 1/4", tem-	do	.10
fibre board, 38", tem-	The state of the s	195
pered (std. size).	THE PARTY OF THE P	56
-		-

1. Terms of sale. Terms of sale for all commodities covered by this appendix shall be net 30 days.

2. Additions for delivery. There is no free delivery zone. All prices quoted are f. o. b. the yard. The sellers of hard building materials covered by this order may, at the request of the customer, negotiate with and engage an independent, non-affiliated, contract carrier to make deliveries. The actual charges, not to exceed legal ceilings, made by such carrier must be stated as a separate item on the customer's invoice or sales slip.

3. Additions for the extension of credit.
The following additions to the maximum prices hereinabove established may be made for the extension of credit beyond 30 days:

for the extension of credit beyond 30 days:

(a) Sellers who were in business during March 1942 are permitted to add to prices established hereinabove for the extension of credit beyond a period of 30 days the same additions that they had in effect during March 1942 for the same type and quantity of sale. If no extra charges were made for the extension of credit during March 1942, none may be added.

(b) Sellers who were not in business during March 1942 are permitted to make the same charge for the extension of credit which their most closely competitive seller is permitted to make under the provisions of this

order.

4. Maintenance of customary discounts.
(a) All customary discounts and allowances, such as cash discounts, contractor's discounts, and discounts for pickup by the customer must be continued as required by the applicable maximum price regulations which were controlling for these commodities prior to the issuance of this order.

(b) Sellers who were not in business during March 1942, are required to adopt and maintain the customary discounts and allowances such as discounts for pickup by the customer which their most closely competitive sellers

had in effect in March 1942.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. G-5 UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

Pursuant to the authority vested in the District Director of the San Antonio District Office by General Order No. 68 and Order of Delegation No. 126 issued by the Regional Administrator, Region V, the accompanying Order No. G-5 has been issued establishing maximum prices for retail sales of certain specified building materials. The order establishes maximum prices for all retail sales of such building materials when made in the geographical area comprising Webb County, Texas.

Under the provisions of General Order No. 68 and Delegation of Authority No. 126 from the Regional Administrator of Region V, the District Director is authorized to issue and put into effect pricing orders for the building materials included in said Order No. G-5, in accordance with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 as amended and consistent with Executive Orders 9250 and 9328.

Section B of General Order No. 68 requires that the District Director in issuing such orders observe the following

standards:

(1) Maximum prices shall be stated in dollars and cents terms unless this shall clearly appear to be impracticable or inappropriate.

(2) Maximum prices fixed by any such pricing order shall not exceed the general level of prices in the area.

In accordance with this authority, the District Director has issued Order No. G-5 under General Order No. 68.

Prior to the issuance of this order, the maximum prices for the sales of building materials covered thereby were established by the provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation and other

maximum price regulations, which did not establish dollars and cents maximum prices but rather established sellers' maximum prices as the highest prices which they charged during March, 1942, or a specified freeze date.

It has been determined that the freeze date technique of establishing maximum prices has in many instances made it difficult for both seller and buyer of building material items covered by Order No. G-5 to determine whether the prices charged or paid are in compliance with the applicable maximum price regulations.

It is the finding of the District Director that the issuance of Order No. G-5 is in conformity with the present program of the Office of Price Administration to establish dollars and cents prices on building materials, and that a simplified pricing method, easily understood and applied by both the buyer and the seller is urgently needed, and is accomplished by the issuance of Order No. G-5.

The District Director has observed the above quoted standards set forth in General Order No. 68 in issuing Order No. G-5. It sets forth specific dollars and cents prices which may be charged for building material items covered. It further establishes maximum prices which are in line with the level of prices which existed in Webb County, Texas, under the provisions of Maximum Price Regulations applicable prior to the issuance of this order.

The level of prices as expressed in Order No. G-5 was determined by a survey conducted by the Office of Price Administration of a representative group of sellers affected by the order. The prices set forth in the order reflect the level of prices reported to the Office of Price Administration by the sellers who were surveyed.

Preliminary to any action being taken by the San Antonio District Office in establishing maximum prices for building materials and before any surveys were made, an advisory group of sellers who would be affected by said order was consulted. From this advisory group, advice was obtained as to the commodities which should be included in said order and other pertinent information. After the survey was accomplished and the results tabulated, a preliminary draft of the maximum prices proposed was submitted to a representative group of the sellers to be affected by the order. Consideration has been given to the recommendations and suggestions made by the industry groups with whom representatives of the District Office consulted prior to the issuance of this order.

Insofar as practicable, the order recognizes and perpetuates business practices which have been in effect in the area covered by the order.

In order to effectuate the purposes herein expressed, sellers subject to Order No. G-5 are required to keep certain records and give to their customers sales slips or invoices containing specified information, which requirements are set forth in section VI of the order.

It is, therefore, the finding of the District Director that Order No. G-5 has been issued in conformity with provi-

sions and requirements of standards set forth in General Order No. 68, and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and is consistent with Executive Orders 9250 and 9328.

This order will not compel changes in established business practices except such as in the judgment of the District Director are necessary to prevent evasion of the order.

For the foregoing reasons, the District Director has issued the accompanying Order No. G-5.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17755; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:46 a. m.]

[Houston Order G-1 Under Rev. Supp. Service Reg. 50 Under RMPR 165]

AUTOMOBILE PARKING SERVICES IN HOUS-TON, TEX., DISTRICT

Pursuant to the authority vested in the District Director of the Houston District Office by § 1499.648 of Revised Supplementary Service Regulation 50 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 165, and Order of Delegation from the Regional Administrator of Region V, and for the reasons set forth in the opinion issued simultaneously herewith; it is ordered:

Section I. What this order does. This order requires each establishment which supplies automobile parking services and which is located within the following counties to post their legal charges which they are authorized to make for supplying parking services in the manner and to the extent specifically set forth in this order.

Milam, Robertson, Leon, Houston, Nacogdoches, Shelby, Lee, Burleson, Brazos, Madison, Trinity, Angelina, San Augustine, Sabine, Grimes, Walker, Polk, Tuler, Jasper, Newton, Fayette, Washington, Waller, Montgomery, San Jacinco, Liberty, Hardin, Austin, Colorado, Harris, Orange, Jefferson, Chambers, Wharton, Lavaca, Fort Bend, Jackson, Matagorda, Brazoria, Galveston.

SEC. II. Posting requirements. All persons who are subject to this order and who sell automobile parking services must post at each establishment or lot where such service is sold a placard or sign in the manner hereinafter specified containing the information required by this section.

A. Minimum specifications for construction, painting, and location of the sign or placard:

1. It shall contain letters not less than 1½ inches in height and not less than 1 inch in width, and numbers not less than 3 inches in height and not less than 2 inches in width.

2. It shall be so constructed, painted and located that it is plainly visible to and readable by persons driving automobiles into the lot or establishment.

3. If parking services are supplied during hours of darkness, it shall be so illuminated during those hours that it may be easily read by customers.

B. Information which must appear on the sign or placard:

1. It must bear the notation "our ceiling prices" and the name of the establishment

2. It must list and describe the rates applicable to the establishment for each

hour or combination of hours of parking services supplied during each 24-hour

period.

For example, if an establishment's ceiling prices are 2 hours, 15 cents; 2 to 4 hours, 20 cents; and all day, 25 cents, it is a violation of this order for an establishment to fail to list and describe all three rates. This is true even though a seller does not solicit all day parkers or less than all day parkers. (Weekly and monthly rates need not be listed.)

3. The rates listed must not exceed the legal rates which each establishment is authorized to charge under provisions of

Enforcement. It shall be a violation of this order for any person subject to its terms to supply parking services without first complying with the posting provisions herein contained.

All persons violating this order are subject to penalties, both criminal and civil, prescribed by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended.

SEC. III. This order may be changed, revoked, or amended at any time.

This order shall be effective as of the 20th day of September 1946.

Issued at Houston, Texas, September 3,

STEPHEN J. TULLY, Jr., District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. G-1 UNDER REVISED SUPPLEMENTARY SERVICE REGULATION 50 TO REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 165

The opinion accompanies the Houston District Parking Lot Order No. G1, issued under Revised Supplementary Service Regulation 50 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 165. It is the opinion of the Houston District Director, the issuance of the Houston District Parking Lot Posting Order No. G1 has become necessary in order that the public may properly be appraised of the established ceiling prices for parking services in the Houston District. Recent surveys indicate that a general laxity has existed among the parking lots insofar as the posting requirements of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 165 are concerned.

It is the opinion of the District Director that the posting requirements set forth in the Houston District Parking Lot Posting Order No. G1 are fair to both buyer and seller alike and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders 9250 and 9328.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17764; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]_

[Kansas City Order 1 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 7]

BUILDING MATERIALS IN CLAY AND JACKSON COUNTIES, MISSOURI, AND JOHNSON AND WYANDOTTE COUNTIES, KANSAS

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68; It is hereby ordered, That Order

No. 1 under General Order No. 68 be and it is hereby amended in the following respects:

The prices heretofore established for the following named items in Appendix

A of said original Order No. 1, including any and all amendments thereto, are hereby deleted and the following prices for said items are substituted in lieu

Item	When sold in quantities of	Selling unit	Delivered in free delivery zone	F. o. b. yard, store or plant, (F. o. b. rail- road car in case of C. L. sales)
Flue lining 9" x 9"	1-39 feet	Linear feet	\$0.396 .35	\$0.396
Flue lining 9" x 13"	40 feet or more	do	. 60	.35 .60 .52 .758
Flue lining 13" x 13"	40 feet or more	do	. 52 . 758 . 656	. 52 .758 .656

All other provisions of said original Order No. 1 and/or any amendments thereto which are not specifically amended hereby shall remain in full force and

Issued and effective this 9th day of September 1946.

> J. G. CALLAWAY. District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 7 TO ORDER NO. 1 UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

In compliance with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and pursuant to the provisions of Amendment 23 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206, authorizing an industry-wide increase of maximum prices in connection with the building industry, Amendment No. 7 to Order No. 1 under General Order No. 68 is issued to provide for the authorized increase for flue linings.

This amendment authorizes an increase of the price of flue linings for retailers in order to pass through the industry-wide increase granted to manufacturers under Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206.

This amendment was made only after consultation with representative retail sellers of the materials affected, and in the opinion of the District Director, the amendment is necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and it does effectuate those purposes. The District Director is of the further opinion that the amendment is generally fair and equitable to the buyers and sellers alike.

> J. G. CALLAWAY, District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17756; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

[Kansas City Order 2 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 41

BUILDING MATERIALS IN GREENE COUNTY,

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68; It is hereby ordered: That Order No. 2 under General Order No. 68 be and it is hereby amended in the following respects:

The prices heretofore established for the following-named items in Appendix A of said original Order No. 2, including any and all amendments thereto, are hereby deleted and the following prices for said items are substituted in lieu thereof:

Item	When sold in quantities of	Selling unit	Delivered in free zone
Flue lining 9" x 9". Flue lining 9" x 13" Flue lining 13" x 13".	1 foot or moredodo	do	\$0.43 .61 .83

All other provisions of said original Order No. 2 and/or any amendments thereto which are not specifically amended hereby shall remain in full force and effect.

Issued and effective this 9th day of September 1946.

> J. G. CALLAWAY, District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 4 TO ORDER NO. 2 UNDER GENERAL OR-**DER NO. 68**

In compliance with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and pursuant to the provisions of Amendment 23 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206, authorizing an industry-wide increase of maximum prices in connection with the building industry, Amendment No. 4 to Order No. 2 under General Order No. 68 is issued to provide for the authorized increase for flue linings.

This amendment authorizes an increase of the price of flue linings for retailers in order to pass through the industry-wide increase granted to manufacturers under Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206.

This amendment was made only after consultation with representative retail sellers of the materials affected, and in the opinion of the District Director, the amendment is necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and it does effectuate those purposes. The District Director is of the further opinion that the amendment is generally fair and equitable to the buyers and sellers alike.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17757; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

[Syracuse Adopting Order 7 Under Basic Order 1 Under Rev. Gen. Order 65]

SOUTHERN SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE LUM-BER IN SYRACUSE DISTRICT

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the division of the Federal Register, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region II, by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 as amended, by Revised General Order No. 65, and by Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1, which authority has been duly delegated by such Regional Administrator to the District Director of the Syracuse District Office, it is hereby ordered:

SECTION 1. What this order covers. This adopting order under Basic Order No. 1, as amended under Revised General Order No. 65, covers retail-type sales of Southern Shortleaf Yellow Pine Lumber out of distribution yard stock by lumber distribution yards located in the Syracuse District area. All provisions of Basic Order No. 1, as amended under Revised General Order No. 65, are adopted in this order as if specifically set forth herein. If said Basic Order No. 1, as amended, is further amended in any respect, the provisions of said order, as amended, shall likewise without further action, become part of this order. All persons subject to this adopting order are also subject to Basic Order No. 1, as amended under Revised General Order No. 65, and should be familiar with the provisions of said order.

SEC. 2. Territory covered by this order. The Geographical area covered by this

order is the entire Syracuse District Area as follows: Counties of Broome, Cayuga, Chemung, Chenango, Cortland, Delaware, Herkimer, Jefferson, Lewis, Madison, Oneida, Onondaga, Ontario, Oswego, Otsego, St. Lawrence, Schuyler, Seneca, Steuben, Sullivan, Tioga, Tompkins, Wayne and Yates, all in the State of New York.

SEC. 3. Maximum prices. The maximum prices for Southern Shortleaf Yellow Pine Lumber in the area covered by this order are set forth in Schedules A-7, A-8 and A-9, hereto annexed and made a part of this order. Schedule A-7 fixes maximum prices for sales by lumber distribution yards located in the Counties of Delaware; Otsego, excluding the Towns of Burlington, Butternuts, Edmeston, Exeter, Hartwick, Morris, New Lisbon, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Richfield, and Springfield; and Sullivan. Schedule A-8 fixes maximum prices for sales by lumber distribution yards located in the Counties of Broome; Cayuga, Chemung, Chenango; Cortland, Herkimer, excluding the Town of Webb; Jefferson, excluding the Towns of Alexandria, Antwerp, and Theresa; Lewis, excluding the Town of Diana; Madison; Oneida; Onondaga; Ontario; Oswego; Schuyler; Seneca; Steuben; Tioga; Tompkins; Wayne; Yates; and the Towns of Burlington, Butternuts, Edmeston, Exeter, Hartwick, Morris, New Lisbon, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Richfield and Springfield in Otsego County. Schedule A-9 fixes maximum prices for sales by lumber distribution yards located in the Town of Webb in Herkimer County; the Town of Diana in

Lewis County; and all of St. Lawrence County.

SEC. 4. Relationship of this order to Basic Order No. 1, as amended, under Revised General Order No. 65, Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 215, and other maximum price regulations. As previously stated, all provisions of Basic Order No. 1, as amended, are adopted by this order. The maximum prices fixed by this order supersede any maximum price or pricing method previously established by Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 215, or any other applicable regulation or order. Except to the extent that they are inconsistent with the provisions of this order, all other provisions of Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 215 or any other applicable regulation or order, shall remain applicable to sales covered by this order.

SEC. 5. Posting of prices, records, and sales slips. The provisions of sections (d), (e), (f) and (g) of Basic Order No. 1, as amended, covering posting, invoicing, records and sales slips, are adopted in and applicable to this order as if specifically set forth herein.

SEC. 6. Amendment. This order may be revised, amended, revoked, or modified at any time by the Office of Price Administration.

This order shall become effective October 10, 1946.

Issued this 1st day of October 1946.

GEORGE G. MOORE, District Director.

SCHEDULE A-7

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Delaware; Otsego, excluding the Towns of Burlington, Butternuts, Edmeston, Exeter, Hartwick, Morris, New Lisbon, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Richfield, and Springfield; and Sullivan,

all in the State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

BOARDS-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to air-dried or kiln-dried boards, 4 to 20 feet long, surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides to thickness shown, or surfaced on 2 sides and tongue-and-grooved or ship lapped. No additions to these prices may be made for grade-marking, antistain treatment, or sale of specific lengths.

		8	ales totaling	over 1,000 fee	t _	Sales totaling 1,000 feet or less					
Nominal size	Thickness surfaced	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.		
1 x 2" and 1 x 3" 1 x 4"	2542" or 54"	\$81 77 78 \$0 \$2 \$6 93	\$77 72 76 76 76 78 82 84	\$66 _64 _66 _66 _68 _68 _68 _70	\$55 53 55 55 57 57 57	\$93 89 90 92 94 98 105	\$89 84 88 88 88 90 94 96	\$78 76 78 78 80 80 82	\$67 66 67 68 68 69 70		

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

1. Green, worked as above.—From dry price for size and grade deduct \$5; for rough dry—deduct \$2.

2. Rough.—From dry price above for grade and size for rough green—deduct \$6.

3. Boards under 34" thickness, surfaced 1 side, any edge working, graded after complete working and sold "on grade"—from the 2342" surfaced dry price for width and grade—from the 2342" surfaced dr

8ize	Deduct if dry	Deduct if green
THE"	84	\$9
4e"	12 16	17
%ie"	20	24

4. Sales less than \$7.50—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10%.

5. Workings and delivery—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.

6. Other boards—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine boards not priced above.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Delaware; Otsego, excluding the Towns of Burlington, Butternuts, Edmeston, Exeter, Hartwick, Morris, New Lisbon, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Richfield, and Springfield; and Sullivan,

all in the State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

DIMENSION-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to air-dried and klin-dried lumber, 4 to 20 feet long, surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides to 156" thickness. No additions to these prices may be made for grade marking, anti-stain treatment, or because lumber is medium grain or dense.

Nominal size Sales totali 4' or 8', 10' 6' or 12'	Sales totaling over 1,000 feet— lengths					Sales totaling 1,000 feet or less— lengths				r less—		Sales totaling over 1,000 feet— lengths				Sales totaling 1,000 feet or less— lengths					
	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	Nominal size	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'		
		No. 1 grade, including medium grain or dense										No. 2 grade, including medium grain or dense									
2" x 3" or 4"	65	\$75 81 76 76 84 87	\$76 81 77 77 84 87	\$78 83 78 78 86 86 88	\$80 89 81 81 92 94	\$74 76 73 73 77 80	\$86 92 87 87 95 98	\$87 92 88 88 95 98	\$89 94 89 89 97 99	\$91 100 92 92 103 105	2 x 3" or 4" 2 x 5" 2 x 6" 2 x 8" 2 x 10" 2 x 12"	58	\$72 74 72 73 78 79	\$74 73 73 75 78 79	\$75 72 74 75 78 81	\$78 79 77 79 83 86	\$72 69 69 71 73 74	\$83 85 83 84 89 90	\$85 84 84 86 89 90	\$86 84 85 86 89 92	\$89 - 90 88 - 90 94 97

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

- 1. No. 3 Grade.—From No. 2 grade price for size, deduct \$15.
 2. Green, worked as above.—To dry price for size and grade add \$2.
 3. Rough.—From dry surfaced price for size and grade for rough dry, deduct \$2.
 4. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10%.
- 5. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.

 6. Other dimension items.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow plue dimension not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-7

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Delaware; Otsego, excluding the Towns of Burlington, Butternuts, Edmeston, Exeter, Hartwick, Morris, New Lisbon, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Richfield, and Springfield; and Sullivan,

all in the State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale,

FINISH-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE [Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kiln-dried lumber, 8 to 20 feet long surfaced on 4 sides to thickness indicated. Prices apply whether or not lumber is grade marked or sold in specified or random lengths.

Size			otaling 000 feet		totaling et or less			Sales t over 1,	otaling 000 feet	Sales totaling 1,000 feet or less	
	Thickness, surfaced	Grade "B" and better	Grade	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Size	Thickness, surfaced	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "B" and better	Grade
1" x 2" or 3". 1" x 4" 1" x 6" or 8" 1" x 7" or 9" 1" x 5" or 10" 1" x 11" 1" x 12"	2552"	\$108 106 111 117 124 129 147	\$102 99 103 110 113 117 132	\$116 114 119 125 132 137 155	\$110 107 111 118 121 125 140	54" or 54" x 2" or 3" 54" or 54" x 4" 54" or 54" x 6" or 8" 54" or 54" x 7" or 9" 54" or 54" x 5" or 10" 54" or 54" x 11" 54" or 54" x 12")11/16" or 15/16".	\$131 128 128 134 141 146 164	\$115 113 113 120 123 128 142	\$139 136 136 142 149 154 172	\$123 121 121 128 131 136 150

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

- 1. Air dried, may be stained.—From kiln-dried price for size and grade, deduct \$8.
 2. Air dried, no stain permitted.—From kiln-dried price for size and grade, deduct \$5.
 3. Rough—To surfaced price for size, grade, and condition, add \$11.
 4. 4 and 6 ft. lengths—From \$-20 ft. price for size, grade, and condition:
 For 1" thickness in widths of 6" or less, deduct \$20.
 For 1" thickness when wider than 6", and all \$4" and \$4" thickness, deduct \$11.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Delaware; Otsego, excluding the Towns of Burlington, Butternuts, Edmeston, Exeter, Hartwick, Morris, New hardwood flooring sold in one sale. Lisbon, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Richfield, and Springfield; and Sullivan,

PLANES AND SMALL TIMBERS-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to rough green lumber with no heart specification. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking or anti-stain treatment.

	No. 2 der grain;	nse; No. 2 No. 2 com	medium mon	sound I	ise, square nedium gra n grain, sq and; No. 1	in; No. 1 uare edge	tural,	actural; den square ed dense No. lense, squa nd	ge and 1; struc-	Dense select structural			
Size	-	Lengths		Lengths				Lengths		Lengths			
	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20*	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	
					Sales t	otaling ove	er 1,000 boar	rd feet		Elejik			
8 x 3" to 6 x 8"	\$78	\$90	\$97	\$81	\$93	\$99	\$89	\$101	\$108	\$95	\$107	\$11	
					Sales to	taling 1,00	0 board feet	or less					
3 x 3" to 6 x 8"	\$91	\$103	\$110	\$94	\$106	\$112	\$102	\$114	\$121	\$108	\$120	\$12	

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

Rough dry.—To rough green price above for grade and length:
 For air dried, add \$3.
 For kiln dried, add \$6.
 Workings.—To rough price for grade, length, and condition, when—Surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides, tongue-and-grooved or shiplapped, add \$2.
 Grooved on 2 edges, add \$5.

Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.
 Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.
 Other plank and timber items.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine planks and timbers not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-7

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Delaware; Otsego, excluding the Towns of Burlington, Butternuts, Edmeston, Exeter, Hartwick, Morris, New Lishon, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Richfield, and Springfield; and Sullivan,

all in the State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

DROP SIDING, CEILING, AND PARTITION, SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kiln-dried lumber worked to pattern, with plain ends, when sold in random lengths of 4 to 20 feet with standard grading rule restrictions on short lengths, or when sold in specific lengths of 7 to 20 feet. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking.

		Sales to	taling over 1	,000 feet	Sales tot	aling 1,000 fe	et or less
Nominal thickness and nominal width	Pattern	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D' or better
				Drop	siding -		
1" x 6" " x 6" " x 10"	115, 117, 118, 119	\$87 103 103 115	\$86 98 99 106	\$77 77 78 81	\$94 110 110 122	\$93 105 106 112	\$8 8 9 9
			Ceiling-star	ndard bead o	r "V," surfac	ed 1 or 2 side	S
1916" and 316" x 3" and 4" "6" and 316" x 6" 19" x 3" and 4" "16" x 5" and 6" 116" to 2952" x 3" and 4" 316" to 2952" x 3" and 6"		70 73 76 79 93 95	66 69 73 76 89 91	54 57 61 64 72 73	76 79 82 85 90 101	72 75 79 82 95 97	
				Par	tition	No. of the last	
11/6" x 4" \$!" x 4" 11/6" x 6" \$4" x 6"		96	88 97 91 100	74	100 108 103 111	104	

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

Air dried.—From the kiln-dried price for size, grade, and pattern: deduct \$1.00.
 4, 5, and 6 foot lengths sold on specified length.—From the random length price for the size, grade, pattern, and condition for "B" and better and "C": deduct \$12.00; for "D" and No. 2: deduct \$8.00.
 3. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.

4. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customers' order, and for delivery, see 2nd RMPR 215.

6. Other drop siding, celling, and partition.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine drop siding, celling, and partition not priced above.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Delaware; Otsego, excluding the Towns of Burlington, Butternuts, Edmeston, Exeter, Hartwick, Morris, New Lisbon, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Richfield and Springfield; and Sullivan,

all in the State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

FLOORING-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kiln-dried lumber, worked to 1" x 3" or 1" x 4" flooring, with plain ends, when sold in random lengths of 4 to 20 feet with standard grading rule restrictions on short lengths, or when sold in specific lengths of 7 to 20 feet. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking.

	Sales to	otaling ov	ver 1,000	Sales t	otaling 1 or less	,000 feet		Sales to	taling ov	rer 1,000	Sales to	otaling 1, or less	000 feet
Heart and grain specifications	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No.	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No.	Heart and grain specifications	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2	Grade "B" and better	Grade	Grade "D" or No. 2
Heart face: Edge grain Near-edge grain Flat grain	130	\$120 110 106	\$05 89 84	\$148 138 127	\$128 118 114	\$108 102 97	No heart specification: Edge grain Near-edge grain Flat grain	\$122 112 107	\$111 101 101	\$85 80 77	\$130 120 115	\$119 109 109	\$98 93 90

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

- 1. Air dried .- From the kiln-dried price for the grade and other specifications, deduct
- \$1. 2. 4, 5, and 6 ft. lengths sold on specific length.—From the random length price for the
- grade and other specifications and condition:

 For "B" and better and "C," deduct \$21.

 For "D" or No. 2, deduct \$14.

 3. End matched.—To plain-end price for grade and other specifications, condition and length, add \$3.
- 4. Bark back.—From price above for flooring free of bark back, deduct \$7.

 5. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.

 6. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.

 7. Other flooring.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine flooring not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-8

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Broome; Cayuga; Chemung; Chenango; Cortland; Herkimer, excluding the Town of Webb; Jefferson, excluding the Towns of Alexandria, Antwerp, and Theresa; Lewis, excluding the Town of Diana; Madison; Oneida; Onondaga; Ontario; Oswego; Schuyler; Seneca; Steuben; Tioga; Tompkins; Wayne; Yates;

and the Towns of Burlington, Butternuts, Edmeston, Exeter, Hartwick, Morris, New Lisbon, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Richfield, and Springfield, in Otsego County, all in the State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

ROARDS-SHORTLEAF VELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet

Applies to air-dried or kiln-dried boards, 4 to 20 feet long, surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides to thickness shown, or surfaced on 2 sides and tongue-and-grooved or ship lapped. No additions to these prices may be made for grade-marking, antistain treatment, or sale of specific lengths.

		8	ales totaling	over 1,000 fe	et	St	iles totaling 1	,000 feet or I	688
Nominal size	Thickness surfaced	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.
1 x 2" and 1 x 3" 1 x 4" 1 x 6" and 1 x 7" 1 x 8" and 1 x 9" 1 x 5" and 1 x 10" 1 x 11"	}2552" or 34"	\$82 78 79 81 83 87 94	\$78 73 77 77 79 83 85	\$67 65 67 67 69 69	\$56 54 56 56 58 58	\$94 90 91 93 95 99 106	\$90 85 89 89 91 95 97	\$79 77 79 79 81 81 81	\$6 6 6 6 7 7 7

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

h

- Green, worked as above.— From dry price for size and grade, deduct \$5.
 Rough.— From dry price above for grade and size:
 For rough dry, deduct \$1.
 For rough green, deduct \$6.
 Boards under ¾" thickness, surfaced 1 side, any edge working, graded after complete working and sold "on grade".—From the ²³/₂₅" surfaced dry price for width and grade, deduct:
 - Deduct if dry Deduct if green \$5 8 12 16 20 21 25
- 4. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.
 5. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.
 6. Other boards.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on short-leaf yellow pine boards not priced above.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Broome; Cayuga; Chemung; Chemung; Cortland; Herkimer, excluding the Town of Webb; Jefferson, excluding the Towns of Alexandria, Antwerp, and Theresa; Lewis, excluding the Town of Diana; Madison; Oneida; Onondaga; Ontario; Oswego; Schuyler; Seneca; Steuben; Tioga; Tompkins; Wayne; Yates; and the Towns of Burlington, Butternuts, Edmeston, Exeter, Hartwick, Morris, New Lisbon, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Richfield, and Springfield, in Otsego County, all in the State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

DIMENSION, SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

Price table, per 1,000 board feet

Applies to air-dried and kilm-dried lumber, 4 to 20 feet long, surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides to 156" thickness. No additions to these prices may be made for grade marking, nti-stain treatment, or because lumber is medium grain or dense.

	Sales	totalir	ng over lengths	1,000	feet—	Sales	totalin	g 1,000 length	feet or	r less—		Sales	totalir	g over engths		feet—	Sales	totaling	g 1,000 engths	feet or	less-
Nominal size	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	Nominal size	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'
	10.0	No. 1 grade, including medium grain or dense								N	o. 2 grs	de, in	cluding	medi	am gra	in or d	ense				
2 x 3" or 4"	\$64 66 63 63 68 70	\$76 82 77 77 85 88	\$77 82 78 78 85 85	\$79 84 79 79 87 89	\$81 90 82 82 82 93 95	\$75 77 74 74 79 81	\$87 93 88 88 96 99	\$88 93 89 89 96 99	\$90 95 90 90 98 100	\$92 101 93 93 104 106	2 x 3" or 4"	59	\$73 75 73 74 79 80	\$75 74 74 76 79 80	\$76 74 75 76 79 82	\$79 80 78 80 84 87	\$73 70 70 72 74 75	\$84 86 84 85 90 91	\$86 85 85 87 90 91	\$87 85 86 87 90 93	\$90 91 89 91 92 98

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

1. No. 3 grade.—From No. 2 grade price for size deduct \$14.00.

2. Green, worked as above.—To dry price for size and grade add \$3.00.

3. Rough.—From dry surfaced price for size and grade for rough dry deduct \$2.00; for rough green add \$1.00.

4. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined

above may be increased 10 percent.

5. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2nd RMPR 215.

6. Other dimension items.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine dimension not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-8

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Broome; Cayuga; Chemung; Chenango; Cortland; Herkimer, excluding the Town of Webb; Jefferson, excluding the Towns of Alexandria, Antwerp, and Theresa; Lewis, excluding the Town of Diana; Madison; Oneida; Onondaga; Ontario; Oswego; Schuyler; Seneca; Steuben; Tioga; Tompkins; Wayne; Yates; and the Towns of Burlington, Butternuts, Edmeston, Exeter, Hartwick, Morris, New Lisbon, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Richfield, and Springfield, in Otsego County, all in the State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

FINISH-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE Price table per 1,000 board feet

Applies to kiln-dried lumber, 8 to 20 feet long surfaced on 4 sides to thickness indicated. Prices apply whether or not lumber is grade marked or sold in specified or random lengths.

		Sales tover 1,	otaling 000 feet		totaling et or less			Sales to	otaling 000 feet	Sales to 1,000 fee	otaling et or less
Size	Thickness, surfaced	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Size	Thickness, surfaced	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"
1 x 2" or 3". 1 x 4" or 8". 1 x 6" or 8". 1 x 7" or 9". 1 x 5" or 10". 1 x 11".	2552"	\$109 107 112 118 125 130 148	\$103 100 104 111 114 118 133	\$117 115 120 126 133 138 156	\$111 108 112 119 122 126 141	% or % x 2 or 3". % or % x 4	1346" or 1546".	132 129 129 135 142 147 165	116 114 114 122 124 129 143	140 137 137 143 150 155 173	124 122 122 130 132 137 151

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

1. Air dried, may be stained.—From kiln-dried price for size and grade: deduct \$8.00.
2. Air dried, no stain permitted.—From kiln-dried price for size and grade: deduct \$6.00.
3. Rough.—To surfaced price for size, grade, and condition add \$2.00.
4. 4 and 6- foot tengths.—From 8-20 feet price for size, grade, and condition: For 1" thickness in widths of 6" or less deduct \$20.00; for 1" thickness when wider than 6", and all \$4" and \$4" thickness: deduct \$11.00.

No. 194-9

5. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.
6. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2nd RMPR 215.
7. Other finish.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine finish not priced above.

FEDERAL REGISTER, Friday, October 4, 1946

SCHEDULE A-8

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Broome; Cayuga; Chemung; Chenango; Cortland; Herkimer, excluding the Town of Webb; Jefferson, excluding the Towns of Alexandria, Antwerp, and Theresa; Lewis, excluding the Town of Diana; Madison; Oneida; Onondaga; Ontario; Oswego; Schuyler; Seneca; Steuben, Tioga; Tompkins; Wayne; Yates; and

the Towns of Burlington, Butternuts, Edmeston, Exeter, Hartwick, Morris, New Lisbon, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Richfield, and Springfield, in Otsego County, all in the State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

PLANKS AND SMALL TIMBERS-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to rough green lumber with no heart specification. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking or anti-stain treatment.

Size	No. 2 de grain	nse; No. 2 ; No. 2 con	medium imon	sound i	nse, square nedium gra n grain, sq nnd; No. 1	ain; No. 1	tural,	uctural; der square ed dense No. dense, squa md	ge and 1 struc-	Dense	select struct	ural
		Lengths	14.61		Lengths	No. West	101	Lengths	TATE		Lengths	
	8'-20'	22'	24'	8'-20'	22'	24'	8'-20'	22'	24'	8'-20'	22'	24
					Sales	totaling ov	er 1,000 bo	oard feet	19 229		MIE DE	
3" x 3" to 6" x 8"	\$80	\$91	\$98	\$83	\$94	\$102	\$91	\$103	\$110	\$97	\$109	\$11
					Sales to	taling 1,00	0 board fee	t or less				
3" x 3" to 6" x 8"	93	104	111	96	107	115	104	116	123	110	122	13

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

1. Rough dry.—To rough green price above for grade and length: for air dried add \$2.00; for kiln dried add \$6.00.

2. Workings.—To rough price for grade, length, and condition, when: Surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides, tongue-and-grooved or shiplapped: add \$2.00; Grooved on 2 edges add \$4.00.

3. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.

4. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.

5. Other plank and timber items.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine planks and timbers not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-8

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Broome; Cayuga; Chemung; Chenango; Cortland. Herkimer, excluding the Town of Webb; Jefferson, excluding the Towns of Alexandria, Antwerp, and Theresa; Lewis, including the Town of Diana; Madison; Oneida; Onondaga; Ontario; Oswego; Schuyler; Seneca; Steuben; Tioga; Tompkins; Wayne; Yates; and

the Towns of Burlington, Butternuts, Edmeston, Exeter, Hartwick, Morris, New Lisbon, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Richfield, and Springfield, in Otsego County, all in the State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

DROP SIDING, CEILING AND PARTITION, SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kiln-dried lumber worked to pattern, with plain ends, when sold in random lengths of 4 to 20 feet with standard grading rule restrictions on short lengths, or when sold in specific lengths of 7 to 20 feet. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking.

		Sales to	taling over 1	,000 feet	Sales tot	aling 1,000 fe	et or less
Nominal thickness and nominal width	Pattern	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D' or better
				Drop	siding		
1" x 6" " x 6" " x 8" " x 10"	115, 117, 118, 119	88 103 104 116	86 99 100 106	78 78 79 82	95 110 111 123	93 106 107 113	9 9 9 9
	The state of the s		Celling star	ndard bead o	r V, surfaced	1 or 2 sides	
56's" and 76'' x 3" and 4"- 16' and 76'' x 6" 16'' x 3" and 4" 16'' x 3" and 6" 16'' to 2562" x 3" and 4" 16'' to 2562" x 3" and 6"		70 73 77 80 94 96	66 69 74 77 90 92	54 57 62 64 72 74	76 79 83 86 100 102	72 75 80 83 96 98	66 67 77 88 8
				Part	ition		24
1/16" x 4" 4" x 4" 		93 102 96 105	89 98 92 101	71 75 74 78	100 109 103 112	96 105 99 108	8 8 8 8

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

4. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.

5. Other drop siding, ceiling, and partition.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine drop siding, ceiling and partition not priced above.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Broome; Cayuga; Chemung; Chenango; Cortland; Herkimer, excluding the Town of Webb; Jefferson, excluding the Towns of Alexandria, Antwerp, and Theresa; Lewis, excluding the Town of Diana; Madison; Oneida; Onondaga; Ontario; Oswego; Schuyler; Seneca; Steuben; Tioga; Tompkins; Wayne; Yates; and

the Towns of Burlington, Butternuts, Edmeston, Exeter, Hartwick, Morris, New Lisbon, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Richfield, and Springfield, in Otsego County, all in the State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

FLOORING SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

Price table per 1,000 board feet

Applies to kiln-dried lumber, worked to 1"x 3" or 1"x 4" flooring, with plain ends, when sold in random lengths of 4 to 20 feet with standard grading rule restrictions on short lengths, or when sold in specific lengths of 7 to 20 feet. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking.

Edge grain Near-edge grain	Sales to	taling or	ver 1,000	Sales t	otaling 1 or less	,000 feet		Sales to	taling ov	er 1,000	Sales to	otaling 1, or less	000 feet
	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No.	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No.	Heart and grain specifications	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No.	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2
	\$140 130 120	\$120 110 107	\$96 90 84	\$148 138 128	\$128 118 115	\$109 103 97	No heart specification: Edge grain. Near-edge grain. Flat grain.	\$123 113 108	\$112 102 101	\$86 80 78	\$131 121 116	\$120 110 109	\$99 93 91

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

- 1. Air dried .- From the kiln-dried price for the grade and other specifications
- deduct \$1.

 2. 4, 5, and 6 feet lengths sold on specific lengths.—
 For B and better and C deduct \$21 other specifications and condition.

 3. End matched.—To plain-end price for grade and other specifications, condition
- and length add \$3.

- Bark back.—From price above for flooring free of bark back deduct \$7.
 Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10%.
 Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.
 Other flooring.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine flooring not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-9

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Town of Webb in Herkimer County; the Towns of Alexandria, Antwerp, and Theresa, in Jefferson County; the Town of Diana in Lewis County; and all of St. Lawrence County, all in the State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

BOARDS-SHORTLEAF YELLOW FINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to air-dried or kiln-dried boards, 4 to 20 feet long, surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides to thickness shown, or surfaced on 2 sides and tongue-and-grooved or ship lapped. No additions to these prices may be made for grade-marking, anti-stain treatment, or sales of specific lengths.

			sales totaling	over 1,000 fee	et	Sa	ales totaling l	1,000 feet or 1	ess
Nominal size	Thickness surfaced	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.				
1 x 2" and 1 x 3" 1 x 4" 1 x 6" and 1 x 7" 1 x 8" and 1 x 9" 1 x 5" and 1 x 10" 1 x 11"	}2552" or 34"	\$83 79 80 82 84 88 95	\$79 74 78 78 80 84 86	\$68 66 68 68 70 70 72	\$56 55 56 56 58 58 60	\$95 91 92 94 96 100 107	\$91 86 90 90 92 96 98	\$80 78 80 80 80 82 82 82 84	\$68 67 68 77 70

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

- 1. Green, worked as above.—From dry price for size and grade, deduct \$5.

 2. Rough.—From dry price above for grade and size:

 For rough dry, deduct \$1.

 For rough green, deduct \$6.

 3. Boards under 34" thickness, surfaced 1 side, any edge working, graded after complete working and sold "on grade".—From the 2532" surfaced dry price for width and grade deduct.
 - Deduct if green Deduct if dry \$9 13 17 21 25

- 4. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10%.
 5. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2nd RMPR 215.
 6. Other boards.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine boards not priced above.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Town of Webb in Herkimer County; and Towns of Alexandria, Antwerp, and Theresa, in Jefferson County; the Town of Diana in Lewis County; and all of St. Lawrence County, all in the

State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

DIMENSION-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to air-dried and kiln-dried lumber, 4 to 20 feet long, surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides to 15s" thickness. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking, anti-stain treatment, or because lumber is medium grain or dense.

	4' or 8', 10' 9' or 16' 18' or 4' or 8', 10' 9' or 16' 16' 18' or 12' 14' 16' 16' No. 1 grade, including medium grain or dense					less—		Sales	totali	ng over lengths	1,000	feet—	Sales	totalin	g 1,000 lengths		less—				
Nominal size	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' er 20'	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	Nominal size	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'
-										No	. 2 grad	le, incl	luding	mediu	m grah	n or de	nse				
2 x 3" or 4"	67 64	\$77 83 78 78 86 86	\$78 83 80 80 86 89	\$80 85 80 80 88 90	\$82 91 83 83 94 96	\$77 79 76 76 81 83	\$89 95 90 90 98 101	\$90 95 92 92 98 101	\$92 97 92 92 100 102	\$94 103 95 95 106 108	2 x 3" or 4" 2 x 5" 2 x 6" 2 x 8" 2 x 10"	\$63 60 60 62 64 65	\$74 76 74 75 80 81	\$76 75 75 77 80 81	\$77 75 76 77 80 83	\$80 81 79 81 85 88	\$75 72 72 74 76 77	\$86 88 86 87 92 93	\$88 87 87 89 92 93	\$89 87 88 89 92 95	\$92 93 91 93 97 100

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

No. 3 grade.—From No. 2 grade price for size, deduct \$14.
 Green, worked as above.—To dry price for size and grade, add \$3.
 Rough.—From dry surfaced price for size and grade:
 For rough dry, deduct \$1.

 For rough green, add \$2.

Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.
 Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.
 Other dimension items.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine dimension not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-9

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Town of Webb in Herkimer County; and Towns of Alexandria, Antwerp, and Theresa, in Jefferson County; the Town of Diana in Lewis County; and all of St. Lawrence County, all in the

State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

FINISH-SPORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

Price table per (1,000 board feet)

Applies to kiln-dried lumber, 8 to 20 feet long surfaced on 4 sides to thickness indicated. Prices apply whether or not lumber is grade marked or sold in specified or random lengths.

			otaling 000 feet	Sales 1,000 fe	totaling et or less				otaling 000 feet		otaling et or less
Size	Thickness, surfaced	Grade "B" and better	Grade	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Size	Thickness, surfaced	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"
1x 2" or 3" 1x 4" 1x 6" or 8" 1x 7" or 9" 1x 5" or 10" 1x 11"	³ / ₂₅₆₂ "	\$110 108 114 119 126 131 149	\$104 102 105 112 115 119 134	\$119 117 123 128 135 140 158	\$113 111 114 121 124 128 143	94 or 94 x 2 or 3". 95 or 94 x 4". 95 or 94 x 6 or 8". 95 or 94 x 7 or 9". 95 or 94 x 5 or 10". 95 or 94 x 11". 96 or 94 x 12".	inches.	\$133 130 131 136 143 148 166	\$118 115 116 123 125 130 144	\$142 139 140 145 152 157 175	\$127 124 125 132 134 139 153

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

1. Air dried, may be stained.—From kiln-dried price for size and grade deduct \$8.00.
2. Air dried, no stain permitted.—From kiln-dried price for size and grade deduct \$8.00.
3. Rough.—To surfaced price for size, grade, and condition add \$2.00.
4. 4 and 6 foot lengths.—From 8-20 foot price for size, grade, and condition: For 1" thickness in widths of 6" or less deduct \$2.00; for 1" thickness when wider than 6", and all \$4" and 94" thickness deduct \$11.00.

5. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.
6. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions to workings to customer's order, and for delivery see 2nd RMPR 215.
7. Other finish.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine finish not priced above.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Town of Webb in Herkimer County; and Towns of Alexandria, Antwerp, and Theresa, in Jefferson County; the Town flooring sold in one sale. of Diana in Lewis County; and all of St. Lawrence County, all in the

State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood

PLANES AND SMALL TIMBERS—SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to rough green lumber with no heart specification. No addition to these prices may be made for grade-marking or anti-stain treatment.

Size		nse; No. 2 ; No. 2 con		sound r	se, square nedium gra n grain, sq nd; No. 1	in; No. 1	tural,	uctural; der square ed dense No. dense, squa nd	ge and I; struc-	Dense	select strue	ctural
		Lengths			Lengths			Lengths			Lengths	
	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'
					Sales t	otaling ove	er 1,000 boa	rd feet				
3 x 3" to 6 x 8"	\$81	\$93	\$100	- \$84	\$96	\$104	\$92	\$104	\$112	\$99	\$111	\$120
					Sales to	taling 1,00	0 board fee	t or less	No.		No.	THE STATE OF
3 x 3" to 6 x 8"	\$94	\$106	\$113	\$97	\$109	\$117	\$105	\$117	\$125	\$112	\$124	\$133

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

- Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10%.
 Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.
 Other plank and timber items.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine planks and timbers not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-9

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliverles by yards located in the Town of Webb in Herkimer County; and Towns of Alexandria, Antwerp, and Theresa, in Jefferson County; the Town of Diana in Lewis County; and all of St. Lawrence County, all in the

State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

DROP SIDING, CEILING AND PARTITION, SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price Table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kfin-dried lumber worked to pattern, with plain ends, when sold in random lengths of 4 to 20 ft. with standard grading rule restrictions on short length for when sold in specific lengths of 7 to 20 ft. No additions to these prices may be made for grade marking.

water and the state of the		Sales to	taling over 1	Sales tot	aling 1,000 fe	et or less			
Nominal thickness and nominal width	Pattern	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or better		
a train usemas) intentin butter to		p siding	ing						
1" x 6"	115, 117, 118, 119 All other	\$89 104 105 117	\$87 100 100 107	\$78 79 79 79 83	\$96 111 112 124	\$94 107 107 114	\$90 91 91 95		
			Celling—Stan	dard Bead o	r "V," surfac	ed 1 or 2 side	8		
816 & 316" x 3" & 4" 516" & 316" x 6" 916" x 3" & 4" 916" x 3" & 4" 116" to 2954 x 3" & 4" 1716" to 2552 x 5" & 6"		\$71 74 77 80 95 97	\$66 69 75 78 91 92	\$55 57 62 65 73 74	\$77 80 83 86 101 103	107 114 9 ed 1 or 2 sides \$72 \$6 75 \$6 81 7 97 88 98 8			
		Partition							
R(11 = 422)		\$94 103 97 106	\$90 98 93 101	\$72 75 75 78	\$101 110 104 113	\$97 105 100 108	\$83 86 86 86		

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

above may be increased 10 percent.

4. Working and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order and for delivery, see 2nd RMPR 215.
5. Other drop siding, ceiling, and partition.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on short yellow pine siding, ceiling, and partition not priced above.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Town of Webb in Herkimer County; and Towns of Alexandria, Antwerp, and Theresa, in Jefferson County; the Town of Diana in Lewis County; and all of St. Lawrence County, all in the

State of New York, regardless of the place to which delivery is made, Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

FLOORING-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

Price table per 1,000 board feet

Applies to kiln-dried lumber, worked to 1" x 3" or 1" x 4" flooring, with plain ends, when sold in random lengths of 4 to 20 feet with standard grading rule restrictions on short lengths, or when sold in specific lengths of 7 to 20 feet. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking.

	Sales to	otaling or feet	ver 1,000	Sales t	otaling 1 or less	,000 feet		Sales to	taling ov	ver 1,000	Sales to	otaling 1, or less	000 feet
Heart and grain specifications	Grade "B" and better	Grade	Grade "D" or No. 2	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No.	Heart and grain specifications	Grade "B" and better	Grade "O"	Grade "D" or No.	Grade "B" and better	Grade	Grade "D" or No
Heart face: Edge grain Near-edge grain Flat grain	\$141 131 120	\$121 111 108	\$97 91 85	\$149 139 128	\$129 119 116	\$110 104 98	No heart specification: Edge grain Near-edge grain Flat grain	\$124 114 109	\$113 103 102	\$87 81 79	\$132 122 117	\$121 111 110	\$100 94 92

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

1. Air dried.—From the kiln-dried price for the grade and other specifications deduct \$1.00.

\$1.00.

2. 4, 5, and 6 feet lengths sold on specified length,—From the random length price for the grade and other specifications and condition for "B" and better and "C" deduct \$21; for "D" or No. 2 deduct \$14.

3. End matched.—To plain-end price for grade and other specifications, condition,

and length add \$3.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ADOPTING OR-DER NO. 7 UNDER BASIC ORDER NO. 1 AS AMENDED, UNDER REVISED GENERAL

ORDER NO. 65

Pursuant to the provisions of Revised General Order No. 65 as amended, Regional Administrators and District Directors authorized to do so may issue and put into effect orders establishing maximum prices applicable to particular communities or defined areas for sales of lumber products for which maximum prices are established under Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 215 out of distribution yard stock by any lumber distribution yard located in such area.

In accordance with this authority, the Regional Administrator of Region II has issued Basic Order No. 1 as amended, under Revised General Order 65, setting forth the general provisions which are to be common to all future area orders, such orders to be known as adopting orders. The provisions of the basic order are expressly adopted by such adopting orders.

The accompanying adopting order covers prices of Southern Shortleaf Yellow Pine Lumber on retail type sales out of distribution yard stock by lumber distribution yards located in the Syracuse District area. This order supersedes maximum prices or pricing methods pre-viously established by Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 215, or any other applicable regulation.

The prices fixed by the accompanying order are a translation into dollars and cents of existing maximum prices and are in line with the level of prices in effect under Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 215. The variation in prices fixed by the three schedules attached to the accompanying order is due to differences in freight rates. The provisions of this order are in conference with section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

4. Bark back.—From price above for flooring free of bark back deduct \$7.
5. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.
6. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order and for delivery see 2d RMPR 215.
7. Other flooring.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine flooring not priced above.

The record-keeping, posting and invoicing provisions of Basic Order No. 1. as amended which are adopted by the accompanying adopting order are specifically authorized by section 1 (c) of Revised General Order 65 and are affirmatively found to be necessary to prevent evasion of this order.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17847; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

[Scranton Adopting Order 11 Under Basic Order 1 Under Rev. Gen. Order 651

SOUTHERN SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE LUM-BER IN SCRANTON DISTRICT

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region II. by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 as amended, by Revised General Order No. 65, and by Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1, which authority has been duly delegated by such Regional Administrator to the District Director of the Scranton District Office, it is hereby ordered:

SECTION 1. What this order covers. This adopting order under Basic Order No. 1 as amended, under Revised General Order No. 65, covers retail-type sales of Southern Shortleaf Yellow Pine Lumber out of distribution yard stock by lumber distribution yards located in the Scranton District area. All provisions of Basic Order No. 1 as amended, under Revised General Order No. 65, are adopted in this order as if specifically set forth herein. If said Basic Order No. 1 as amended is further amended in any respect, the provisions of said order, as amended, shall likewise without any further action, become a part of this order. All persons subject to this adopting order are also subject to Basic Order No. 1 as amended.

under Revised General Order No. 65, and should be familiar with the provisions of said order.

SEC. 2. Territory covered by this order. The geographical area covered by this order is the Scranton District area as follows: The Counties of Bradford, Cameron, Carbon, Centre, Clinton, Columbia, Elk, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Lycoming, McKean, Monroe, Montour, Northumberland, Pike, Potter, Schuylkill, Snyder, Sullivan, Susquehanna, Tioga, Union, Wayne, and Wyoming, all in the State of Pennsylvania.

SEC. 3. Maximum prices. The maximum prices for Southern Shortleaf Yellow Pine Lumber in the area-covered by this order are set forth in Schedules A-7 and A-8, hereto annexed and made a part of this order. Schedule A-7 fixes maximum prices for sales by lumber distribution yards located in the Counties of Bradford, Cameron, Carbon, Centre, Clinton, Columbia, Eik, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Lycoming, McKean, Monroe, Montour, Northumberland, Pike, Schuvlkill, Snyder, Sullivan, Tioga, Union, and Wyoming. Schedule A-8 fixes maximum prices for sales by lumber distribution yards located in the Counties of Potter and Susquehanna.

SEC. 4. Relationship of this order to Basic Order No. 1 as amended, under Revised General Order No. 65, Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 215, and other maximum price regulations. As previously stated, all provisions of Basic Order No. 1 as amended, are adopted by this order. The maximum prices fixed by this order supersede any maximum price or pricing method previously established by Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 215, or any other applicable regulation or order, except to the extent that they are inconsistent with the provisions of this order, all other provisions of Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 215 or any other applicable regulation or order, shall remain applicable to sales covered by this order.

SEC. 5. Posting of prices, records, and

sales slips. The provisions of sections (d), (e), (f) and (g) of Basic Order No. 1, as amended, covering posting, invoicing, records and sales slips, are adopted in and applicable to this order as if specifically set forth herein.

This order shall become effective October 10, 1946.

Issued this 1st day of October 1946.

JOHN A. HART, District Director.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Bradford, Cameron, Carbon, Centre, Clinton, Columbia, Elk, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Lycoming, McKean, Monroe, Montour, Northumberland, Pike, Schuylkill, Snyder, Sullivan,

Tioga, Union, Wayne, and Wyoming, all in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

BOARDS-SHOETLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to air-dried or kiln-dried boards, 4 to 20 feet long, surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides to thickness shown, or surfaced on 2 sides and tongue-and-grooved or ship-lapped. No additions to these prices may be made for grade-marking, antistrain treatment, or sale of specific lengths.

		8	ales totaling	over 1,000 fee	t	Sales totaling 1,000 feet or less					
Nominal size	Thickness surfaced	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.						
1 x 2" and 1 x 3"	} ² 552" or 34"	\$81 77 78 80 82 86 93	\$77 72 76 76 78 82 84	\$66 64 66 66 68 68 70	\$55 53 55 55 57 57 58	\$93 89 90 92 94 98 105	\$89 84 88 88 89 90 94 96	\$78 76 78 78 80 80 82	\$6 6 6 6 7		

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

Green, worked as above.—From dry price for size and grade, deduct \$5.
 Rough.—From dry price above for grade and size for rough dry, deduct \$2; for rough green, deduct \$6.
 Boards under \$4" thickness, surfaced 1 side, any edge working, graded after complete working and sold "on grade."—From the 25%2" surfaced dry price for width and grade,

- Size	Deduct if dry	Deduct if green
11/10"	\$4	. \$9
% (8 12 16	17 21
3/16"	20	24

- Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10%.
 Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2nd RMPR 215.
 Other boards.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine boards not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-7

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Bradford, Cameron, Carbon, Centre, Clinton, Columbia, Elk, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Lycoming, McKean, Monroe, Montour, Northumberland, Pike, Schuylkill, Snyder, Sullivan,

Tioga, Union, Wayne, and Wyoming, all in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

DIMENSION-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to air-dried and kilm-dried lumber, 4 to 20 feet long, surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides to 55%" thickness. No additions to these prices may be made for grade marking, anti-

Nominal size	Sale		ing ove		feet	Sale		ng 1,00 length		or less	*	Sale	s totali	ing ove		feet	Sales	totalir (1	ng 1,000 engths		r less				
Nominai size	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	Nominal size	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'				
The All of the land of	No. 1 grade, including medium grain or dense								No. 1 grade, including medium grain or dense									No. 2 grade, including medium grain or deuse							
2 x 3" or 4" 2 x 5" 2 x 6" 2 x 8" 2 x 10"	65 62 62 66	\$75 81 76 76 84 87	\$76 81 77 77 77 84 87	\$78 83 78 78 78 86 88	\$80 89 81 81 92 94	\$74 76 73 73 77 80	\$86 92 87 87 87 95 98	\$87 92 88 88 95 98	\$89 94 89 89 97 90	\$91 100 92 92 103 105	2 x 3" or 4"	\$61 58 58 60 62 63	\$72 74 72 73 78 79	\$74 73 73 75 78 79	\$75 73 74 75 78 81	\$78 79 77 79 83 86	\$72 69 69 71 73 74	\$83 85 83 84 89 90	\$85 84 84 86 89 90	\$86 84 85 86 89 92	\$89 90 88 90 94 97				

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

No. 3 grade.—From No. 2 grade price for size, deduct \$15.
 Green, worked as abose.—To dry price for size and grade, add \$2.
 Rough.—From dry surfaced price for size and grade for rough dry, deduct \$2; for rough green, deduct \$0.
 Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined

above may be increased 10%.

5. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2nd RMPR 215.

6. Other dimension items.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine dimension not priced above.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Bradford, Cameron, Carbon, Centre, Clinton, Columbia, Elk, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Lycoming, McKean, Monroe, Montour, Northumberland, Pike, Schuylkill, Snyder, Sullivan,

Tioga, Union, Wayne, and Wyoming, all in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

FINISH-SHORTLEAF VELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kiln-dried lumber, 8 to 20 feet long surfaced on 4 sides to thickness indicated. Prices apply whether or not lumber is grade marked or sold in specified or random lengths.

Siże			otaling 000 feet		totaling et or less				otaling 000 feet		otaling at or less
	Thickness, surfaced	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "B" and better	Grade "O"	Size	Thickness, surfaced	Grade "B" and better	Grade	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"
1 x 2" or 3". 1 x 4" 1 x 6" or 8" 1 x 7" or 9" 1 x 7" or 10" 1 x 11" 1 x 12"	2562"	\$108 106 111 117 124 129 147	\$102 99 103 110 113 117 132	\$116 114 119 125 132 137 155	107	54 or 54 x 2 or 3". 54 or 54 x 4". 54 or 54 x 6" or 8". 54 or 54 x 7" or 9". 54 or 54 x 8" or 10". 54 or 54 x 11". 54 or 94 x 12".)11/16" or 15/16".	\$131 128 128 134 141 146 164	\$115 113 113 120 123 128 142	\$139 136 136 142 149 154 172	\$123 121 121 128 131 136 150

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

- 1. Air dried, may be stained.—From kiln-dried price for size and grade, deduct \$8.
 2. Air dried, no stain permitted.—From kiln-dried price for size and grade, deduct \$0.
 3. Rough.—To surfaced price for size, grade, and condition:
 4. 4 and 6 ft. lengths.—From 8-20 ft. price for size, grade, and condition:
 For 1" thickness in widths of 6" or less, deduct \$20.
 For 1" thickness when wider than 6", and all 34" and 94 thickness, deduct \$11.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Bradford, Cameron, Carbon, Centre, Clinton, Columbia, Elk, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Lycoming, McKean, Monroe, Montour, Northumberland, Pike, Schuylkill, Snyder, Sullivan,

Tioga, Union, Wayne, and Wyoming, all in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

PLANKS AND SMALL TIMBERS-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to rough green lumber with no heart specification. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking or early stain treatm

Size		nse; No. 2 ; No. 2 con		sound medium	nse, square medium gr n grain, sq md; No. 1	ain; No. 1 uare edge	tural sound;	uctural; der square ed dense No. lense, squa nd	ge and 1; struc-	Dense select structural			
		Lengths			Lengths	- 19		Lengths	E P	1 12 -10	Lengths		
	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	
				ren in a	Sales to	otaling ove	r 1,000 boa	rd feet					
3" x 3" to 6 x 8"	\$78	\$90	\$97	\$81	\$93	\$99	\$89	\$101	\$108	\$95	\$107	\$11	
			ALEX ST		Sales tot	aling 1,000	board fee	t or less	100			V III	
3" x 3" to 6 x 8"	91	103	110	94	106	112	102	114	- 121	108	120	12	

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

- Rough dry.—To rough green price above for grade and length:
 For air dried, add \$3.
 For kiin dried, add \$6.
 Workings.—To rough price for grade, length, and condition, when—Surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides, tongue-and-grooved or shiplapped, add \$2.
 Orooved on 2 edges, add \$5.
- 3. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10%.

 4. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.

 5. Other plank and timber items.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine planks and timbers not priced above.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Bradford, Cameron, Carbon, Centre, Clinton, Columbia, Elk, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Lycoming, McKean, Monroe, Montour, Northumberland, Pike, Schuykill, Snyder, Sullivan,

Tioga, Union, Wayne, and Wyoming, all in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in

DROP SIDING, CEILING, AND PARTITION-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kiln-dried lumber worked to pattern, with plain ends, when sold in random lengths of 4 to 20 feet with standard grading rule restrictions on short lengths, or when sold in specific lengths of 7 to 20 feet. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking.

		Sales to	taling over I	,000 feet	Sales tot	aling 1,000 fe	et or less
Nominal thickness and width	Pattern	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or better
				Drop	siding		
1" x 6" 1" x 6" 1" x 8" 1" x 10"	115, 117, 118, 119	\$87 103 103 115	\$86 98 99 105	\$77 77 78 81	\$94 110 110 122	\$95 105 106 112	\$89 89 90 93
		Ce	fling-standa	ard bead or "	'V'' surfaced	1 or 2 sides	TO VA
516" & 716" x 3" & 4" 516" & 716" x 6" 916" x 5" & 4" 916" x 5" & 6" 1116" 10 2522" x 3" & 4" 1146" 10 2522" x 5" & 6"		\$70 73 76 79 93 95	\$66 69 73 76 89 91	\$54 57 61 64 72 73	\$76 79 82 85 99 101	\$72 75 79 82 95	\$64 67 71 74 82 83
			4	Part	ition		Hillian
1){6" x 4" 34" x 4" 1){6" x 6" 3,4" x 6"		\$93 101 96 104	\$88 97 91 100	\$71 74 74 77	\$100 108 103 111	\$95 104 98 107	\$82 85 85 88

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

- 1. Air dried.—From the kiln-dried price for size, grade, and pattern, deduct \$1.
 2. 4, 5, and 6 ft. lengths sold on specific length.—From the random length price for the size, grade, pattern, and condition:

 For "B" and better and "C", deduct \$12.

 For "D" and No. 2, deduct \$8.
 3. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.

- Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customers' order, and for delivery, see 2nd RMPR 15.
 Other drop siding, ceiling, and partition.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine drop siding, ceiling, and partition not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-7

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Bradford, Cameron, Carbon, Centre, Clinton, Columbia, Elk, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Lycoming, McKean, Monroe, Montour, Northumberland, Pike, Schuykill, Snyder, Sullivan, Tioga, Union, Wayne, and Wyoming, all in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in

FLOORING-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kiln-dried lumber, worked to 1" x 2" or 1" x 4" flooring, with plain ends, when sold in random lengths of 4 to 20 feet with standard grading rule restrictions on short lengths, or when sold in specific lengths of 7 to 20 feet. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking.

	Sales to	Sales totaling over 1,000 Sales totaling 1,000 feet or less				,000 feet		Sales to	taling or feet	er 1,000	Sales totaling 1,000 feet or less		
Heart and grain specifications	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2	Heart and grain specifications	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2
Heart face: Edge grain Near-edge grain Flat grain	\$140 130 119	\$120 110 106	\$95 89 84	\$148 138 127	\$128 118 114	\$108 102 97	No heart specification: Edge grain Near-edge grain Flat grain	\$122 112 107	\$111 101 101	\$85 80 77	\$130° 120 115	\$119 109 109	\$98 93 90

- 1. Air dried.—From the kiln-dried price for the grade and other specifications: deduct \$1.00.
- \$1.00.

 2. 4, 5, and 6 foot lengths sold on specific length.—From the random length price for the grade and other specifications and condition for "B" and better and "C" deduct \$21.00; for "D" or No. 2 deduct \$14.00.

 3. End matched.—To plain-end price for grade and other specifications, condition and length add \$3.00.

- 4. Bark back.—From price above for flooring free of bark back—deduct \$7.00.

 5. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.

 6. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order and for delivery, see 2nd RMPR 215.

 7. Other flooring.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine flooring not priced above.

FEDERAL REGISTER, Friday, October 4, 1946

SCHEDULE A-8

located in the Counties of Potter and Susquehanna, in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

BOARDS-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

Price table

per 1,000 board feet

Applies to air-dried or kiln-dried boards, 4 to 20 feet long, surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides to thickness shown, or surfaced on 2 sides and tongue-and-grooved or shiplapped. No additions to these prices may be made for grade-marking, antistain treatment, or sale of specific lengths.

		8	ales totaling	over 1,000 fee	et	Se	ales totaling 1	,000 feet or l	258
Nominal size	Thickness surfaced	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.
1 x 2" and 1 x 3" 1 x 4" 1 x 6" and 1 x 7" 1 x 8" and 1 x 9" 1 x 5" and 1 x 10" 1 x 11" 1 x 12"	25/32" or 3/4"	\$82 78 79 81 83 87 94	\$78 73 77 77 79 83 85	\$67 65 67 67 69 69 71	\$56 54 56 56 58 58	\$94 90 91 93 95 99 106	\$90 85 89 89 91 95 97	\$79 77 79 79 81 81 83	\$68 66 68 68 70 70

Additions and reductions per 1,000 board feet

1. Green, worked as above.—From dry price for size and grade deduct \$5.00.
2. Rough—From dry price above for grade and size for rough dry deduct \$1.00; for rough green deduct \$6.00.
3. Roards under \$4" thickness, surfaced 1 side, any edge working, graded after complete working and sold "on grade",—From the 25/32" surfaced dry price for width and analysis.

rds under 3: and sold "o					and for delivery, see 2nd RM 6. Other boards.—Continue
			Deduct	Deduct	shortleaf yellow pine boards

4. Sales less ti	han \$7.50.—Whe	en the total sa	ale is less than	\$7.50 the pri	ces as determined
above may be	increased 10 pe	ercent.		The second second	
5 Workings	and delinery -F	or permitted	additions for	morkings to	anetamor's arden

MPR 215 ie to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on s not priced above.

		Deduct
		if green
11/16"	\$5.00	\$9.00
5/8"	8, 00	13.00
9/16"	12,00	17, 00
1/2"	16,00	21, 00
7/16"	20.00	25.00

SCHEDULE A-8

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Potter and Susquehanna, in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size

of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

DIMENSION-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to air-dried and kiln-dried lumber, 4 to 20 feet long, surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides to 198" thickness. No additions to these prices may be made for grade marking, antistain treatment, or because lumber is medium grain or dense.

	Sales		ng over lengths		feet—	Sales	Sales totaling 1,000 feet or less—				Selling the colored	Sales totaling over 1,000 feet— lengths				feet—	Sales totaling 1,000 feet or less— lengths				
Nominal size	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	Nominal size	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'
		N	o. 1 gra	de, inc	luding	mediu	m grai	n or de	nse	T you			No	. 2 grad	le, inc	luding	mediu	m graii	n or de	nse	
2" x 3" or 4"	66 63	\$76 82 77 77 85 88	\$77 82 78 78 85 85 88	\$79 84 79 79 87 89	\$81 90 82 82 93 95	\$75 77 74 74 79 81	\$87 93 88 88 96 99	\$88 93 89 89 96 99	\$90 95 90 90 98 100	\$92 101 93 93 104 106	2 x 3" or 4" 2 x 5" 2 x 6" 2 x 8" 2 x 10"	\$62 59 59 61 63 64	\$73 75 73 74 79 80	\$75 74 74 76 79 80	\$76 74 75 76 79 82	\$79 80 78 80 84 87	\$73 70 70 72 74 75	\$84 86 84 85 90 91	\$86 85 85 87 90 91	\$87 85 86 87 90 93	\$90 91 89 91 95 98

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

1. No. 3 grade.—From No. 2 grade price for size deduct \$14.00.
2. Green, worked as above.—To dry price for size and grade add \$3.00.
3. Rough.—From dry surfaced price for size and grade for rough dry deduct \$2.00; for rough green add \$1.00.
4. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.

5. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.
6. Other dimension items.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 or shortleaf yellow pine dimension not priced above.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Potter and Susquehanna, in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size

of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

FINISH SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kiln-dried lumber, 8 to 20 feet long surfaced on 4 sides to thickness indicated. Prices apply whether or not lumber is grade marked or sold in specified or random engths.

			otaling 000 feet		totaling et or less			Sales t	otaling 000 feet		otaling et or less
Size	Thickness, surfaced	Grade B and better	Grade C	Grade B and better	Grade C	Size	Thickness, surfaced	Grade B and better	Grade C	Grade B and better	Grade C
1" x 2" or 3" 1" x 4" 1" x 6" or 8" 1" x 7" or 9" 1" x 5" or 10" 1" x 11" 1" x 12"	2552''	\$109 107 112 118 125 130 148	\$103 100 104 111 114 118 133	\$117 115 120 126 133 138 156	\$111 108 112 119 122 126 141	54" or 54 x 2 or 3" 54" or 94 x 6 or 8" 54" or 94 x 6 or 8" 54" or 94 x 7 or 9" 54" or 54 x 10" 54" or 54 x 11"	13/16" Or 15/16	132 129 129 135 142 147 165	116 104 114 122 124 129 143	140 187 187 143 150 155 173	124 122 122 130 132 137 151

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

- 1. Air dried, may be stained.—From kiln-dried price for size and grade deduct \$8.

 2. Air dried, no stain permitted.—From kiln-dried price for size and grade deduct \$6.

 3. Rough.—To surfaced price for size, grade, and condition add \$2.

 4. 4 and 6 ft. lengths.—From 8-20 ft. price for size, grade, and condition: For 1" thickness in widths of 6" or less deduct \$20; for 1" thickness when wider than 6", and all 5/4" and 6/4" thickness deduct \$11.
- 5. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sales is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased to 10%.
 6. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.
 7. Other finish.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine finish not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-8

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Potter and Susquehanna, in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size

of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

PLANKS AND SMALL TIMBERS SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to rough green lumber with no heart specification. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking or anti-stain treatment,

Size	grain; No. 2 common— Lengths medium grain; square edge and sound; No. 1 structural; dense square edge tural; dense square edge and sound—Lengths					Dense sel Lengths	ect struc	tural-				
	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'
		14.			Sales t	otaling ove	er 1,000 boa	rd feet			JE 3.57	
8" x 3" to 6" x 8"	\$80	\$91	\$98	\$83	\$94	\$102	\$91	\$103	\$110	\$97	\$109	\$118
The second second		Town I	1987	HUV COR	Sales to	staling 1,00	0 board fee	t onless				
8" x 3 to 6" x 8"	93	104	111	96	107	115	104	116	123	110	122	131

- 1. Rough dry.—To rough green price above for grade and length {For air dried add \$2. 2. Workings.—To rough price for grade, length, and condition, when surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides, tongue-and-grooved or shiplapped add \$2. Grooved on 2 seeks add \$4. 3. Sales less than \$7.60.—When the total sale is less than \$7.60 the prices as determined above may be increased 10%.
- 4. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.
 5. Other plank and timber items.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR215 on shortleaf yellow pine planks and timbers not priced above.

located in the Counties of Potter and Susquehanna, in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

DROP SIDING, CEILING AND PARTITION-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kiln-dried lumber worked to pattern, with plain ends, when sold in random lengths of 4 to 20 feet with standard grading rule restrictions on short lengths, or when sold in specific lengths of 7 to 20 feet. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking.

	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Sales to	otaling over 1	,000 feet	Sales tot	aling 1,000 fe	eet or less
Nominal thickness and nominal width	Pattern	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D' or better
				Drop	siding		Tale III
1" x 6" " x 6" " x 8" " x 10"	115, 117, 118, 119	103 104	\$86 99 100 106	\$78 78 79 82	\$95 110 111 123	\$93 106 107 113	\$9 9 0 9
	MODE OF STREET		Celling—Star	idard Bead o	r "V", surfac	ced 1 or 2 side	es
% and % and % and 4" % and		\$70 73 77 80 94 96	\$66 69 74 77 90 92	\$54 57 62 64 72 74	\$76 79 83 86 100	\$72 75 80 83 96 98	\$6 6 7 7 8 8
				Part	ition		
1½6" x 4" ½" x 4" ½" x 6".		\$93 102 96 105	\$89 98 92 101	\$71 75 74 78	\$100 109 103 112	\$96 105 99 108	\$8 8 8

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

- 1. Air Dried.—From the kiln-dried price for size, grade, and pattern, deduct \$1.

 2. 4, 5, and 6 ft. lengths sold on specific length.—From the random length price for the size, grade, patern, and condition for "B" and better and "C", deduct \$12; for "D" and No. 2, deduct \$8.

 3. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10%.

- 4. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order and for delivery, see 2nd RMPR 215.
 5. Other drop siding, ceiling, and partition.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine drop siding, ceiling and partition not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-8

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Potter and Susquehanna, in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

FLOORING-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kiln-dried lumber, worked to 1" x 3" or 1" x 4" flooring, with plain ends, when sold in random lengths of 4 to 20 feet with standard grading rule restrictions on short lengths, or when sold in specific lengths of 7 to 20 feet. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking.

	Sales to	otaling or feet	rer 1,000	Sales totaling 1,000 feet or less				Sales to	taling or	ver 1,000	Sales totaling 1,000 feet or less		
Heart and grain specifications	Grade "B" and better	Grade	Grade "D" or No. 2	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No.	Heart and grain specifications	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No.	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2
Heart face: Edge grain. Near-edge grain. Flat grain.	\$140 130 120	\$120 110 107	\$96 90 84	\$148 138 128	\$128 118 115	\$109 103 97	No heart specification: Edge grain Near-edge grain Flat grain	\$123 113 108	\$112 102 101	\$86 80 78	\$131 121 116	\$120 110 109	\$90 93 91

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

- Air dried .- From the kiln-dried price for the grade and other specifications:
- deduct, \$1.

 2. 4, 5, and 6 ft. lengths sold on specific length.—From the random length price for the grade and other specifications and condition for "B" and better and "C", deduct \$21; for "D" or No. 2, deduct \$14.

 3. End matched.—To plain-end price for grade and other specifications, condition and length, add \$3.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ADOPTING OR-DER NO. 11, UNDER BASIC ORDER NO. 1, AS AMENDED, UNDER REVISED GEN-ERAL ORDER NO. 65

Pursuant to the provisions of Revised General Order No. 65 as amended, Regional Administrators and District Directors authorized to do so, may issue and put into effect, orders establishing maximum prices applicable to particular communities or defined areas for sales of 4. Bark back.—From price above for flooring free of bark back, deduct \$7.
5. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10%.
6. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order and for delivery, see 2nd RMPR 215.
7. Other flooring.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine flooring not priced above.

lumber products for which maximum prices are established under Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 215 out of distribution yard stock by any lumber distribution yard located in such area.

In accordance with this authority, the Regional Administrator of Region II has issued Basic Order No. 1 under Revised General Order 65, setting forth the general provisions which are to be common to all future area orders, such orders to

be known as adopting orders. The provisions of the basic order are expressly adopted by such adopting orders.

The accompanying adopting order covers prices of Southern Shortleaf Yellow Pine lumber on retail type sales out of distribution yard stock by lumber distribution yards located in the New York District area. This order supersedes maximum prices or pricing methods previously established by Second Revised

Maximum Price Regulation 215 or any other applicable regulation.

The prices fixed by the accompanying order are a translation into dollars and cents of existing maximum prices and are in line with the level of prices in effect under Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 215. The variation in prices fixed by the 2 schedules attached to the accompanying order is due to differences in freight rates.

The record-keeping, posting and invoicing provisions of Basic Order No. 1 which are adopted by the accompanying adopting order are specifically authorized by section 1 (c) of Revised General Order 65 and are affirmatively found to be necessary to prevent evasion of this

[F. R. Doc. 46-17846; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

Pittsburgh Adopting Order 10 Under Basic Order 1, Under Rev. Gen. Order 651

SOUTHERN SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE LUM-BER IN PITTSBURGH DISTRICT

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the division of the Federal Register. and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region II. by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 as amended, by Revised General Order No. 65, and by Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1, which authority has been duly delegated by such Regional Administrator to the District Director of the Pittsburgh District Office, it is hereby ordered:

SECTION. 1. What this order covers. This adopting order under Basic Order No. 1, as amended, under Revised General Order No. 65, covers retail-type sales of Southern Shortleaf Yellow Pine Lumber out of distribution yard stock by lumber distribution yards located in the Pittsburgh District Area. All provisions of Basic Order No. 1, as amended, under Revised General Order No. 65, are adopted in this order as if specifically set forth herein. If said Basic Order No. 1, as amended, is further amended in any respect, the provisions of said order, as amended, shall likewise without further action, become part of this order. All persons subject to this adopting order are also subject to Basic Order No. 1, as amended, under Revised General Order No. 65, and should be familiar with the provisions of said order.

SEC. 2. Territory covered by this order. The geographical area covered by this order is the entire Pittsburgh District Area as follows: Counties of Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Bedford, Blair, Butler, Cambria, Clarion, Clearfield, Crawford, Erie, Payette, Forest, Fulton, Greene, Huntingdon, Indiana, Jefferson, Lawrence, Mercer, Somerset, Venango, Warren, Washington and Westmoreland. all in the State of Pennsylvania.

SEC. 3. Maximum prices. The maximum prices for Southern Shortleaf Yellow Pine Lumber in the area covered by this order are set forth in Schedule A-7 and A-8, hereto annexed and made a part of this order. Schedule A-7 fixes maximum prices for sales by lumber distribution yards located in the Counties of Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Bedford, SCHEDULE A-7

Blair, Butler, Cambria, Clarion, Clearfield, Crawford, Fayette, Forest, Fulton, Greene, Huntingdon, Indiana, Jefferson, Lawrence, Mercer, Somerset, Washington and Westmoreland. Schedule A-8 fixes maximum prices for sales by lumber distribution yards located in the Counties of Erie, Venango and Warren.

SEC. 4. Relationship of this order to Basic Order No. 1, as amended, under Revised General Order No. 65, Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 215, and other maximum price regulations. As previously stated, all provisions of Basic Order No. 1 as amended, are adopted by this order. The maximum prices fixed by this order supersede any maximum price or pricing method previously established by Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 215, or any other applicable regulation or order. Except to the extent that they are inconsistent with the provisions of this order, all other provisions of Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 215 or any other applicable regulation or order shall remain applicable to sales covered by this order.

SEC. 5. Posting of prices, records and sales slips. The provisions of sections (d), (e), (f) and (g) of Basic Order No. 1, as amended, covering posting, invoicing, records and sales slips, are adopted in and applicable to this order as if specifically set forth herein.

This order shall become effective October 10, 1946.

Issued this 1st day of October 1946.

WILLIAM K. HARRISON. District Director.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Bedford, Blair, Butler, Cambria, Clarion, Clearfield, Crawford, Fayette, Forest, Fulton, Greene, Huntingdon, Indiana, Jefferson, Lawrence, Mercer,

Somerset, Washington, and Westmoreland, all in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

BOARDS, SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE [Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to air-dried or kiln-dried boards, 4 to 20 feet long, surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides to thickness shown, or surfaced on 2 sides and tongue-and-grooved or ship lapped. No additions to these prices may be made for grade-marking, antistain treatment, or sale of specific lengths.

Nominal size		The second second second	ales totaling	over 1,000 fee	et .	Sa	les totaling l	,000 feet or l	ess
Nominal size	Thickness surfaced	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.
1" x 2" and 1" x 3"	2562" or 34"	\$81 77 78 80 82 86 93	\$77 72 76 76 78 82 84	\$66 64 66 66 68 68 70	\$55 53 55 55 55 57 57 58	\$93 89 90 92 94 98 105	\$89 84 88 88 88 90 94 96	\$78 76 78 78 80 80 82	\$67 65 67 66 66 69

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

1. Green, worked as above. - From dry price for size and grade, deduct \$5; for rough dry, deduct \$2.

Rough.—From dry price above for grade and size, for rough green, deduct \$6.
 Boards under 34" thickness, surfaced 1 side, any edge working, graded after complete working and sold "on grade."—From the 2522" surfaced dry price for width and grade.

4. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.

5. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.

6, Other boards.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine boards not priced above.

	Deduct dry	Deduct green
11/16"	\$4 8	\$9 13 17
14" 716"	12 16 20	17 21 24

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Bedford, Blair, Butler, Cambria, Clarion, Clearfield, Crawford, Fayette, Forest, Fulton, Greene, Huntingdon, Indiana, Jefferson, Lawrence, Mercer, ing sold in one sale.

Somerset, Washington, and Westmoreland, all in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood floor-

DIMENSION, SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to air-dried and kiln-dried lumber, 4 to 20 feet long, surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides to 156" thickness. No additions to these prices may be made for grade marking anti-stain treatment, or because lumber is medium grain or dense.

	Sales	totalir	og over	1,000 f	eet-	Sales	totalin	g 1,000	feet or	less-		Sales	totalir	ng over	1,000	feet—	Sales	totaling	g 1,000	feet or	less-
Nominal size			lengths				lengths or 8', 10' 9' or 16' 18' or 20'				Nominal size		1	engths	din			1	lengths		
	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'		4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'
		No	o. 1 gra	de, inc	luding	ng medium grain or dense						No. 2 grade, including				luding	medium grain or dense				
2 x 3" or 4"	65 62	\$75 81 76 76 84 87	\$76 81 77 77 84 87	\$78 83 78 78 78 86 86	\$80 89 81 81 92 94	\$74 76 73 73 77 80	\$86 92 87 87 95 98	\$87 92 88 88 95 98	\$89 94 89 89 97 99	\$91 100 92 92 103 105	2 x 3" or 4" 2 x 5" 2 x 6" 2 x 8" 2 x 8" 2 x 10" 2 x 12"		\$72 74 72 73 78 79	\$74 73 73 75 78 79	\$75 73 74 75 78 81	\$78 79 77 79 83 86	\$72 69 69 71 73 74	\$83 85 83 84 89 90	\$85 84 84 86 89 90	\$86 84 85 86 89 92	\$89 90 88 90 94 97

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

- No. 3 grade.—From No. 2 grade price for size, deduct \$15.
 Green, worked as above.—To dry price for size and grade, add \$2; for rough dry, de-
- 2. Green, worked as above.

 2. Green, which was a street of the street of the street of the street of the street.

 3. Rough.—From dry surfaced price for size and grade for rough green, deduct \$0.

 4. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.

 Sche
- 5. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2nd RMPR 215.
 6. Other dimension items.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine dimension not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-7

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Bedford, Blair, Butler, Cambria, Clarion, Clearfield, Crawford, Fayette, Forest, Fulton, Greene, Huntingdon, Indiana, Jefferson, Lawrence, Mercer,

Somerset, Washington, and Westmoreland, all in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kiln-dried lumber, 8 to 20 feet long surfaced on 4 sides to thickness indicated. Prices apply whether or not lumber is grade marked or sold in specified or random lengths.

			otaling 000 feet		totaling et or less			Bales t		Sales to	otaling et or less
Size	Thickness, surfaced	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Size	Thickness, surfaced	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"
1" x 2" or 3". 1" x 4". 1" x 6" or 8". 1" x 7" or 9". 1" x 11" 1" x 12".	}2542"	\$108 106 111 117 124 129 147	\$102 99 -103 110 113 117 132	\$116 114 119 125 132 137 155	\$110 107 111 118 121 125 140	5/4" or 6/4" x 2 or 3" 5/4" or 6/4" x 4" 5/4" or 6/4" x 6" or 8" 5/4" or 6/4" x 7" or 9" 5/4" or 6/4" x 5" or 10" 5/4" or 6/4" x 11" 5/4" or 6/4" x 12")1346" or 1516".	\$131 128 128 134 141 146 164	\$115 113 113 120 123 128 142	\$139 136 136 142 149 154 172	\$123 121 121 128 131 136 150

- Air dried, may be stained.—From kiln-dried price for size and grade deduct \$8.00.
 Air dried, no stain permitted.—From kiln-dried price for size and grade deduct
- 2. Art aried, no stain permitted.—From kinn-aried price for size and grade deduct \$6.00.

 3. Rough.—To surfaced price for size, grade, and condition add \$1.

 4. 4 and 6 foot lengths.—From 8-20 foot price for size, grade, and condition: For 1" thickness in widths of 6" or less deduct \$20.00; for 1" thickness when wider than 6", and all 34" and 34" thickness deduct \$11.00.
- 5. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.
 6. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2nd RMPR 215.
 7. Other finish.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine finish not priced above.

located in the Counties of Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Bedford, Blair, Butler, Cambria, Clarion, Clearfield, Crawford, Fayette, Forest, Fulton, Greene, Huntingdon, Indiana, Jefferson, Lawrence, Mercer,

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards Somerset, Washington, and Westmoreland, all in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

PLANES AND SMALL TIMBERS-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to rough green lumber with no heart specification. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking or anti-stain treatment.

Size		nse; No. 2 ; No. 2 con		sound	nse, square medium gr n grain, sq md; No. 1	ain; No. 1 uare edge	tural, sound;	uctural; de square ec dense No. dense, squ nd	ige and 1; struc-	Dense select structural			
		Lengths			Lengths			Lengths		Lengths			
	820'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	
					Sales t	otaling ove	er 1,000 boa	rd feet	I VI				
8 x 3" to 6 x 8"	\$78	\$90	. \$97	\$81	\$93	\$99	\$89	\$101	\$108	\$95	\$107	\$11	
		II, NITE		Referen	Sales to	taling 1,000	0 board feet	or less	Texus:				
8 x 3" to 6 x 8"	\$91	\$103	\$110	\$94	\$106	\$112	\$102	\$114	\$121	\$108	\$120	\$12	

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

Rough dry—To rough green price above for grade and length; for air dried, add \$3 for kiln dried, add \$5.
 Workings.—To rough price for grade, length, and condition, when surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides, tongue-and-grooved or shiplapped, add \$2; grooved on 2 edges, add \$5.
 Sales less than \$7.50—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10%.

4. Workings and delivery—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.

5. Other plank and timber items.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine planks and timbers not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-7

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Bedford, Blair, Butler, Cambria, Clarion, Clearfield, Crawford, Fayette, Forest, Fulton, Greene, Huntingdon, Indiana, Jefferson, Lawrence, Mercer,

Somerset, Washington, and Westmoreland, all in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

DROP SIDING, CEILING, AND PARTITION-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kiln-dried lumber worked to pattern, with plain ends, when sold in random lengths of 4 to 20 feet with standard grading rule restrictions on short lengths, or when sold in specific lengths of 7 to 20 feet. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking.

		Sales to	taling over 1	,000 fee't	Sales tot	aling 1,000 fe	et or less
Nominal thickness and width	Pattern	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or better
				Drop	siding		
1" x 6"	115, 117, 118, 119	\$87 103 103 115	\$86 98 99 105	\$77 77 78 81	\$94 110 110 122	\$93 105 106 112	\$89 89 90 93
		(Ceiling—Stan	dard bead or	"V," surface	ed 1 or 2 side	8
5/6" & 7/6" x 3" & 4" 5/6" & 7/6" x 6" 9/6" x 8" & 4" 9/6" x 5" & 6" 11/16" t 25/32" x 3" & 4" 11/16" to 25/32" x 5" & 6"		\$70 73 76 79 93 95	\$66 69 73 76 89 91	\$54 57 61 64 72 73	\$76 79 82 85 99 101	\$72 75 79 82 95 97	\$64 67 71 74 82 83
				Part	ition		
11/16" x 4" 3/4" x 4" 11/18" x 6" 3/4" x 6"		\$93 101 96 104	\$88 97 91 100	\$71 74 74 77	\$100 108 103 111	\$95 104 98 107	\$85 86 86

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

1. Air dried.—From the kiln-dried price for size, grade, and pattern, deduct \$1.
2. 4, 5, and 6 ft. lengths sold on specific length.—From the random length price for the size, grade, pattern, and condition, for "B" and better and "C", deduct \$12; for "D" and No. 2, deduct \$8.
3. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.

Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customers' order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.
 Other drop siding, ceiling, and partition.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine drop siding, ceiling, and partition not priced above.

FEDERAL REGISTER, Friday, October 4, 1946

SCHEDULE A-7

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Bedford, Blair, Butler, Cambria, Clarion, Clearfield, Crawford, Fayette, Forest, Blair, Butler, Cambria, Lawrence, Mercer, Somerset, Washington, and Westmoreland, all in the State of Vintage Somerset, Washington, and Westmoreland, all in the State of Vintage Sylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made. Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

FLOORING-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

Applies to kiln-dried lumber, worked to 1" x 3" or 1" x 4" flooring, with plain ends, when sold in random lengths of 4 to 20 feet with standard grading rule restrictions on short lengths, or when sold in specific lengths of 7 to 20 feet. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking.

	Sales to	taling ov feet	er 1,000	Sales t	otaling 1 or less	,000 feet		Sales to	taling ov feet	er 1,000	Sales to	otaling 1, or less	000 feet
Heart and grain specifications	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2	Heart and grain specifications	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No.
Heart face: Edge grain Near-edge grain. Flat grain	\$140 130 119	\$120 110 106	\$95 89 84	\$148 138 127	\$128 118 114	\$108 102 97	No heart specification: Edge grain Near-edge grain Flat grain	\$122 112 107	\$111 101 101	\$85 80 77	\$130 120 115	\$119 109 109	\$98 98 90

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

1. Air dried.—From the kiln-dried price for the grade and other specifications: deduct \$1.00.

\$1.00.
2. 4-, 5-, and 6-foot lengths sold on specific length.—From the random length price for the grade and other specifications and condition for "B" and better and "C" deduct \$21.00; for "D" or No. 2 deduct \$14.00.
3. End matched.—To plain-end price for grade and other specifications, condition and length add \$3.00.

4. Bark back.—From price above for flooring free of bark back deduct \$7.00.
5. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.
6. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.
7. Other flooring.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine flooring not priced above.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Erie, Venango, and Warren, in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made.

Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

BOARDS-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

Price table

[Per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to air-dried or kiln-dried boards, 4 to 20 feet long, surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides to thickness shown, or surfaced on 2 sides and tongue-and-grooved or ship lapped. No additions to these prices may be made for grade-marking, anti-stain treatment, or sale of specific lengths.

			Sales totaling	over 1,000 fe	et	81	ales totaling l	,000 feet or 1	ess
Nominal size	Thickness surfaced	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.	Grade No.
1 x 2" and 1 x 3"		\$82 78	\$78 73	\$67 65	\$56 54	\$94 90	\$90 85	\$79 77	\$6
1 x 6" and 1 x 7" 1 x 8" and 1 x 9" 1 x 5" and 1 x 10" 1 x 11"	25/a2" or 34"	\$82 78 79 81 83 87 94	77 77 79 83	67 67 69 69	\$56 54 56 56 58 58 58	91 93 95 99	89 89 91 95	79 79 81 81 83	6677
i x 12"		94	85	71	59	106	97	83	DIES I

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

1. Green, worked as above.—From dry price for size and grade deduct \$5.00.

2. Rough.—From dry price above for grade and size for rough dry deduct \$1.00; for rough green deduct \$6.00.

3. Boards under 3" thickness, surfaced 1 side, any edge working, graded after complete working and sold "on grade."—From the 2352" surfaced dry price for width and grade deduct.

4. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.

5. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.

6. Other boards.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine boards not priced above.

Size	If dry	If green
Ив"	\$5.00	\$9.00
//6" //6" //6" //6"	8.00 12.00 16.00	13. 00 17. 00 21. 00
/16"	20.00	25. 00

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Erie, Venango, and Warren, in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made.

Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

DIMENSION, SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to air-dried and kiln-dried lumber, 4 to 20 feet long, surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides to 156" thickness. No additions to these prices may be made for grade marking, anti-stain treatment, or because lumber is medium grain or dense.

Nominal size	Sales		ng over lengths		feet—	Sales		g 1,000 length		r less—	Newlood	Sales totaling over 1,000 feet- lengths					Sales totaling 1,000 feet or less— lengths					
avoidina size	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	Nominal size	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	4' or 6'	8', 10' or 12'	9' or 14'	16'	18' or 20'	
AND THE		No. 1 grade, including medium grain or dense							1700			No	. 2 grad	de, inc	luding	mediu	m grair	or der	150			
2" x 3" or 4"	66 63 63	\$76 82 77 77 77 85 88	\$77 82 78 78 78 85 85 88	\$79 84 79 79 87 87	\$81 90 82 82 93 95	\$75 77 74 74 79 81	\$87 93 88 88 96 99	\$88 93 89 89 96 99	\$90 95 90 90 98 100	\$92 101 93 93 104 106	2 x 3" or 4" 2 x 5" 2 x 6" 2 x 8" 2 x 10" 2 x 12"	\$62 59 59 61 63 64	\$73 75 73 74 79 80	\$75 74 74 76 79 80	\$76 74 75 76 79 82	\$79 80 78 80 84 87	\$73 70 70 72 74 75	\$84 86 84 85 90 91	\$86 85 85 87 90 91	\$87 85 86 87 90 93	\$90 91 89 91 95 98	

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

- No. 3 grade.—From No. 2 grade price for size, deduct \$14.
 Green, worked as above.—To dry price for size and grade, add \$3.
 Rough.—From dry surfaced price for size and grade:
 For rough dry deduct \$2.

 For rough green add \$1.
- 4. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined
- Sates less than \$7.30.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10%.
 Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.
 Other dimension items.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine dimension not priced above.

SCHEDULE A-8

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Countles of Erie, Venango, and Warren, in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made.

Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

FINISH, SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kiln-dried lumber, 8 to 20 feet long surfaced on 4 sides to thickness indicated. Prices apply whether or not lumber is grade marked or sold in specified or random lengths.

			otaling 000 feet		totaling et or less				otaling 000 feet	Sales t 1,000 fee	otaling et or less
Size	Thickness, surfaced	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	, Size	Thickness, surfaced	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"
1 x 2" or 3". 1 x 4" 1 x 6" or 8". 1 x 7', or 9". 1 x 7', or 10". 1 x 11". 1 x 12".	2962"	\$109 107 112 118 125 130 148	\$103 100 104 311 114 118 133	\$117 115 120 126 133 138 156	\$111 108 112 119 122 126 141	\$4 or \$4 x 2 or 3" \$4 or \$4 x 4 \$4 or \$4 x 6 or 8" \$4 or \$4 x 7 or 9" \$4 or \$4 x 5 or 10" \$4 or \$4 x 11")13/16" or 15/16".	\$132 129 129 135 142 147 165	\$116 114 114 122 124 129 143	\$140 137 137 143 150 155 173	\$124 122 122 130 132 137 151

- 1. Air dried, may be stained.—From kiln-dried price for size and grade: deduct \$8.
 2. Air dried, no stain permitted.—From kiln-dried price for size and grade: deduct \$5.
 3. Rough.—To surfaced price for size, grade, and condition: add \$2.
 4. and 6f th. lengths.—From 8-20 ft. price for size, grade, and condition:
 For 1" thickness in widths of 6" or less, deduct \$20.
 For 1" thickness when wider than 6", and all \$4" and \$4" thickness, deduct \$11.

FEDERAL REGISTER, Friday, October 4, 1946

SCHEDULE A-8

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Erie, Venango, and Warren, in the State flooring sold in one sale. of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made.

Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood

PLANES AND SMALL TIMBERS—SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

plies to rough green lumber with no heart specification. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking or anti-stain treatment.

Size	grain;	nse; No. 2 ; No. 2 com (lengths)		mediun and sou	se, square nedium gra n grain, squ nd; No. 1 o (lengths)	in; No. 1 iare edge	tural, sound; tural; o and sou	actural; den square ed dense No. lense, squa nd (lengths)	ge and 1; strue-	Dense select structural (lengths)			
	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	8-20'	22'	24'	
		Sales totaling over 1,000 board feet											
8" x 3" to 6" x 8"	\$80	\$91	\$98	\$83	\$94	\$102	\$91	\$103	\$110	\$97	\$109	\$118	
	Section 1				ales totali	ng 1,000 bo	ard feet or	less					
8" x 3" to 6" x 8"	\$93	\$104	\$111	\$96	\$107	\$115	\$104	\$116	\$123	\$110	\$122	\$131	

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

1. Rough dry.—To rough green price above for grade and length for air dried, add \$2; for kiln dried, add \$6.

2. Workings.—To rough price for grade, length, and condition, when surfaced on 1, 2, 3, or 4 sides, tongue-and-grooved or shiplapped, add \$2; grooved on 2 edges, add \$4.

3. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.

4. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order, and for delivery, see 2nd RMPR 215.
5. Other plank and timber items.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2nd RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine planks and timbers not priced above.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Erie, Venango, and Warren, in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made.

Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale.

DROP SIDING, CEILING AND PARTITION—SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kin-dried lumber worked to pattern, with plain ends, when sold in random lengths of 4 to 20 feet with standard grading rule restrictions on short lengths, or when sold in specific lengths of 7 to 20 feet. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking.

		Sales to	taling over 1	,000 feet	Bales tot	aling 1,000 fe	et or less
Nominal thickness and width	Pattern	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D" or No. 2	Grade "B" and better	Grade "C"	Grade "D' or No. 2
				Drop	siding		
1" x 6" 1" x 8" 1" x 8" 1" x 10"	115, 117, 118, 119	103	\$86 99 100 106	\$78 78 79 82	\$95 110 111 123	\$93 106 107 113	\$9 9 9
			Ceiling-Sta	ndard bead	or "V", surfs	ced 1 or 2 sid	65
8 ie" and 7 ie" x 3" and 4" 9 ie" x 6" x 6" 9 ie" x 3" and 4" 9 ie" x 5" and 6" 11 ie" to 25 2" x 5" and 4" 12 ie" to 25 2" x 5" and 6"		\$70 73 77 80 94 96	\$66 69 74 77 90 92	\$54 57 62 64 72 74	\$76 79 83 86 100 102	\$72 75 80 83 96 98	\$6 6 7 7 8 8
				Part	tition	2	
1)(e" x 4" 3\(\delta\)'' x 4" 1)\(\gamma\)'' x 6" 3\(\delta\)'' x 6".		\$93 102 96 105	\$89 98 92 101	\$71 75 74 78	\$100 109 103 112	\$96 105 99 108	\$8 8 8

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

1. Air dried.—From the kiln-dried price for size, grade, and pattern deduct, \$1.
2. 4, 5, and 6 feet lengths sold on specific length.—From the random length price for the size, grade, pattern, and condition; for "B" and better and "C", deduct \$12; for "D" and No. 2, deduct \$8.
3. Soles less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10 percent.

4. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order and for delivery, see 2d RMFR 215.
5. Other drop siding, ceiling, and partition.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMFR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine drop siding, ceiling, and partition not priced abovg.

These prices apply to all retail type sales and deliveries by yards located in the Counties of Erie, Venango, and Warren, in the State of Pennsylvania, regardless of the place to which delivery is made.

Size of sale is based on total of all softwood lumber and hardwood flooring sold in one sale,

FLOORING-SHORTLEAF YELLOW PINE

[Price table per 1,000 board feet]

Applies to kiln-dried lumber, worked to 1" x 3" or 1" x 4" flooring, with plain ends, when sold in random lengths of 4 to 20 feet with standard grading rule restrictions on short lengths, or when sold in specific lengths of 7 to 20 feet. No addition to these prices may be made for grade marking.

	Sales to	taling or feet	ver 1,000	Sales t	otaling 1 or less	,000 feet	00 feet Sales totaling of feet			ver 1,000	Sales t	Sales totaling 1,000 feet or less	
Heart and grain specifications	pecifications Grade "B" Grade and "C" or No. better Grade "D" and better Grade "B" Grade "D" or No. 2 Heart and grain s	Heart and grain specifications	Grade "B" and better	Grade	Grade "D" or No.	Grade "B" and better	Grade	Grade "D" or No.					
Heart face: Edge grain. Near-edge grain. Flat grain.	\$140 130 120	\$120 110 107	\$96 90 84	\$148 138 128	\$128 118 115	\$109 103 97	No heart specification: Edge grain Near-edge grain Flat grain	\$123 113 108	\$112 102 101	\$86 80 78	\$131 121 116	\$120 110 109	\$96 90 91

Additions and deductions per 1,000 board feet

1. Air dried .- From the kiln-dried price for the grade and other specifications, deduct

4. Bark back.—From price above for flooring free of bark back, deduct \$7.

5. Sales less than \$7.50.—When the total sale is less than \$7.50 the prices as determined above may be increased 10%.

6. Workings and delivery.—For permitted additions for workings to customer's order and for delivery, see 2d RMPR 215.

7. Other flooring.—Continue to compute maximum prices under 2d RMPR 215 on shortleaf yellow pine flooring not priced above. cifically authorized by section 1 (c) of

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ADOPTING OR-DER NO. 10 UNDER BASIC ORDER NO. 1. AS AMENDED, UNDER REVISED GENERAL

Pursuant to the provisions of Revised General Order No. 65 Regional Administrators and District Directors authorized to do so may issue and put into effect, orders establishing maximum prices applicable to particular communities or defined areas for sales of lumber products for which maximum prices are established under Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 215 out of distribution yard stock by any lumber distribution yard located in such area.

In accordance with this authority, the Regional Administrator of Region II has issued Basic Order No. 1, as amended, under Revised General Order 65, setting forth the general provisions which are to be common to all future area orders, such orders to be known as adopting orders. The provisions of the basic order are expressly adopted by such adopting orders.

The accompanying adopting order covers prices of Southern Shortleaf Yellow Pine Lumber on retail-type sales out of distribution yard stock by lumber distribution yards located in the Pittsburgh District Area. This order supersedes maximum prices or pricing methods previously established by Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 215, or any other applicable regulation.

The prices fixed by the accompanying order are a translation into dollars and cents of existing maximum prices and are in line with the level of prices in effect under Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 215. The variation in prices fixed by the two schedules attached to the accompanying order is due to differences in freight rates. The provisions of this order are in conformance with section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

The record-keeping, posting and invoicing provisions of Basic Order No. 1, 13 amended, which are adopted by the accompanying adopting order, are speRevised General Order 65 and are affirmatively found to be necessary to prevent evasion of this order.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17845; Filed, Oct. 3, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]

[Region IV 3d Rev. Order G-3 Under RMPR 122]

SOLID FUELS IN FULTON AND DEKALB COUNTIES, GA.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator, Region IV, Office of Price Administration, by § 1340.260 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122, it is hereby ordered:

(a) What this order does. This adopting order establishes dollars-and-cents ceiling prices for specified solid fuels when sold and delivered by dealers in the area set out herein. These fuels are described and the maximum prices are set forth in paragraph (e), (f), and (g) hereof.

(b) Area covered. This order covers all sales of specified solid fuels when sold and delivered within the boundaries of Fulton and DeKalb Counties, in the State of Georgia.

(c) Applicability of Basic Order No. G-37. All the provisions of Order No. G-37 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122—Basic Order for Area Pricing of Coal in Region IV, issued April 4, 1945, by the Atlanta Regional Office, Region IV, Office of Price Administration, are adopted in this order and are just as much a part of this order as if printed herein. If said Order No. G-37 is amended in any respect all the provisions of such order, as amended, shall likewise, without other action, be a part of this order. All persons subject to this adopting order are also subject to and should read and be familiar with the provisions of said Order No. G-37.

(d) Relationship between this order and previous orders. This order supersedes Second Revised Order No. G-3 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 and any amendments and supplementary orders thereto, previously issued by this office. Said Second Revised Order No. G-3, amendments and supplementary orders are hereby revoked as of the effective date of this order.

(e) Maximum prices. Maximum prices established by this order are as follows for sales on a "direct delivery or domestic" basis:

(1) HIGH VOLATILE BITUMINOUS COAL FROM DISTRICT NO. 8

Size	Per ton 2,000 lbs.	Per 32 ton 1,000 lbs.	Per 34 ton 500 lbs,
Lump, chunk or block	\$10.44 10.09	\$5. 47 5. 30	\$2.99 2.90
Egg, size group No. 5, price classification E, from mine Index Nos. 116 and 117 Stoker	10. 49	5, 49 5, 22	3, 00 2, 86
Stoker, size group 10, price classification A Nut and slack	10. 29 7. 84	5. 40 4. 17	2.95 2.34
2" nut and slack from mine Index No. 5693	8. 34	4, 42	2.46

(2) HIGH VOLATILE BITUMINOUS COAL FROM DISTRICT NO. 13

Size	Per ton 2,000 lbs,	Per 1/2 ton 1,000 lbs,	Per ¼ ton 500 lbs.
Lump, chunk or block Egg Stoker	\$10.80 10.55 10.85 8.30 12.25	\$5, 65 5, 53 5, 68 4, 40 6, 38	\$3, 08 3, 01 3, 09 2, 45 3, 44

(f) Other maximum prices. Maximum prices established by this order for sales of forty tons or more when delivery is made in less than carload lots to consumers are as follows on a "Commercial" basis:

(1) HIGH VOLATILE BITUMINOUS COAL FROM DISTRICT NO. 8

	Pe	rton,
Size:	2,00	oo lbs.
Egg	******************	\$8.59
Nut and s	lack	7, 39
Nut and si	lack from mine index No.	une.com
		7.74

(2) HIGH VOLATILE BITUMINOUS COAL FROM DISTRICT NO. 13

Size:		,000 lbs.
	slack	

- (g) Other maximum prices. Maximum prices established by this order for sales of carload lots to consumers are as follows on a "Commercial" basis:
- (1) HIGH VOLATILE BITUMINOUS COAL FROM DISTRICT NO. 8

	Per ton,
Stze:	2,000 lbs.
Egg	\$7.84
Nut and slack	7.14
Nut and slack from mine index 5693	No. 7.49

(2) HIGH VOLATILE BITUMINOUS COAL FROM DISTRICT NO. 13

	Per ton,
Size:	2,000 lbs.
Egg	\$7.75
	and slack 7.05

- (h) Maximum authorized service charges and required deductions—(1) Carry or wheel service. If buyer requests such service, the dealer may charge not more than 50¢ per ton therefor
- (2) Carry upstairs. If buyer requests such service, the dealer may charge not more than \$1.00 per ton therefor.
- (3) Sacking. If buyer requests such service, the dealer may charge not more than \$1.00 per ton for the service of putting coal into sacks furnished by the buyer or not more than \$3.00 per ton for such service if the dealer furnishes the sacks.
- (4) Yard sales. When a buyer picks up coal at the dealer's yard, the domestic price for lump, chunk and block coals must be reduced at least \$1.25 per ton and the domestic price for egg coal must be reduced at least \$1.00 per ton.
- (5) Oil or calcium chloride treatment. If a dealer's supplier has subjected the coal to oil or calcium chloride treatment to allay dust or to prevent freezing and makes a charge therefor, the dealer selling such coal may add to the applicable maximum price set by this order the amount of such charge, not to exceed 10¢ per net ton. The invoice, sales slip, or receipt shall clearly show that the coal has been so treated but it is not necessary that this charge be separately stated thereon.
- (6) Sacked coal. On yard sales of less than ¼ ton of sacked high volatile bituminous coal, the dealer may charge at a rate of not more than 50¢ per 80 lb. sack.
- (7) Less than ¼ ton yard sales. On yard sales of less than ¼ ton of unsacked high volatile bituminous coal, with the buyer furnishing the take away receptacle, the dealer may charge at a rate of not more than 40¢ per 100 lbs., and may limit such sales to quantities of 250 lbs. and over.
- (8) Credit. The dealer may charge not more than 25¢ per ton for credit extending more than 10 days from date of delivery, but no additional charge over the prices established by this order may be made if payment is made within 10 days from date of delivery.

Effective date. This order shall become effective as of July 26, 1946.

Issued: August 7, 1946.

ALEXANDER HARRIS,

Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16236; Filed, Sept. 9, 1946; 9:02 a. m.]

[Kansas City Order 3 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 3]

BUILDING MATERIALS IN JASPER COUNTY, Mo., AREA

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68; It is hereby ordered, That, Order No. 3 under General Order No. 68 be and it is hereby amended in the following respects:

The prices heretofore established for the following named items in Appendix "A" of said original Order No. 3, including any and all amendments thereto, are hereby deleted and the following prices for said items are substituted in lieu thereof:

Item	When sold in quantities of—	Selling unit	F. o. b. store, yard, plant or RR car
Flue lining 9" x 9" Flue lining 9" x 13" Flue lining 13" x 13"	Any Any Any	Linear footdodo	\$0.452 .60 .764

All other provisions of said original Order No. 3 and/or any amendments thereto which are not specifically amended hereby shall remain in full force and effect.

Issued and effective this 9th day of September 1946.

J. G. CALLAWAY, District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 3 TO ORDER NO. 3 UNDER GENERAL OR-DER NO. 68

In compliance with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and pursuant to the provisions of Amendment 23 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206, authorizing an industry-wide increase of maximum prices in connection with the building industry, Amendment No. 3 to Order No. 3 under General Order No. 68 is issued to provide for the authorized increase for flue linings.

This amendment authorizes an increase of the price of flue linings for retailers in order to pass through the industry-wide increase granted to manufacturers under Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206.

This amendment was made only after consultation with representative retail sellers of the materials affected, and in the opinion of the District Director, the amendment is necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and it does effectuate those purposes. The District Director is of the further

opinion that the amendment is generally fair and equitable to the buyers and sellers alike.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17758; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

[Kansas City Order 4 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 4]

Building Materials in Buchanan County, Mo.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68; It is hereby ordered: That, Order No. 4 under General Order No. 68 be and it is hereby amended in the following respects:

The prices heretofore established for the following named items in Appendix "A" of said original Order No. 4, including any and all amendments thereto, are hereby deleted and the following prices for said items are substituted in lieu thereof:

Item	When sold in quantities of—	Selling unit	F. o. b. yard, store, plant, railroad car or deliv- ered in free deliv- ery zone
Flue lining 9" x 9" Flue lining 9" x 13" Flue lining 13" x 13"	Any Any Any	Linear footdodo	\$0,418 .628 .775

All other provisions of said original Order No. 4 and/or any amendments thereto which are not specifically amended hereby shall remain in full force and effect.

Issued and effective this 9th day of September 1946.

J. G. CALLAWAY, District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 4 TO ORDER NO. 4 UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

In compliance with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and pursuant to the provisions of Amendment 23 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206, authorizing an industry-wide increase of maximum prices in connection with the building industry, Amendment No. 4 to Order No. 4 under General Order No. 68 is issued to provide for the authorized increase for flue linings.

This amendment authorizes an increase of the price of flue linings for retailers in order to pass through the industry-wide increase granted to manufacturers under Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206.

This amendment was made only after consultation with representative retail sellers of the materials affected, and in the opinion of the District Director, the amendment is necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and it does effectuate those purposes.

The District Director is of the further opinion that the amendment is generally fair and equitable to the buyers and sellers alike.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17759; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[Kansas City Order 5 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 3]

BUILDING MATERIALS IN JOPLIN. MO.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68; It is hereby ordered: That, Order No. 5 under General Order No. 68 be and it is hereby amended in the following respects:

The prices heretofore established for the following named items in Appendix A of said original Order No. 5, including any and all amendments thereto, are hereby deleted and the following prices for said items are substituted in lieu thereof:

Item	When sold in quantities of—	Selling unit	Delivered in free zone or f. o. b. yard, store, plant or railroad car
Flue lining 9" x 9" Flue lining 9" x 13" Flue lining 13" x 13"	Any Any Any	Linear footdodo	\$0,418 .60 .735

All other provisions of said original Order No. 5 and/or any amendments thereto which are not specifically amended hereby shall remain in full force and effect.

Issued and effective this 9th day of September, 1946.

J. G. CALLAWAY, District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 3 TO ORDER NO. 5 UNDER GENERAL OR-DER NO. 68

In compliance with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and pursuant to the provisions of Amendment 23 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206, authorizing a industry-wide increase of maximum prices in connection with the building industry. Amendment No. 3 to Order No. 5 under General Order No. 68 is issued to provide for the authorized increase for flue linings.

This amendment authorizes an increase of the price of flue linings for retailers in order to pass through the industry-wide increase granted to manufacturers under Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206.

This amendment was made only after consultation with representative retail sellers of the materials affected, and in the opinion of the District Director, the amendment is necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and it does effectuate those purposes. The District Director is of the further

opinion that the amendment is generally fair and equitable to the buyers and sellers alike.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17762; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[Kansas City Order 6 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 3]

BUILDING MATERIALS IN PETTIS COUNTY,
MO.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68; It is hereby ordered: That, Order No. 6 under General Order No. 68 be and it is hereby amended in the following respects:

The prices heretofore established for the following named items in Appendix A of said original Order No. 6, including any and all amendments thereto, are hereby deleted and the following prices for said items are substituted in lieu thereof:

Item	When sold in quanti- ties of—	Selling unit	F. o. b. yard, store or plant
Flue lining 834" x 834"	Any	Per footdodo	\$0.416
Flue lining 834" x 13"	Any		.60
Flue lining 13" x 13"	Any		.826

All other provisions of said original Order No. 6 and/or any amendments thereto which are not specifically amended hereby shall remain in full force and effect.

Issued and effective this 9th day of September 1946.

J. G. CALLAWAY, District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 3 TO ORDER NO. 6 UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

In compliance with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and pursuant to the provisions of Amendment 23 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206, authorizing an industrywide increase of maximum prices in connection with the building industry, Amendment No. 3 to Order No. 6 under General Order No. 68 is issued to provide for the authorized increase for flue linings.

This amendment authorizes an increase of the price of flue linings for retailers in order to pass through the industry-wide increase granted to manufacturers under Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206.

This amendment was made only after consultation with representative retail sellers of the materials affected, and in the opinion of the District Director, the amendment is necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and it does effectuate those purposes. The District Director is of the further opinion that the amendment is generally fair and equitable to the buyers and sellers allke.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17760; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[Kansas City Order 7 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 4]

Building Materials in Northern Missouri

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68; It is hereby ordered: That, Order No. 7 under General Order No. 68 be and it is hereby amended in the following respects.

The prices heretofore established for the following named items in Appendix A of said original Order No. 7, including any and all amendments thereto, are hereby deleted and the following prices for said items are substituted in lieu thereof:

Item	When sold in quantities of—	Selling unit	F.o.b. yard, store, plant or deliv- ered in free de- livery zone
Flue lining 8½" x 8½" -	Any	Linear footdodo	\$0.476
Flue lining 8½" x 13"	Any		.656
Flue lining 13" x 13"	Any		.849

All other provisions of said original Order No. 7 and/or any amendments thereto which are not specifically amended hereby shall remain in full force and effect.

Issued and effective this 9th day of September 1946.

J. G. CALLAWAY, District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 4 TO ORDER NO. 7 UNDER GENERAL NO. 68

In compliance with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and pursuant to the provisions of Amendment 23 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206, authorizing an industry-wide increase of maximum prices in connection with the building industry. Amendment No. 4 to Order No. 7 under General Order No. 68 is issued to provide for the authorized increase for flue linings.

This amendment authorizes an increase of the price of flue linings for retailers in order to pass through the industry-wide increase granted to manufacturers under Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206.

This amendment was made only after consultation with representative retail sellers of the materials affected, and in the opinion of the District Director, the amendment is necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as Amended, and it does effectuate those purposes. The District Director is of the further opinion that the amendment is generally fair and equitable to the buyers and sellers alike.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17761; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[Miami Rev. Order G-8 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 1]

HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN MIAMI, FLA., DISTRICT

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith. Revised Order No. G-8 under General Order 68 is amended in the following respects:

1. Table 1 of Revised Order G-8 is amended by changing the maximum prices for the items set forth below to read as follows:

Item	Quantity	Price	
Gypsum hard wall plaster	100-lb. bag	\$1. 44	
Finishing plaster	100-lb. bag	2. 69	

A new footnote is added at the end of Table 1 of Revised Order G-8 to read as follows:

When standard cement brick are sold f. o. b. seller's yard deduct \$2 per thousand.

This amendment shall become effective September 10, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of September 1946.

BERNARD C. GOODWIN,

District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 1 TO REVISED ORDERS NUMBERED G-3, G-4, G-5, G-6, G-7, G-8, G-9 AND G-16 UNDER GENERAL ORDER 68

The amendments accompanying this opinion are issued to reflect the increased ceiling prices for Gypsum Hard Wall Plaster and Finishing Plaster permitted under Amendment 61 to Order 1 under MPR 592.

In addition, these amendments correct various typographical errors appearing in the several orders.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17766; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

[Kansas City Order 10 Under Gen. Order 68]
BUILDING MATERIALS IN KANSAS CITY, Mo.,
DISTRICT

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68, it is hereby ordered:

SECTION 1. What this order does. This order establishes maximum prices for all retail sales of certain building materials specifically described in Appendix A of this order when such sales are made in Benton, Cass, Henry, Johnson, LaFayette and Saline Counties, Missouri.

SEC. 2. Definition. 1. The term "Retail Sales" as used in this order means any sale of the building materials covered by this order to ultimate consumers or to a contractor who will resell the same on an installed basis.

SEC. 3. Maximum prices. Maximum prices for commodities subject to this order are those set forth in Appendix A hereof, which is specifically made a part of this order, subject to the terms and conditions of sale and other limitations set forth therein.

SEC. 4. The relation of this order to other regulations. The maximum prices as fixed by this order supersede any maximum prices or price determining method previously established by any other regulation or order issued by the Office of Price Administration for the commodities covered by this order.

SEC. 5. Notice to purchasers. Each seller making sales subject to this order shall post a copy of Appendix A of this order plainly visible to all purchasers in each of his places of business located in the area covered by this order.

SEC. 6. Invoices and notification. Each seller making a sale subject to this order shall, if requested by any purchaser of commodities subject hereto, make available to such purchaser for inspection a copy of this order. Each seller covered by this order is required to furnish each purchaser an invoice at the time of sale, which must contain the following information:

- 1. Name and address of the purchaser.
- 2. A description of each commodity sold.
 3. The quantity of each commodity sold.
- 4. The price charged for each commodity sold.

5. The type of sale, whether f. o. b. railroad car, f. o. b. seller's yard or store or delivered.

- If delivery is made, the amount of any delivery charges shall be separately stated on the invoice.
- 7. A statement of cash discounts allowed for prompt payment.
- 8. A separate statement of any amount added for the extension of credit.

Each seller is required to keep a duplicate of such invoice in his place of business, and make it available for inspection by the Office of Price Administration during regular business hours.

SEC. 7. Addition of increase in supplier's prices prohibited. The maximum prices set out by this order may not be increased by a dealer to reflect increases in purchase costs or in supplier's maximum prices occurring after the effective date hereof; but increases in the maximum prices established hereby to reflect such increases are within the discretion of the District Director.

SEC. 8. What this order prohibits. Regardless of any obligation, contract or other agreement no person shall: 1. Sell, or in the course of trade or business, buy building materials at higher prices than the maximum prices fixed by this order; but less than the maximum prices may at any time be charged, paid or offered.

Obtain higher than maximum prices by (i) Making a charge for delivery when no delivery is made.

(ii) Making a charge higher than this order authorizes for the extension of credit.

(iii) Failure to give the discounts required by this order for prompt payment.

(iv) Using any tying agreement or requiring that the buyer purchase anything in addition to the building materials requested by him; or

(v) Using any other device by which a higher than maximum price is obtained directly or indirectly.

SEC. 9. Enforcement. 1. Persons violating any provision of this order are subject to civil and criminal penalties, including suits for treble damages provided for by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

2. Persons who have any evidence of any violation of this order are urged to communicate with the Kansas City District Office of the Office of Price Administration.

Sec. 10. Building materials not covered by this order. There are building materials sold and delivered in the area covered by this order which are not included in, and for which prices are not established in this order. The maximum prices for such building materials, when sold by any person covered by this order, shall continue to be determined under the applicable Maximum Price Regulation. Sellers who are in doubt as to the regulation applicable to such building materials should consult the Kansas City District Office of the Office of Price Administration.

This order may be amended or revoked at any time by the Office of Price Administration.

This order shall become effective on September 26, 1946.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E. O. 9250, 7 F. R. 7871; and E. O. 9238, 8 F. R. 4681)

Issued at Kansas City, Missouri, this 16th day of September, 1946.

J. G. CALLAWAY, District Director.

APPENDIX A—MAXIMUM PRICES FOR RETAIL SALES OF CERTAIN BUILDING MATERIALS WHEN SOLD IN BEN-TON, CASS, HENRY, JOHNSON, LAFAYETTE AND SAL-INE COUNTIES, MISSOURI.

[Maximum prices in dollars per selling unit]

in an indian proces in donars per sening during		
Item	Selling Unit	FOR Yard, Store, Plant or Del'd in Free Zone
Portland cement, standard gray (paper bag).	94-pound bag	\$0.75
Portland cement, standard	do	. 95
gray (cloth bag).		00.70
25¢ refund is to be made	The same of the sa	I U
for the return of each	The state of the s	HIERO,
cloth bag in serviceable	All Company of Control	
condition.	AND THE REAL PROPERTY.	2000
White Portland cement	do	2.65
Keene cement	do	2.50 3.50
Lump lime	180-pound barrel 50-pound bag	.71
Hydrated lime		. 24
Finish lime (wooden barrel)		3, 50
Finish lime		. 85
Hard wall plaster	100-pound bag	1.10
Gauging plaster	do	1.45
Mondding plactor	da	1. 50
Wood fiber plaster	do	1.20
Wood fiber plaster Flue lining, 8½ x 8½" Flue lining, 8½ x 13" Flue lining, 13 x 13" Vitrified clay sewer pipe, 4"	Linear foot	.40
Flue lining, 8½ x 13"	OD	. 57 . 72
Flue lining, 13 x 13"	do	22
Vitrified clay sewer pipe, 4"	do	: 31
Vitrified clay sewer pipe, 6	do	479
Vitrified clay sewer pipe, 4". Vitrified clay sewer pipe, 6". Vitrified clay sewer pipe, 8". Vitrified clay sewer pipe. 8".	do	.62
10".		100
Vitrified clay sewer pipe,	do	. 80
190	Control of the Contro	Tibo
Clay drain tile, 4"	do	.08
Clay drain tile, 6"	do	, 11.
Clay drain tile, 4"	Per M	28. 50
mein mu, pamier un-	Square yard	. 33
mond mesh, not copper		1
bearing, 2.5 lb.	do	. 34
Metal lath, painted dia- mond mesh, copper bear-		* 673
ing, 2.5 lb.		
1115; 2.0 1U.		

[Maximum prices in dollars per selling unit]

The state of the s		-
Item	Selling Unit	FOB Yard, Store, Plant or Del'd in Free Zone
Metal lath, painted dia- mond mesh, not copper bearing, 3.4 lb.	Square yard	\$0.36
Metal iath, painted dia-	do	. 38
ing, 3.4 lb. Metal lath, 2.5-lb. galva- nized diamond mesh. Metal lath, 3.4-lb. galva-	do	. 366
Metal lath, 3.4-lb. galva- nized diamond mesh.	do	. 396
Corner hand emeath	Linear foot	. 053
Gypsum wall board 86"	M square feet	45, 00
Corner bead, shooth Corner bead, expanded Gypsum wall board, 36" Gypsum lath, 36"	do	33.00
Gypsum sneathing	.ldo	33.00 45.00 8.90
Siding, rigid as. shg., stand- ard white.	Per square	8, 90
Siding, rigid as, shg., stand-	do	8.90
ard gray. Asphalt roll brick siding, 105-lb.	Per roll	3, 83
Asphalt roll brick siding, 105-lb. soldier course.	do	3.88
Asphalt roll roofing, smooth surface first grade, 45 lb.	do	1.92
Asphalt roll roofing, smooth surface first grade, 55 lb.	do	2.41
Asphalt roll roofing, smooth	do	2.78
Asphalt roll roofing, smooth surface, 2nd grade, 45 lb. Asphalt roll roofing, min-	do	1.83
Asphalt roll roofing, min- eral surfaced, 90-lb.	do	2.87
Asphalt roll roofing, box and staggered edge, 105	do	3. 53
Asphalt shingles, hexagon.	Per square	4.88
167-lb. Asphalt shingles, thick-	do	6.17
butt, 210 lb. Asphalt and tarred pelts,	Per roll	2.87
432 sq. ft.—15 lb., 216 sq. ft.—30 lb.	Per roll.	* 00
Slater's felt, 30-lb., 500 sq.		1.80
Felts and paper, red rosin, 20-lb. Felts and paper, red rosin,	do	1. 25
30-1b.	do	1.72
Felts and paper, threaded felt, 250 sq. ft. Insulation, mineral wool,	40-pound bag	1. 37
loose. Insulation batts, 4", full	Square feet	1.35
Insulation, roll blanket, 1" Insulation, roll blanket, 2" Wall boards, Upson Wall boards, Atlas Hardboard, standard, 16" Hardboard, tempered, 16" Insulation board, 16"	do	.055
Wall boards, Upson	Per M feet	. 06 42. 50
Wall boards, Atlas.	do	27 00
Hardboard tempored 16"	do	81.00
Insulation board, 18"	do	57.80
Insulation, board, asphalt	do	81, 00 107, 50 57, 80 98, 15
Insulation, board, asphalt sheathing, 2552". Insulation, tile, 32", 16 x 32", 24 x 48".	do	63.75
24 x 48".	variable formation and the	
under 10 ft., 114" corru-	Per square	6, 90
gations.	DI LENGTH S	

 Terms of sale. Maximum prices hereinabove established are subject to the following cash discounts:

(a) For sellers who were in business during March, 1942, the same cash discount they had in effect during March, 1942, for each quantity and type of sale made.

(b) For sellers who were not in business during March, 1942, the cash discount which their most closely competitive seller who was in business during March, 1942, is required to make under the provisions of this order.

2. Additions for the extension of credit.

Additions for the extension of credit.
 The following additions for the maximum prices hereinabove established may be made for the extension of credit beyond 30 days.

(a) Sellers who were in business during March, 1942, are permitted to add to prices established hereinabove for the extension of credit beyond a period of 30 days the same additions that they had in effect during March, 1942, for the same type and quantity of sale. If no extra charges were made for the extension of credit during March, 1942, none may be added. (b) Sellers who were not in business during March, 1942, are permitted to make the same charge for the extension of credit which their most closely competitive seller is permitted to make under th provisions of this order.

3. The following charges may be made for delivery of all commodities subject to this order:

(a) For deliveries of orders of hard building materials for which the price exceeds ten dollars, if delivery within five miles of the seller's place of business, no delivery charge may be made.

(b) For deliveries for orders under ten dollars within this five mile zone, a charge of twenty-five cents per mile, one way, may be made.

(c) For all orders delivered over five miles, a charge of twenty cents per mile, one way, may be made.

4. State sales tax. Sellers may add to the prices listed in this Appendix A any sales taxes required to be collected by state laws. These taxes shall be separately stated in the dealer's invoice, sales slip or receipt.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 10 UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

Pursuant to the authority vested in the District Director of the Kansas City District Office by General Order No. 68 and Order of Delegation No. 126 issued by the Regional Administrator, Region V, the accompanying Order No. 10 has been issued establishing maximum prices for retail sales of certain specified building materials. The order establishes maximum prices for all retail sales of such building materials when made in Benton, Cass, Henry, Johnson, Lafayette and Saline Counties. Missouri.

Under the provisions of General Order No. 68 and Delegation of Authority No. 126 from the Regional Administrator of Region V, the District Director is authorized to issue and put into effect pricing orders for the building materials included in said Order No. 10 in accordance with the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and consistent with Executive Orders 9250 and 9328.

Section B of General Order No. 68 requires that the District Director in issuing such orders observe the following standards:

(1) Maximum prices shall be stated in dollars and cents terms unless this shall clearly appear to be impracticable or inappropriate.

(2) Maximum prices fixed by any such pricing order shall not exceed the general level of prices in the area.

In accordance with this authority, the District Director has issued Order No. 10 under General Order No. 68.

Prior to the issuance of this order the maximum prices for the sales of building materials covered thereby were established by the provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation and other maximum price regulations, which did not establish dollars and cents maximum prices but rather established seller's maximum prices as the highest prices which they charged during March of 1942 or a specified freeze date.

It has been determined that the freeze date technique of establishing maximum prices has in many instances made it difficult for both seller and buyer of building material items covered by Order No. 10 to determine whether the prices charged or paid are in compliance with

the applicable maximum price regulations.

It is the finding of the District Director that the issuance of Order No. 10 is in conformity with the present program of the Office of Price Administration to establish dollars and cents prices on building materials, and that a simplified pricing method easily understood and applied by both the buyer and the seller is urgently needed, and is accomplished by the issuance of Order No. 10.

The District Director has observed the above quoted standards set forth in General Order No. 68 in issuing Order No. 10. It sets forth specific dollars and cents prices which may be charged for building material items covered. It further establishes maximum prices which are in line with the level of prices which existed in the area covered by the order under the provisions of maximum price regulations applicable prior to the issuance of the order.

The level of prices as expressed in Order No. 10 was determined by a survey conducted by the Office of Price Administration of a representative group of sellers affected by the order. The prices set forth in the order reflect the level of prices reported to the O. P. A. by the

sellers who were surveyed. Preliminary to any action being taken by the Kansas City District Office in establishing maximum prices for building materials and before any surveys were made, an advisory group of sellers, who would be affected by said order, were consulted. From this advisory group advice was obtained as to the commodities which should be included in said order and other pertinent information. After the survey was accomplished and the results tabulated, a preliminary draft of the maximum prices proposed was submitted to a representative group of the sellers to be affected by the order. Consideration has been given to the recommendations and suggestions made by the industry groups with whom representatives of the District Office consulted prior

to issuance of this order.
Insofar as practicable the order recognizes and perpetuates business practices which have been in effect in the area covered by the order.

In order to effectuate the purposes herein expressed, sellers subject to Order No. 10 are required to keep certain records and give to their customers sales slips or invoices containing specified information, which requirements are set forth in Section VI of this Order.

It is, therefore, the finding of the District Director that Order No. 10 has been issued in conformity with provisions and requirements of standards set forth in General Order No. 68, and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 as amended and is consistent with Executive Orders 9250 and 9328.

This order will not compel changes in established business practices except such as in the judgment of the District Director are necessary to prevent evasion of this order.

For the foregoing reasons, the District Director has issued the accompanying Order No. 10.

[F. R. Doc. 48-17763; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]

[Region VII Rev. Order G-24 Under RMPR 251]

Plumbing Services, Materials and Equipment in Montana

Revised Order No. G-24 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251. Construction services and sales of installed building materials. Docket No. 7-251-9-14 Rev. Maximum prices for plumbing services and sales of installed plumbing materials and equipment in the State of Montana.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region VII of the Office of Price Administration by sections 9 and 20 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251; it is ordered:

Section 1. What this order does. (a) This order fixes maximum prices for plumbing services and sales of installed plumbing materials and equipment and certain other permitted charges by any person, hereinafter called the seller, to any person, hereinafter called the purchaser, in connection with a residential building at a fixed site in the State of Montana.

(b) Definitions. As used in this order,

(1) "Plumbing" means water, steam, gas, and oil distribution and waste removal systems in a residential building at a fixed site.

(2) "Plumbing services" means the services required to install, alter, repair, maintain or remove plumbing materials or equipment in or from a residential building at a fixed site but not including the cleaning of cesspools, grease traps, and septic tanks which services are covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 165.

(3) "Sales of installed plumbing materials and equipment" means a transaction in which the seller furnishes plumbing materials and equipment, together with the services required to incorporate such materials or equipment in a residential building at a fixed site.

(4) "Residential building" means any building or part thereof used entirely or principally for living or dwelling purposes (including houses, apartments, hotels, and all other properties used for living or dwelling purposes), and all other buildings or structures in connection therewith or adjacent thereto at the same site, such as garages, barns, milk houses, sheds, granaries, and other out-buildings.

(5) "Maximum labor charge" means the amount charged for labor of a specified type or class for plumbing services, made either at a flat rate per hour so as to include a margin for administrative and over-head costs and profit, or as a percentage of the seller's labor cost, which resulting maximum labor charge is also deemed to include a margin for administrative and over-head costs and profit

(6) "Labor cost" means the seller's actual labor cost based on the wage rates in effect on October 3, 1942 for the same class of laborers, or the seller's actual labor cost based on the wage rates which have been subsequently approved by a Federal wage or stabilization agency. Additional payments for Federal old-age benefits, unemployment compensation taxes, workmen's compensation and public liability insurance shall be regarded as being part of such labor cost.

(7) "Master plumber" means any skilled person who, as owner or supervisor, renders plumbing services or who is licensed as such if any applicable state law or municipal ordinance so requires.

(8) "Journeyman plumbers" means any skilled person who renders plumbing services or who is licensed as such if any applicable state law or municipal ordinance so requires.

(9) "Apprentice plumber" means any person, other than a master plumber or a journeyman plumber, who pursuant to an apprenticeship agreement, is engaged in learning the plumbing trade and who as his principal occupation renders plumbing services; and

(10) "Helper", or "common laborer" means any person other than a master plumber, journeyman plumber or apprentice plumber who renders plumbing services.

SEC. 2. Geographical applicability. This Revised Order No. G-24 applies only to the State of Montana, which for the purposes of this order is divided into two areas as follows:

Area 1. Comprises the following named counties: Beaverhead, Big Horn, Carter, Carbon, Custer, Daniels, Dawson, Fallon, Gallatin, Garfield, Golden Valley, McCone, Madison, Musselshell, Park, Petroleum, Phillips, Powder River, Prairie, Richland, Roosevelt, Rosebud, Sheridan, Stillwater, Sweet Grass, Treasure, Valley, Wheatland, and Wibaux.

Area II. Comprises the following named counties: Blaine, Broadwater, Cascade, Chouteau, Deer Lodge, Fergus, Flathead, Glacier, Granite, Hill, Jefferson, Judith Basin, Lake, Lewis and Clark, Liberty, Lincoln, Meagher, Mineral, Missoula, Pondera, Powell, Ravalli, Sanders, Silver Bow, Teton, Toole, and Yellowstone.

SEC. 4. Maximum prices of plumbing services and sales of installed plumbing materials and equipment and other permitted charges. The maximum prices for plumbing services covered by this order shall be a maximum labor charge based on the hourly wage rates as set forth in subsection I of this section, and the maximum prices for sales of installed plumbing materials and equipment covered by this order shall be the sum of the plumbing services involved and the maximum prices of the plumbing materials and equipment and certain other permitted charges as set forth in subsection II of this section.

I. Maximum labor charges for plumbing services. (1) The maximum labor charges per hour straight time for plumbing services covered by this order, performed by master plumbers, journeyman plumbers, apprentice plumbers, helpers, common laborers, and others for the amount of labor cost (wages paid) shown in Column A shall be the rates shown in Column B for Area I, and Column C for Area II. (The counties comprising these areas are set forth in Section 2.)

MAXIMUM LABOR CHARGES PER HOUR STRAIGHT TIME

Column A Labor cost per hour	Column B (area I) Maximum labor charge per hour straight time	Column C (area II) Maximum labor charge per hour straight time
\$1.00 or less \$1.01 to \$1.04 \$1.05 to \$1.09 \$1.10 to \$1.14 \$1.15 to \$1.19 \$1.20 to \$1.24 \$1.25 to \$1.29 \$1.30 to \$1.34 \$1.35 to \$1.39 \$1.35 to \$1.35 \$1.40 to \$1.44 \$1.45 to \$1.49 \$1.50 to \$1.64 \$1.55 to \$1.59 \$1.60 to \$1.64 \$1.65 to \$1.69 \$1.70 to \$1.74 \$1.85 to \$1.99 \$1.85 to \$1.99 \$1.85 to \$1.99 \$2.00 to \$2.04 \$2.05 to \$2.09 \$2.20 to \$2.04 \$2.25 to \$2.29 \$2.35 to \$2.34 \$2.35 to \$2.34 \$2.35 to \$2.34 \$2.35 to \$2.34 \$2.35 to \$2.34 \$2.35 to \$2.34 \$2.35 to \$2.34	(1) \$1.55 1.60 1.70 1.75 1.85 1.90 2.00 2.05 2.15 2.20 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.2	\$1. 65 1. 70 1. 80 1. 90 2. 10 2. 20 2. 25 2. 25 2. 25 2. 45 2. 50 2. 70 2. 70 2. 70 3. 05 3. 15 3. 35 3. 40 3. 45 3. 65 3. 70 3. 80 3. 80 3. 80
\$2.40 to \$2.44 \$2.45 to \$2.50 \$2.51 or over	3. 65 3. 70	3, 85 3, 95

1 150% of actual labor cost. 1 160% of actual labor cost.

(2) Measurement of hours. The number of hours which may be charged against any plumbing job consuming one day or less shall be counted from the time the workman leaves the seller's shop or the previous plumbing job (whichever time is later) until he completes the job or proceeds to another job or until he returns to the seller's shop if he proceeds there directly. Whenever any job extends into more than one day, the time in transit to or from the job may be charged only once per day. The hours for which charges are made shall not exceed those shown in the records which the seller is required to keep under section 9 of this order.

(3) Overtime. a. Except as set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, (i) When work is performed at the purchaser's request between the hours of 8 a. m. and 5 p. m. on Saturdays which are not legal holidays, the maximum labor charge per hour for work during such hours may not be in excess of 150% of the straight time rate authorized in this order.

order.

(ii) When work is performed at the purchaser's request on Sundays, legal holidays designated by the laws of the State, and emergency night calls, the maximum labor charge may not be in excess of 200% of the straight time rate authorized by this order.

b. When work is performed at the purchaser's request in the cities of Helena, Missoula and Billings on legal holidays and at any time other than between the hours of 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. on Monday through Friday inclusive, the maximum labor charge may not be in excess of 200% of the straight time rate authorized by this order.

c. When work is performed at the purchaser's request in the city of Butte on legal holidays or at any time other than between the hours of 9 A. M. and noon and 1 P. M. and 4 P. M. on Monday through Friday inclusive, the maximum labor charge may not be in excess of 200% of the straight time rate authorized by this order.

II. Maximum prices of plumbing materials and equipment and other per-mitted charges. (1) The maximum prices which may be charged by any seller of plumbing materials and equipment. which for the purposes of this order also include all items known as plumbing fixtures and specialties, shall not be in excess of the seller's cost plus the percentage herein specified. (The seller's cost of materials and equipment shall be deemed to be the wholesale net price lawfully charged the plumbing trade for limited quantities of such materials and equipment by established wholesale plumbing supply firms nearest his place of business, based on their published price lists, together with the actual transportation charges paid therefor by the seller but not in excess of the common carrier rate from the nearest point of supply. If the materials and equipment being sold are marked by a manufacturer's label containing the approved OPA retail ceiling price for sales of the commodity by a seller, a seller of such materials and equipment under this order may charge the price marked on the label in lieu of the stated percentage markup herein specified but in no event may the seller charge more than the price marked on the label.

PERCENTAGE MARKUPS ON SALES OF INSTALLED PLUMPING MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

	Plumbing jobs of \$350 or less 1	Plumbing jobs of more than \$350 and not over \$750
(a) Plumbing equipment and fixtures including all items such as bath tubs, lavidories, water closets, kitchen and wash sinks, laundry tubs and other such items excepting water heating equipment, including hot water tanks, electric, gas, and oil burning automatic, semi-automatic or manually operated water heaters (e) Plumbing materials and specialties including all items used in repairing or installing plumbing equipment or fixtures or water heating equipment or such as pipe, pipe fittings, valves, hangers, lead and similar materials and specialties.	Percent 40	Percent 333/5

1 On plumbing jobs of \$350 or less, whenever the unit cost of any plumbing materials or specialties (including pipe nipples in lengths of 12 inches or less) is not more than \$1.00, a markup of not to exceed 100% may be made but this permitted markup shall not apply to pipe made of copper, steel, brass, lead, wrought iron or cast iron, clay or asbestos cement, or to cast iron soil pipe or soil pipe fittings.

(2) Sub-contracted work. Where work such as drain laying, excavating, pipe covering, sheet metal ducts, and similar work is sub-contracted by a seller under this order, the seller may charge the purchaser the cost of such sub-contracted work plus a markup of not more than 10% but the charge to the purchaser may not exceed the price which the seller may lawfully charge if he had done the work himself.

(3) Power driven and other special plumbing equipment. If, during March, 1942, the seller made an extra charge for the use of power driven and other special plumbing equipment, but not including the motor vehicle in which the equipment is transported, the maximum prices per hour for such use upon and after the effective date of this order shall not be in excess of the highest price per hour he charged therefor or other maximum charges during March, 1942. If the seller acquired such power driven and other special plumbing equipment after March, 1942 but prior to the effective date of this order and thereafter established maximum prices per hour or other maximum charges for such uses under the applicable maximum price regulation, he may continue to charge such established prices. In either case, the seller must have records available to substantiate the charging of such prices and such prices must be filed with the District Office of the Office of Price Administration pursuant to Section 10 of this order. If a seller commences the use of power driven and other special plumbing equipment after the effective date of this order he shall establish his maximum hourly prices therefor or other maximum charges under the applicable maximum price regulation and file such prices with the District Office within 10 days.

(4) Out of town travel expenses. A seller who furnishes men on an out of town plumbing job covered by this order shall be reimbursed to the extent of the amount he shall have to pay for travel expense at not to exceed 5¢ per mile for travel beyond the city limits and subsistence where the job necessitates the men being away from their homes. This item shall be explained to the purchaser prior to commencing the job and shall be invoiced separately. Travel expenses and subsistence may not be collected unless the seller actually pays the employee therefor.

(5) Transportation. If a seller uses his truck to transport materials, equipment, and men to and from a job beyond the city limits he may charge not more than 8¢ per mile to and from the job for such travel and similarly if other means of transportation are used.

(6) Charges for permits. Whenever a seller subject to this order is required to pay a permit fee to a municipal or other authority with respect to services or installations under this order he may make an additional charge to the purchaser in an amount not more than the actual fee paid to the municipal or other authority.

SEC. 5. Maximum prices of plumbing services and sales of installed plumbing materials and equipment in excess of \$750.00. The maximum prices of plumbing services and sales of installed plumbing materials and equipment for plumbing jobs in excess of \$750.00 shall be calculated under section 7 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251.

SEC. 6. Guaranteed price. A seller may offer to sell a plumbing job covered by this order on the basis of a guaranteed price but such guaranteed price shall not be higher than the maximum price figured in accordance with the pricing

methods and requirements of this order: Provided, however, That if the guarananteed price is offered with respect to a plumbing job of \$350.00 or less then the guaranteed price shall not be more than 10% higher than the maximum price figured in accordance with the pricing methods and requirements of this order.

SEC. 7. Related and incidental construction work. If on any plumbing job any installed building materials are furnished or any construction services are performed by the seller for which maximum prices are not fixed by this order, such materials and services shall be separately priced and billed on all invoices and sales slips. The maximum prices for such related and incidental work shall be determined under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251 or as fixed by any applicable area pricing order issued by the Regional Administrator of Region VII.

SEC. 8. Notification—(a) Furnishing of statements. Each seller making a sale covered by this order shall, upon completion of the work, furnish to the purchaser a statement and keep a copy thereof at his principal place of business showing the following:

(1) The names and addresses of the seller and purchaser.

(2) The location of the job.

(3) The date the job was completed.
(4) A description of the work performed and the total charged for the job, including plumbing services and sales of installed plumbing materials and equipment and other permitted charges, and a separate statement

permitted charges, and a separate statement of the related and incidental construction work performed as provided in section 7 of this order.

(b) Furnishing of further statements upon request. If requested by the purchaser, the seller shall furnish the purchaser an itemized statement showing the information contained in subparagraphs (1), (2), and (3) of paragraph (a) of this section, together with an itemized statement showing the total labor charges for plumbing services for each type or class of labor performed and the hourly rates charged therefor, together with an itemized statement of the installed plumbing materials and equipment, and other permitted charges, and the quantities and prices of each, and a separate itemized statement of any related and incidental construction work performed, as provided in section 7 of this order. A copy of any such statements so furnished shall be kept by the seller at his principal place of business.

(c) Order available for inspection. Each seller making a sale covered by this order, if requested by the purchaser shall make available to the purchaser a copy of this order and a copy of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251. Copies for this purpose may be obtained from the office of the Regional Administrator or from the District Office of the Office of Price Administration.

SEC. 9. Records. Each seller must keep and retain at his principal place of business so long as the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, remains in effect, records concerning each sale covered by this order showing the following:

(1) The name and address of the purchaser.

(2) The location of the job.

(3) A copy of any and all contracts pertaining to each sale.

The time the job was commenced and

completed.

(5) A description of the plumbing services and installed plumbing materials and equipment involved, and other permitted charges, and the quantities and prices of each.

(6) The hours worked and labor charges

by types and classes of labor.

(7) A separate itemized statement of any related and incidental construction work and the prices charged for such work.

SEC. 10. Filing and reporting of maximum prices. (a) Each seller subject to this order shall within 30 days after the effective date of this order, or within 10 days after any increase in labor cost is put into effect, or in the case of new sellers within 10 days after first entering business, file with the Helena District Office of the Office of Price Administration the following information:

(1) The "maximum labor charge" as that term is defined in section 1 (b) (5) of this order in terms of the straight time hourly rate to be charged the purchaser for plumbing services covered by this order for each class of workmen em-

ployed by him.

(2) The "labor cost" as that term is defined in section 1 (b) (6) of this order in terms of the straight time hourly rate applicable to each class of workmen em-

ployed by the seller.

(3) A statement that the prices charged by the seller for the sale of installed plumbing materials and equipment and the other permitted charges covered by this order will not exceed the maximum percentage markups and other charges permitted by section 4 of this order, and a statement that the maximum charge to the purchaser for plumbing services sub-contracted by the seller will not exceed the maximum price which the seller may lawfully charge under this order if he had rendered the services directly.

(4) A description and list of all power driven and other special plumbing equipment and the maximum hourly charges therefor which were in effect in March 1942 or which were thereafter established pursuant to the applicable

maximum price regulation.

(5) The hourly rate charged by a selfemployed plumber as of the effective date of this order pursuant to section 4 I (5) of this order or in the case of a new selfemployed plumber the proposed hourly rate to be charged but not in excess of the maximum charge which would be permissible to be charged for the services of a journeyman plumber in the local area where the services are performed or are to be performed.

(b) Whenever a new seller files the information required by this section, the District Director may by order approve, disapprove or revise any maximum prices proposed so as to make it in line with the level of maximum prices established by this order. If the District Director fails to act within 20 days after the date of filing, the proposed prices shall be deemed to be in effect.

(c) If a seller subject to Order No. G-24, Plumbing Services and Sales of Installed Plumbing Materials and Equipment in the State of Montana issued December 20, 1945 and effective December 31, 1945, has complied with the provisions of section 10 (1) and (2) of the order and the same maximum labor charges and labor costs except for slight variances in the table given in section 4 II (1), of this order, are in effect as of the effective date of this Revised Order No. G-24, it shall be unnecessary for the seller to re-file or report under the provisions of this section. Each seller shall, however, comply with the provisions of this section with respect to its other filing and reporting provisions and also if there have been any changes in his maximum labor charges and labor costs not heretofore filed and reported to the Helena Office.

SEC. 11. Prohibitions against sales at higher than maximum prices. On and after the effective date of this order, regardless of any contract or other obligation, no person shall sell or offer to sell plumbing services or plumbing materials and equipment on an installed basis, or both, covered by this order at higher prices than the maximum prices established by this order: Provided, That plumbing services performed or installations made not more than 30 days after the effective date of this order on bona fide contracts executed prior to the effective date of this order shall not be considered to be violations of this order.

SEC. 12. Evasions. (a) Any practice, scheme or device which results in a higher price to the purchaser of plumbing services or installed plumbing materials and equipment than is permitted by this order shall be deemed a violation of this order and subjects the seller to all the civil liabilities and the criminal penalties provided by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 as amended and extended.

(b) No seller shall as a part of the consideration or as a condition of a sale of any of the plumbing services or installed plumbing materials and equipment covered by this order, secretly or otherwise receive, either directly or indirectly any side payment, commission, fee, consideration or other thing of value whatsoever nor shall the seller, either directly or indirectly acquire or receive in addition to the maximum prices established by this order the benefit of any services, transportation agreements, tying agreements or other valuable thing, materials or property.

(c) No seller shall eliminate or reduce in any form or manner any maintenance or repair service customarily offered or performed as a part of plumbing services or installed plumbing materials and equipment nor shall the seller lower the quality of the materials and equipment below that called for by the specifications

or agreement.

(d) No seller shall by any of the foregoing plans, schemes or devices, or by any other plan, scheme or device, receive or acquire or attempt to receive or acquire anything of value, service, valuable right, property or property right, money or other consideration whatsoever in addition to the maximum prices established in this order for the sale of any

plumbing services or installed plumbing materials and equipment.

SEC. 13. Less than maximum prices. Prices lower than the maximum prices for sales covered by this order may, of course, be charged and paid.

SEC. 14. Licensing. The provisions of Licensing Order No. 1, licensing all persons who make sales under price control. are applicable to all sellers subject to this order. A seller's license may be suspended for violation of the license or of one or more applicable price schedules or regulations. A person whose license is suspended may not, during the period of suspension, make any sale for which his license has been suspended.

SEC. 15. Revocation of Order No. G-24. Order No. G-24, Plumbing Services and Sales of Installed Plumbing Materials and Equipment in the State of Montana, issued December 20, 1945, and effective December 31, 1945, is hereby revoked.

SEC. 16. Revocation or amendment. This order may be revoked, modified or amended at any time by the Price Administrator or the Regional Administra-

This Revised Order No. G-24 shall become effective September 16, 1946.

Issued this 16th day of September 1946.

ARTHUR S. BRODHEAD, Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING REVISED OR-DER NO. G-24 UNDER SECTION 9 OF REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 251

Under section 9 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251, authority is given to Regional Administrators of the Office of Price Administration to issue and put into effect pricing orders establishing maximum prices for particular kinds, types or classifications of construction services or sales of installed building materials, or both, applicable to a particular community or a defined area.

In issuing such regional orders, Regional Administrators are required to state maximum prices in dollars-andcents terms unless this shall clearly appear to be impracticable or inappropriate and the maximum prices fixed by any such pricing order may not exceed the general level of prices in the area.

In addition to these special requirements, such orders must, of course, meet the standards prescribed by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended; that is, they must be generally fair and equitable and must not change customary business practices unless a finding is made that such change is nec-

essary to prevent evasion.

A survey of the operations of representative firms engaged in rendering plumbing services and in making sales of installed plumbing materials and equipment in Montana was made, and representative members of the plumbing trade have been consulted. The order when drafted was presented for discussion with a trade co-operating group which was, in the opinion of the Regional Administrator, truly representative of a cross section of both the services and the area covered by the proposed order.

Thereafter, on December 20, 1945, Order No. G-24 establishing maximum prices for plumbing services and sales of installed plumbing materials and equipment in the State of Montana, was issued and made effective on December 31, 1945.

It became evident, after the order had been in operation for about four months. that certain of its provisions needed clarification and modification. Members of the plumbing trade made representations to the effect that the labor cost-maximum labor charge formula was inflexible in that no provisions were made for taking into account increases in labor costs, and furthermore that the maximum prices of plumbing materials and equipment and other permitted charges were not fair and equitable and were resulting in widespread losses for most of the sellers. Dissatisfaction was also expressed with regard to the limitation of the order to plumbing jobs of \$250.00 or less on all types of repair and maintenance jobs and new construction. Additional suggestions were made for improvement of the order. Further surveys and studies were made, consultations were held with representative members of the trade, and thereafter a proposed revision of the order was made and submitted to an enlarged trade co-operative group. It was decided that this revised order should be

This revised order establishes maximum prices of plumbing services and sales of installed plumbing materials and equipment in connection with residential buildings in the State of Montana. These prices supersede any prices previously established under the original order or under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251, except as otherwise provided in the accompanying order. The revised order is issued to simplify and facilitate determination of maximum prices by sellers of plumbing services and installed plumbing materials and equipment.

Basically, the order provides that maximum prices for a particular plumbing job shall be determined by adding together a charge for labor and a charge for materials and equipment used.

Maximum labor charges are to be determined on the basis of hourly labor rates. These rates are established as the seller's labor cost; that is, the wage rates in effect on October 3, 1942, or wage rates which have been subsequently approved by a Federal wage or stabilization agency, including payments for Federal Old-Age benefits, etc., as stated in the definition of "labor cost." The total permissible charge for labor as shown in the table "Maximum Labor Charges per Hour Straight Time" is to be calculated by multiplying the particular hourly labor rate involved by the number of hours worked in each category. Due allowance in this regard is to be made for overtime rate at time and one-half and for work performed on Sundays, legal holidays, and in response to emergency night calls, at double time with special provisions for the Cities of Helena, Missoula, Billings, and Butte where different practices prevail, and for time consumed in going to and from jobs. For small jobs, minimum charges are provided.

Maximum prices for plumbing materials and equipment may not be in excess of the percentage markups of the seller's cost for each category and for plumbing jobs of different amounts as shown in the table "Percentage Markups on Sales of Installed Plumbing Materials and Equipment." The seller's cost of materials and equipment is the wholesale net price lawfully charged the plumbing trade for limited quantities of such materials and equipment by established wholesale plumbing supply firms nearest his place of business, based on their published price lists, together with the actual transportation charges paid therefor by the seller but not in excess of the common carrier rate from the nearest point of supply. If the materials and equipment being sold are marked by a manufacturer's label containing the approved OPA retail ceiling price for sales of the commodity by a seller, a seller of such materials and equipment under the order may charge the price marked on the label in lieu of the stated percentage markup but in no event may the seller charge more than the price marked on such label. Subcontracted work is subject to a markup of not more than 10%. Certain other charges are permitted as indicated.

It was not practicable or appropriate to fix maximum prices of plumbing materials and equipment on a dollars-and-cents basis because of the vast number and variety of such items; therefore, the above formula was adopted for that purpose.

In making plumbing installations or in performing plumbing services it may be necessary to perform related or incidental work for which the revised order does not establish prices. Therefore. the revised order provides that the maximum prices of such work shall be determined under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251 or as may be determined under other area pricing orders. It has been deemed advisable, therefore, to provide that any such related and incidental work be priced separately as otherwise it would be possible for the prices fixed by the revised order to be evaded by the device of increasing the price of the related and incidental work. The revised order provides for a complete breakdown, if requested, of the price of such related and incidental work as well as that of the plumbing services and installed plumbing materials and equipment. The revised order provides a cut-off at the \$750.00 level. Plumbing jobs of more than that amount are covered by Section 7 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 251.

In accordance with the previous industry practice, it has been provided that sellers may offer guaranteed prices to their customers but with the proviso that such guaranteed prices must not be higher than the maximum prices figured in accordance with the requirements of this revised order, but a tolerance of 10% is allowed for jobs of \$350.00 or less.

Provisions relating to prohibitions, notifications, records and evasions are included. There is also a provision for filing and reporting maximum prices by all sellers.

The Regional Administrator, therefore, finds that the prices fixed by the accompanying revised order do not exceed the general level of prices in the area covered by this revised order; that all provisions of the revised order and their effect upon business practices, cost prices, and methods in the industry affected have been carefully considered and is of the opinion that no provisions have been included in the revised order which may have the effect of requiring a change in such practices or methods, except to the extent that such change is necessary to prevent circumvention or evasion of the revised order or of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251, or of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942. The Regional Administrator is of the further opinion and so finds that the revised order will effectuate the purposes of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251, pursuant to which the revised order is issued and the purpose of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. the Stabilization Act of 1942, * as amended and Executive Orders Nos. 9250, 9328, 9599, and 9697, and that the prices established by the order are generally fair and equitable.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17774; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:56 a. m.]

[Region VIII Order G-22 Under RMPR 251, Amdt. 4]

SERVICES AND SALES IN SAN FRANCISCO REGION

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith.

Order No. G-22 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251 is amended in the following respect:

Appendix A, Table 2, subparagraph (e) (1) (i) is amended to read as follows:

(e) (1) (i) Maximum hourly rate for labor

	Maxi- mum hourly rate	Percent of wage rate
For sellers with one or more employees, per workman: Journeymen. Apprentices, helpers, laborers.	\$3.00	Percent 1667\$ 140

NOTE: Use whichever is lower.

This order shall be effective upon issuance.

Issued this 17th day of September 1946.

BEN C. DUNIWAY, Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 4 TO ORDER NO. G-22 UNDER RE-VISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 251

Since the date of compilation of the original data upon which Table 2 of Appendix A of Order No. G-22 was based, there have been two wage increases permitted by the Wage Adjustment Board for journeymen plumbers in the Southern California district. The first of these

wage increases was an increase from \$1.75 per hour to \$1.875 per hour. This was reflected in Amendment No. 3 to Order No. G-22 by increasing the maximum rate for journeymen plumbers in Table 2 of Appendix A, from \$2.75 per hour to \$2.90 per hour. The second of these wage increases, Wage Adjustment Board Case No. 52–14138, increased wages from \$1.875 per hour to \$2.00 per hour. This has been compensated for in this amendment, by increasing the maximum rate of journeymen plumbers in Table 2 of Appendix A from \$2.90 per hour to \$3.00 per hour. It will be seen, therefore, that the Wage Adjustment Board has permitted an increase of 25¢ per hour in the wages of journeymen plumbers in Southern California. Correspondingly, Table 2 of Appendix A to Order No. G-22, has been amended to increase, by a like amount, the maximum rate of journeymen plumbers.

In view of the foregoing, the Regional Administrator is of the opinion that this amendment is proper and consistent with the purposes and standards of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and with the Executive Orders' supplementary thereto.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17773; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:55 a. m.]

[Miami Rev. Order G-7 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 1]

HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN MIAMI, FLA., DISTRICT

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith. Revised Order No. G-7 under General Order 68 is amended in the following respects:

1. Table 1 of Revised Order G-7 is amended by changing the maximum prices for the items set forth below to read as follows:

Item	Quantity	Price
Gypsum hard wall plaster	100-lb, bag	\$1.44
Finishing plaster	100-lb, bag	2.19
Standard cement brick	1,000	19.00

A new footnote is added at the end of Table 1 of Revised Order G-7 to read as follows:

When standard cement brick are sold f. o. b. seller's yard deduct \$2 per thousand.

The amendment shall become effective September 10, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of September 1946.

BERNARD C. GOODWIN,
District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 1 TO REVISED ORDERS NUMBERED G-3, G-4, G-5, G-6, G-7, G-8, G-9 AND G-16 UNDER GENERAL ORDER 68

The amendments accompanying this opinion are issued to reflect the increased ceiling prices for Gypsum Hard Wall Plaster and Finishing Plaster permitted under Amendment 61 to Order 1 under MPR 592.

In addition, these amendments correct various typographical errors appearing in the several orders.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17765; Filed, Oct. 2, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]